MEMORANDUM IN OPPOSITION TO DESIGNATION OF 649 PALMARITO COURT

To:	City of Coral Gables Historic Preservation Board
From:	Edmund J. Zaharewicz and Cecilia M. Danger, Coral Gables residents and owners of 649 Palmarito Court
Date:	December 10, 2020
Re:	649 Palmarito Court Lots 18 and 19, Block 139, Coral Gables Country Club Section Part Six
CC:	City of Coral Gables Historic Preservation Officer City of Coral Gables City Clerk

We are the owners of the property located at 649 Palmarito Court (the "Property") and write in opposition to any proposed designation of the Property.

This matter is before the Historic Preservation Board (the "Board") as a result of our submission to the City of Coral Gables (the "City") of plans to demolish the existing building located at the Property in order to build a new house at the same location. Our understanding is that the Board intends to consider the Property for designation at the Board's December 16, 2020 meeting.

For the reasons stated below, the Property meets none of the criteria for designation set forth in City Zoning Code Section 3-1103 (all section references are to the City's Zoning Code, unless otherwise noted).

Accordingly, we respectfully request the Board to find that the Property is <u>not</u> eligible for designation.

SECTION I. BACKGROUND

We are the owners of the Property, which we own in fee simple and subject to no deed restrictions or covenants. We have owned the Property for 13 years.

The house has 3 bedrooms, 2 and 1/2 bathrooms, a living room, kitchen, dining room, a converted porch as a sunroom, and an attached garage. It includes 1835 sq. ft. of interior space (excluding the garage). The house sits on a 10,500 sq ft corner lot at the intersection of Palmarito Court and Palmarito Street.

We searched for a house to live in the City for much of 2007. One of our lasting impressions from that search was the number of older houses in the City that have various odd

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 2 of 9

and ad hoc additions that lacked any unifying integrity with the original house or the overall property.

After a lengthy search for a house in the City, in late 2007 we purchased the Property in a state of neglect, as the best available option. We spent a considerable amount of money and one year's time just to make the house livable.

We have 3 children, a girl and twin boys. Our daughter was born in 2008 and our boys in 2009. After living in the house a short while, we quickly realized that it was designed for a bygone era, with small, cramped bathrooms, tiny closets, and butler kitchen, none of which is conducive to modern living or adaptation to modern living standards. Among other things:

- The master bathroom is a mere 4 ft wide, hardly enough space for today's average person to comfortably use.
- A third of the already minimal closet space is consumed by the air conditioner and ductwork.
- The antiquated placement of the dining room and the kitchen away from the living spaces limits the utility of those spaces to their basic functions, rendering those portions of the house little-used and unattractive to today's homebuyers.

We believe the Property's present shortcomings were likely significant factors in the Property's apparent lack of upkeep at the time we purchased the Property. As a result of these shortcomings, in 2009 we drew up plans, approved by the City Board of Architects, for an addition to the house. See Exhibit A (elevations and floor and site plans).

We abandoned those plans after receiving estimates from builders. The cost of building over the existing wings of the house was exorbitant. We considered alternative designs but decided against them because they meant sacrificing the unobstructed spaciousness of the backyard, which is the real charm of the Property. In short, it would cost as much to renovate as it would be to build a new house and the alternatives would rob the Property of its essential charm. Given this, and the inherent compromises of renovating -- such as long, dark, bisecting hallways and truncated and darkened rooms -- it was easy to see that renovating was neither economic nor desirable.

We later searched for another house but ultimately decided to build a new house on the land we owned in a manner that both met our family's needs and conserved the Property's charm in a style befitting the community's architectural heritage. After many years of planning, in May 2020, we submitted plans for a new house. The plans have been approved by zoning and the Board of Architects with minor revisions and no variations from the existing zoning code. See Exhibit B (elevations and floor and site plans).

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 3 of 9

Zoning advised that we needed to obtain a "letter of historic significance" for a total demolition. We applied for the letter on August 27, 2020. On October 2, 2020, we received a letter from the Historic Preservation Officer (the "HPO") advising that the Property had been scheduled for historical significance review by the Board at its October 21, 2020 meeting.

At the October 21 meeting, the HPO stated she thought the Property was "potentially historically significant," but did not identify the particular criteria she thought were met. The Board directed the HPO to prepare a designation report.

By letter dated October 26, 2020, the HPO advised that the Board would conduct a public hearing at its regular meeting scheduled for December 16, 2020, for consideration of local historic designation.

SECTION II. THE PROPERTY MEETS NONE OF THE CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATION

Every determination to designate or not to designate must be made in light of the purposes of historic preservation. As relevant here, the purpose of designation is "to promote the educational, cultural, and economic welfare of the public by preserving and protecting historic structures or sites, portions of structures, groups of structures, manmade or natural landscape elements, works of art, or integrated combinations thereof, which serve as visible reminders of the history and cultural heritage of the City, region, state or nation." Section 3-1101. "Districts, sites, buildings, structures and objects of national, state and local importance are of historic significance" only if "they possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, or association." Section 3-1103. "In order to qualify for designation as a local historic landmark or local historic landmark district, individual properties must have significant character, interest or value as part of the historical, cultural, archaeological, aesthetic, or architectural heritage of the City, state or nation." Moreover, the eligibility of any potential local historic landmark or local historic landmark district must be based on meeting one or more of the criteria set forth in Section 3-1103.

The Property meets none of the criteria for designation for the following reasons:

1. In 13 years of owning the Property, we have never once considered the Property to be of hististoc significance. By all appearances, the Property is an ordinary house reflecting a mix of architectural influences. There are hundreds if not thousands of such houses in the City. Until these proceedings, no person has ever approached us claiming or suggesting otherwise.

2. To our knowledge, no book, article or news report has ever been written or broadcast claiming or suggesting that the Property meets any of the eligibility criteria.

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 4 of 9

3. For the nearly 50 years since the City's adoption of the historic preservation ordinance, the City has done nothing, to our knowledge, to identify the Property with any historical, cultural or architectural significance or any other eligibility criteria. Thus, for the past 50 years, it seems fair to say that the Property has existed in relative obscurity as a fine but nevertheless ordinary house.

4. Even after researching the Property's eligibility for designation, it is abundantly clear that the Property meets none of the eligibility criteria. To begin, the Property is clearly not indicative of what the City is best known for, George Merrick's Mediterrean revival vision of the City Beautiful.

5. Second, "local historic landmarks" are supposed to "serve as visible reminders of the history and cultural heritage of the City, region, state or nation." Section 3-1101. The Property is no such thing. The Property is located at the intersection of two of the least travelled and least prominent streets in all of Coral Gables: Palmarito Court and the northernmost end of Palmarito St. The front facade of the Property is quite literally not visible from any distance except the front sidewalk. Unless you live on these streets, there is practically no reason for anyone to be even a passing observer of the Property. See Exhibit C (Google Maps aerial view of Property location). The reality is that no one is going to associate our Property with the City unless you happen to live next to it. Thus, the Property's location alone is sufficient to disqualify the Property from any consideration of historic significance.

6. The Property does not embody "those distinguishing characteristics of an architectural style, or period, or method of construction." Section 3-1103.B.2. The house reflects elements of two architectural styles, Colonial Revival and Neoclassical, but embodies the "distinguishing characteristics" of neither style.

7. The distinguishing characteristics of Colonial Revival are:

Accentuated front door, normally with decorative crown (pediment) supported by pilasters, or extended forward and supported by slender columns to form entry porch; doors commonly have overhead fanlights or sidelights; facade normally shows symmetrically balanced windows and center door (less commonly with door off center); windows with double-hung sashes, usually with multi-pane glazing in one or both sashes; windows frequently in adjacent pairs.

McAlester, Virginia, "A Field Guide to American Houses," Alfred A. Knopf, 2013, p. 409.

8. The distinguishing characteristics of Neoclassical are:

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 5 of 9

Facade dominated by full-height porch with roof supported by classical columns; columns typically have lonic or Corinthian capitals; facade show symmetrically balanced windows and center door.

ld., p. 435.

9. The Property lacks two of the distinguishing characteristics of the Colonial Revival style: an "accentuated front door" and "windows with double-hung sashes". The Property also lacks "classical columns", the key distinguishing characteristic of the Neoclassical style. Colonial Revival and Neoclassical were, moreover, both dominant styles for domestic building throughout the country during the first half of the 20th century. Id., pp. 414 and 438. However, because the Property lacks the distinguishing characteristics of either style, it also lacks the distinguishing characteristics of the architectural period over which those styles were dominant.

10. The Property is also not "an outstanding work of a prominent designer or builder." Section 3-1103.B.3. Whether William Shanklin, Jr., the designer of the Property, is a "prominent designer" is not clear. A google search of the City's webpages, for example, reveals no substantive mention of Mr. Shanklin or his works. As to his designated works, most were designated as contributing properties (e.g., 2200 Alhambra Circle, 1125 Alhambra Circle, 633 Alhambra Circle, 1300 Coral Way, 4412 Santa Maria Avenue, 418 Alcazar Street, and 819 N. Greenway Drive), rather than on their individual merits.

11. Mr. Shanklin's designated works include 2320 Segovia Circle, 8021 Old Cutler Road, 3603 Granada Blvd, and 3615 Harlano Street. None of the designation reports claimed Mr. Shanklin was a "prominent designer," although the report for 3615 Harlano Street claimed he was a "predominant designer."

12. Even if we assume Mr. Shanklin was a prominent designer, the Property does not rise to the level of an "outstanding work". The Property also does not contain "elements of design, detail, materials or craftsmanship of outstanding quality or which represent a significant innovation or adaptation to the South Florida environment." Section 3-1103.B.4.

13. The house's principal design element, its curved portico, for example, borrows from a common variant of Neoclassical design. See McAlester, p. 437. It is so common, in fact, that this design element is repeated cookie-cutter-like in nearby houses located at 620 Palmarito Court (built 1936), 3701 Segovia Street (built 1940), 2828 Segovia Street (built 1956), and 3801 Toledo Street (built 1959). See Exhibit D (Google Maps street views of these properties).

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 6 of 9

14. Not only does this uninspired repetition of a design element belie any claim of historic significance, it also suggests a design motivated principally by profit over architectural aesthetic. This design element was used, in effect, as an off-the-shelf architectural embellishment to "spruce up" an otherwise ordinary design.

15. Notably, the portico of 620 Palmarito Ct was added after the house's construction, which only further belies the significance of this design element. See Exhibit E (FIU Coral Gables Collection 1949 photo showing 620 Palmarito Ct before the addition of the portico).

16. The Property is also unremarkable in its details, materials and craftsmanship. For example, the columns are slender and unadorned. The stained glass sidelights and fanlight are not original to the house. The house's original porch and the original balustrades, which once adorned the side wings and were used as an integrating element with the porch, no longer exist. See Exhibit F (FIU Coral Gables Collection 1949 photo of the Property). The house's symmetry is unremarkable, being no more than what any competent designer would consider in a Colonial Revival / Neoclassical inspired design. The design's side wings also show no distinction in themselves. The attached car garage is likewise unremarkable, as attached car garages began appearing as a design element two decades before the Property's construction. See, e.g., Pape, Glenn, "How attached garages changed traditional neighborhoods," available at:

https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/how_attached_garages_changed_traditional_neighborhoods#: ~:text=The%20first%20attached%20garages%20began,have%20an%20additional%20benefit% 2D%20storage.

17. In addition, the Property's design is mismatched for the size lot on which it resides. The Property pretends to be something it is not, a grand estate, but lacks the requisite grandness of scale embodied, for example, in such properties as 3600 Granada Blvd and 3502 Alhambra Circle. See Exhibit G (Google Maps street view of these properties).

18. The interior of the Property also belies the suggested grandness of the design, measuring a mere 1835 sq ft, with undersized closets and bathrooms. The master bathroom is a mere four feet wide, barely wide enough to fit an average sized person.

19. Notwithstanding being located on a corner lot, the Property's west elevation is uninspiring, displaying a plain garage door while the portico's slender columns barely make a statement. See Exhibit H (photos of west view of Property).

20. The Property's other elevations equally show no architectural or aesthetic distinction. See Exhibit I (photo of northeastern view of the Property).

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 7 of 9

21. The criteria in Section 3-1103.A.4 require that the Property exemplify "the historical, cultural, political, economic, or social trends of the community." The Property also does not meet these criteria, for among the other reasons set forth here, because it cannot be said that the Property exemplifies such trends any more than any of the numerous other similar properties within the City.

22. For the same reason, the Property does not "[p]ortray[] the environment in an era of history characterized by one (1) or more distinctive architectural styles." Section 3-1103.B.1. Moreover, it is simply not possible for a single modest residential property, and in particular our Property, to exemplify "trends of the community" or to "portray the environment in an era of history characterized by one [] or more distinctive architectural styles." You cannot have a "trend" unless you have more than one of something. Likewise, you cannot portray an "environment" in an era of history characterized by one or more distinctive architectural styles with a single example of such a style. These criteria are obviously intended for the designation of such things as a historic district, not the designation of a single modest residential property.

23. The issue before the Board is whether the Property itself is of historic significance. The issue is not whether the Property is or should be a contributing property within a historic district.

24. Indeed, our Property does not reside within a designated historic district, nor should it. The Property is surrounded by properties influenced by a mix of architectural styles, evidencing ad hoc development with no predominant style or design or plan of development. For example, the properties immediately surrounding the Property include:

- A former guest house built in 1926, which now stands abandoned surrounded by construction fencing (638 Escobar Avenue).
- A modest, minimally kept Spanish revival built in 1926 (650 Escobar Avenue).
- A Spanish revival built in 1926 and 1996 (3602 Palmarito Street).
- A modern Federal style inspired house built in 1967 (3608 Palmarito Street).
- A modest Spanish revival built in 1925 and 1998 (3612 Palmarito Street).
- A one-story Neoclassical inspired ranch style house built in 1940 (3618 Palmarito Street).
- A ranch style house built in 1970 (3620 Palmarito Street).
- A faux Spanish revival built in 1986 (3636 Palmarito Street).
- An Art Moderne built in 1938 and 2016 (650 Palmarito Court).
- A one-story Neoclassical inspired ranch style house built in 1940 and 1987 (637 Palmarito Court).
- A ranch style house built in 1946 and 1981 (621 Palmarito Court).

As can be seen, there was development in the City's early boom years (1925 and 1926), in the late Great Depression / New Deal years (1938 and 1940), in the early post war years (1946),

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 8 of 9

and in the late post war years (1967, 1970 and 1986). In addition, these properties show ad hoc additions being built in 1981, 1986, 1996, 1998 and 2016. In short, this small sample shows a pattern of ad hoc development starting from the City's beginning and spanning through recent times. This kind of development does not show any kind of trend of historic significance, nor does it portray an environment of historic significance.

25. Moreover, development activity near our Property also shows that properties comparable to our Property are not of historic significance. For example, in recent years, the City has issued "letters of historic significance" allowing for the demolition of no fewer than five houses within an area of two blocks of our Property, including some designed by "notable" designers: 740 Escobar Avenue (designed by William H. Merriam), 730 Escobar Avenue (designed by Curtis E. Haley), 731 Escobar Avenue (designed by Leroy K. Albert), 637 Aledo Avenue (designed by William Martin), and 3510 Segovia Street (designed by Howard B. Knight).

26. Three of the properties were located on corner lots, like our Property: 740 Escobar Avenue, 730 Escobar Avenue, and 637 Aledo Avenue. In each of these cases, the owner received a letter of historic significance with words to the effect that "after careful research and study of our records and the information you presented" the City found that the property in question did not meet the minimum eligibility criteria for designation. See, e.g., Exhibit J (letter of February 28, 2011 historic significance for 730 Escobar Avenue).

27. A request for the City's records of these determinations found no records of any research or analysis on the part of the City or of the information presented by the owners. These summary determinations of no historic significance strongly support that the same determination should be made by the City with respect to our Property.

28. The property formerly located at 730 Escobar Avenue, in particular, was substantially similar to our Property. It was a small (albeit one-story), symmetrical, Colonial Revival / Neoclassical inspired design with attached garage and porch as side wings, located on a corner lot and designed by "notable" designer Curtis E. Haley. See Exhibit K (photos of property before demolition and Miami-Dade property information).

29. Resting charmingly on its wooded 21,600 sq. ft. corner lot, this property was evocative of the City's early post war years. Yet, the City issued a letter of historic significance for its total demolition without a hearing or record of any analysis of its historic significance. Given the similarities between our Property and 730 Escobar Avenue, it becomes even more obvious that our Property meets none of the eligibility criteria.

30. Finally, designation of our Property, which is not of historic significance, would also not promote the "economic welfare of the public." Current market valuation for the five demolished and rebuilt properties discussed above clearly show that similar improvement of our Property with a valuation of \$780k can only help to improve property values in the areas: 740

Re 649 Palmarito Court December 10, 2020 Page 9 of 9

Escobar Avenue (\$2.86m, 5bd, 6.5ba), 730 Escobar Avenue (\$1.96m, 4bd, 3ba), 731 Escobar Avenue (\$2.67m, 5bd, 4ba), 637 Aledo Avenue (\$2.1m, 4bd, 4ba) and 3510 Segovia Street (\$1.9m, 4bd, 5ba). See Exhibit L (source: zillow.com and Miami-Dade property information on December 8, 2020). Moreover, we are aware of no evidence that the demolition of these "old" properties had any adverse effect on property values in the area. In fact, it appears the exact opposite was the case as noted above.

31. In sum, the Property simply does not rise to the level of historic significance. While the Property may appeal to some as a pleasing example of a Colonial Revival / Neoclassical inspired design, it is abundantly evident that the Property does not possess the "integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, or association" required for designation.

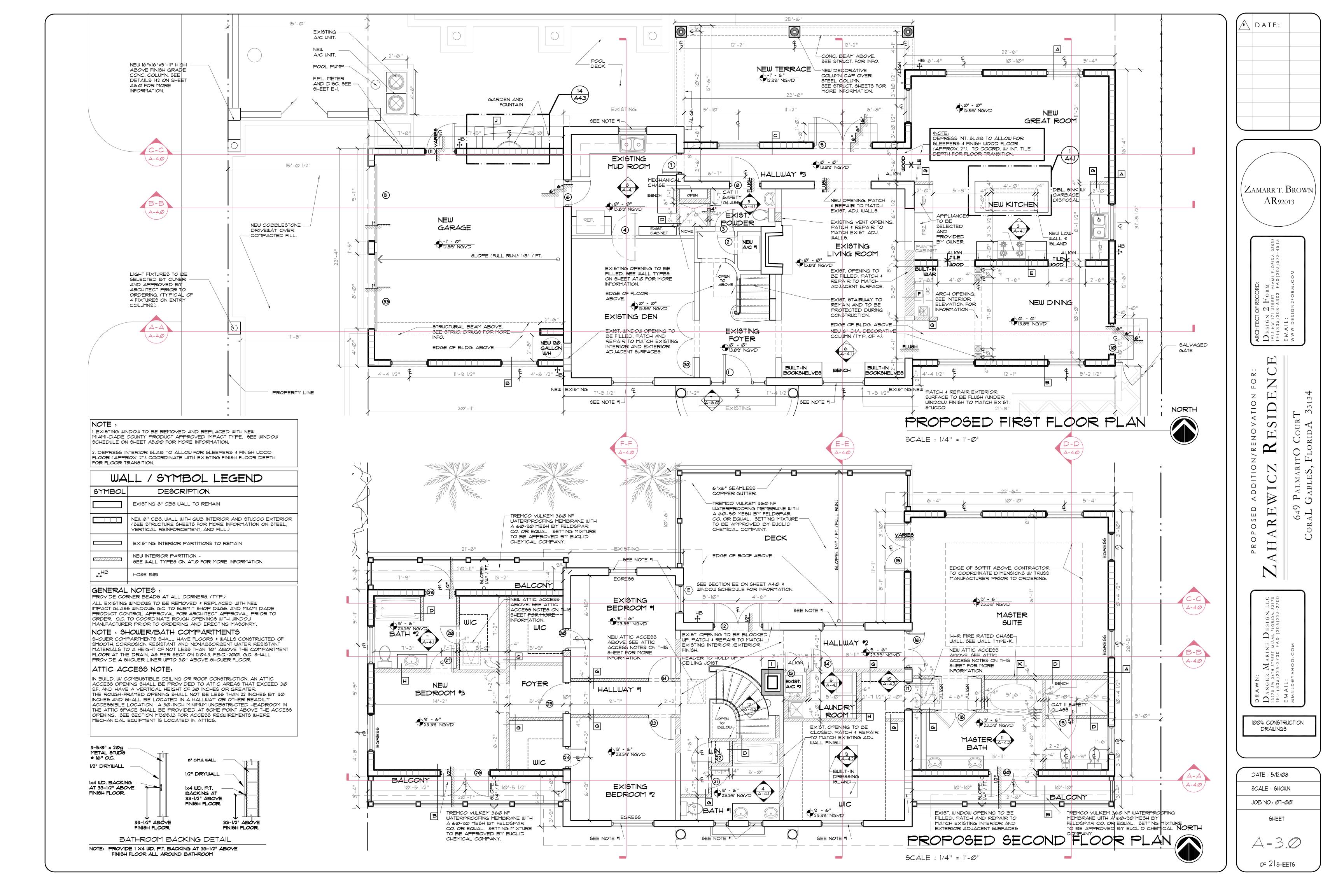
* * *

For the reasons stated above, we respectfully request the Board to find that the Property is **not** eligible for designation.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Edmund J. Zaharewicz /s/ Cecilia M. Danger EXHIBIT A





LEGAL DESCRIPTION
CORAL GABLES COUNTRY CLUB SEC 6 PB 20-1 LOTS 18 \$19 BLK 139 LOT SIZE
IRREGULAR OR 18362-2705 1198 COC 22507-0732 07 2004

IRREGULAR OR 1696	62-2 105 1158 1 COC 2250					
FLOOD LEGEND						
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ADDITION, REMODELING,	IF ANY ADDITIONAL REPAIR, OR COMBINATION THEREOF 19 ^ 15 DECLARED SUBSTANTIAL	DONE BEFORE THE ABC	ν⁄E			
AND THE FLOOR ELEVATI	ION IS NOT IN COMPLIANCE, TH NCE WITH CHAPTER 110 OF THE	HE STRUCTURE WILL BE	360			
MIAMI-DADE COUNTY CO	DE.					
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	= 5,115 SQ FT / 10,500	0 = <u>required</u>	49% 55%	PROPOSED		
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	TO COUNTY FLOOD CR					
ELEVATION NO LESS THAN THE HIGHEST APPROVED CROWN ELEVATION OF THE ROAD ABUTTING THE PROPERTY.						
DIRECT OVERLAND	AREA ADJACENT TO LAKE OR CANAL TO BE GRADED SO AS TO PREVENT DIRECT OVERLAND DISCHARGE OF STORMWATER INTO LAKE OR CANAL. LOT WILL BE GRADED SO AS TO PREVENT DIRECT OVERLAND DISCHARGE					
OF STORMWATER OI	NTO ADJACENT PROPER OR TO FINAL INSPECTIC	RTY. APPLICANT WIL				
ANY APPLICAB	ANY APPLICABLE RESOLUTION:					
NOTICE: IN ADDITIONAL RE	ON TO THE REQUIREMEN	NTS OF THIS PERMIT, I E TO THIS PROPER	THERE MAY			
BE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROPERTY THAT MAY BE FOUND IN THE PUBLIC RECORDS OF THIS COUNTY. SECTION 553.19 (10) FLORIDA STATUTES, EFFECTIVE 1/10/81.						
APPLICANT WILL COMPLY WITH ORDINANCE 80-90 (SECTION 13-13.1) OF THE METROPOLITAN DADE COUNTY CODE, PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.						
A SEPARATE PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL DRIVEWAY APPROACHES. CONTACT PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.						
IN HEIGHT WITHIN 10	CES, WALL AND HEDGES	ANY DRIVEWAY HEA	ADING TO A			
	E HEIGHT OF FENCES IS LIC SIDEWALK OF CROU		ROM GRADE =			
	48 HOURS ;	BEFORE DIGGING				
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	U.N.C.L.E. UNDE	ERGROUND UTILITI ATION CENTER				
Zoning Calculatio		City of Coral	Gables			
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Coverage No More than 35%						
(build. & structure)						

<u>GENERAL NOTES</u> ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE VERIFIED AT FIELD BY GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHOULD THERE BE ANY INCONSISTENCY WITH PLAN DIMENSIONS, ARCHITECT SHALL BE NOTIFIED (WRITTEN) FOR APPROVAL, BEFORE

PROCEEDING WITH WORK.

LIMITED TO ONE PLAN. DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICTATIONS ARE INSTRUMENTS OF SERVICE AND SHALL REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE ARCHITECT WHETHER THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THEY ARE MADE IS EXECUTED OR NOT. THEY ARE NOT TO BE USED BY THE OWNER ON OTHER PROJECTS OR EXTENSIONS TO THIS PROJECT, EXCEPT BY AGREEMENT IN WRITING AND WITH APPROPRIATE COMPENSATION TO THE ARCHITECT. THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED TO BE SUBMITTED TO GOVERNMENTAL BUILDING AUTHORITIES FOR REVISION TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES AND IT IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO BUILD ACCORDING TO THE DRAWINGS. IF CONTRACTOR AND/OR SUBCONTRACTOR FIND IT NECESSARY TO DEVIATE FROM THE ORIGINAL APPROVED PLANS, THEN IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S AND THE SUBCONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE THE ARCHITECT WITH FOUR COPIES OF THE PROPOSED CHANGES FOR ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.

IN ADDITION THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROCURING ALL NECESSARY APPROVALS FOR THE BUILDING AUTHORITIES FOR THE PROPOSED CHANGES, BEFORE PROCEEDING AUTHORITIES FOR THE PROPOSED CHANGES, DEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROCURING ALL NECESSARY INSPECTIONS AND APPROVALS FROM THE BUILDING AUTHORITIES DURING THE EXECUTION. CONTRACTOR TO VERITY ALL EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE AND COORDINATE WITH OWNER FOR NEW SERVICE REQUIREMENTS AND CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM ARCHITECT OF ANY

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN NECESSARY PERMITS, LICENSES, AND CERTIFICATIONS AND PAY ALL FEES.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS IN THE FIELD AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT OF ANY THAT DIFFER OR INTERFERE WITH THOSE SHOWN ON THIS PLAN BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH WORK. ALL DIMENSIONS SUPERSEDE SCALED DRAWINGS.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO GUARD AGAINST ANY AND ALL POSSIBLE HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS (EXPOSED HOT WIRING, ETC.) WHICH MIGHT OCCUR AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMMEDIATE CLEANING AND REMOVAL OF ALL DEBRIS UNTIL THE PREMISES ARE ACCEPTED IN A CLEAN, HABITABLE CONDITION.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO CHALK UP ALL PARTITIONS IN THE FIELD AND NOTIFY ARCHITECT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ALL NEW WALL INFILLS SHALL BE MADE TO MATCH THICKNESS AND MATERIALS OF ADJACENT CONSTRUCTION, INLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY ARCHITECT IF BASIC A/C DUCT SYSTEM INTERFERES WITH INSTALLATION OF LIGHT FIXTURES.

OUNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PERMIT UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS INSIDE THE CONSTRUCTION AREA.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL BARRIERS AND DROP TARPAULINS AS NECESSARY AND REQUIRED AROUND PERIMETER OF CONSTRUCTION LIMITS TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC. FINISHES MUST BE PROTECTED AND ANY FINISHES DAMAGES SHALL BE REPLACED BY CONTRACTOR IMMEDIATELY. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A DUMPSTER AT A SITE DETERMINED BY BUILDING MANAGEMENT FOR THE ENTIRE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.

POOL SAFETY BARRIER:

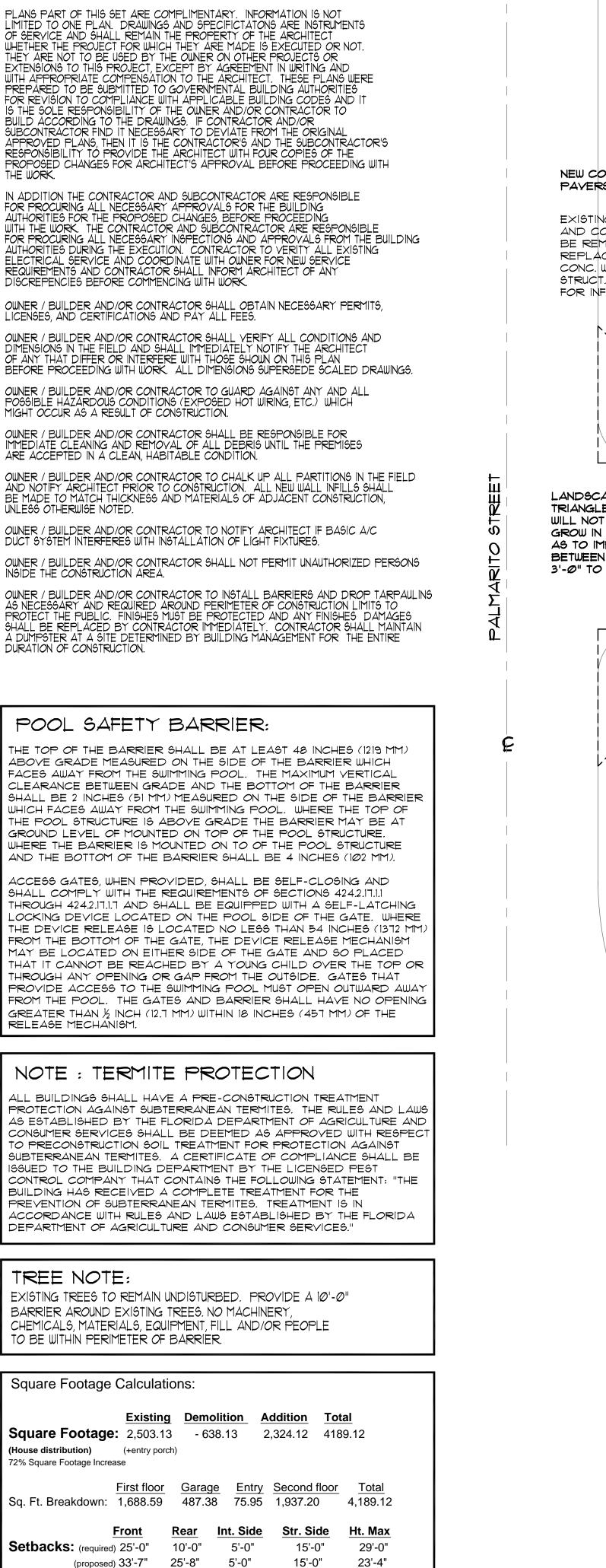
THE TOP OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE AT LEAST 48 INCHES (1219 MM) ABOVE GRADE MEASURED ON THE SIDE OF THE BARRIER WHICH FACES AWAY FROM THE SWIMMING POOL. THE MAXIMUM VERTICAL CLEARANCE BETWEEN GRADE AND THE BOTTOM OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE 2 INCHES (51 MM) MEASURED ON THE SIDE OF THE BARRIER UHICH FACES AWAY FROM THE SWIMMING POOL. WHERE THE TOP OF THE POOL STRUCTURE IS ABOVE GRADE THE BARRIER MAY BE AT GROUND LEVEL OF MOUNTED ON TOP OF THE POOL STRUCTURE. WHERE THE BARRIER IS MOUNTED ON TO OF THE POOL STRUCTURE AND THE BOTTOM OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE 4 INCHES (102 MM).

ACCESS GATES, WHEN PROVIDED, SHALL BE SELF-CLOSING AND SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTIONS 424.2.17.1.1 THROUGH 424.2.17.1.7 AND SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH A SELF-LATCHING LOCKING DEVICE LOCATED ON THE POOL SIDE OF THE GATE. WHERE THE DEVICE RELEASE IS LOCATED NO LESS THAN 54 INCHES (1372 MM) FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE GATE, THE DEVICE RELEASE MECHANISM MAY BE LOCATED ON EITHER SIDE OF THE GATE AND SO PLACED THAT IT CANNOT BE REACHED BY A YOUNG CHILD OVER THE TOP OR THROUGH ANY OPENING OR GAP FROM THE OUTSIDE. GATES THAT PROVIDE ACCESS TO THE SWIMMING POOL MUST OPEN OUTWARD AWAY FROM THE POOL. THE GATES AND BARRIER SHALL HAVE NO OPENING GREATER THAN ½ INCH (12.7 MM) WITHIN 18 INCHES (457 MM) OF THE RELEASE MECHANISM.

NOTE : TERMITE PROTECTION

ALL BUILDINGS SHALL HAVE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION TREATMENT PROTECTION AGAINST SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES. THE RULES AND LAWS AS ESTABLISHED BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES SHALL BE DEEMED AS APPROVED WITH RESPECT TO PRECONSTRUCTION SOIL TREATMENT FOR PROTECTION AGAINST SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES. A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE ISSUED TO THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT BY THE LICENSED PEST CONTROL COMPANY THAT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT: "THE BUILDING HAS RECEIVED A COMPLETE TREATMENT FOR THE PREVENTION OF SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES. TREATMENT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES AND LAWS ESTABLISHED BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES."

Zoning Calculations:	City of C	oral Gables		TREE NOTE:	
Year Built:				EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN UNDISTUR	
Lot Size:				BARRIER AROUND EXISTING TREES. N CHEMICALS, MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, F	
	Allowed	Proposed	Remain	TO BE WITHIN PERIMETER OF BARRIES	
Ground Area:10,500 SQ.FT.x35	% 3,675	2,561.50	1,113.5		
Coverage	,	,			
No More than 35%				Square Footage Calculations:	
(build. & structure)					
					olition
Including Pool:	4,725	4,693.5	31.5		38.13
No More than 45%				(House distribution) (+entry porch) 72% Square Footage Increase	
(including building, pool, hardscape)					
Floor Area Ratio:	4 300	4,189.12	110.88	First floor Garag	
(FAR)		4,103.12	110.00	Sq. Ft. Breakdown: 1,688.59 487.38	8 75
First 5,000 48% =2,400				Front Door	I
Second 5,000 35%=1,750				Front Rear	Int. S
Remaining $30\% = 150$				Setbacks: (required) 25'-0" 10'-0"	5'-(
Remaining 50% = 150				(proposed) 33'-7" 25'-8"	5'-0



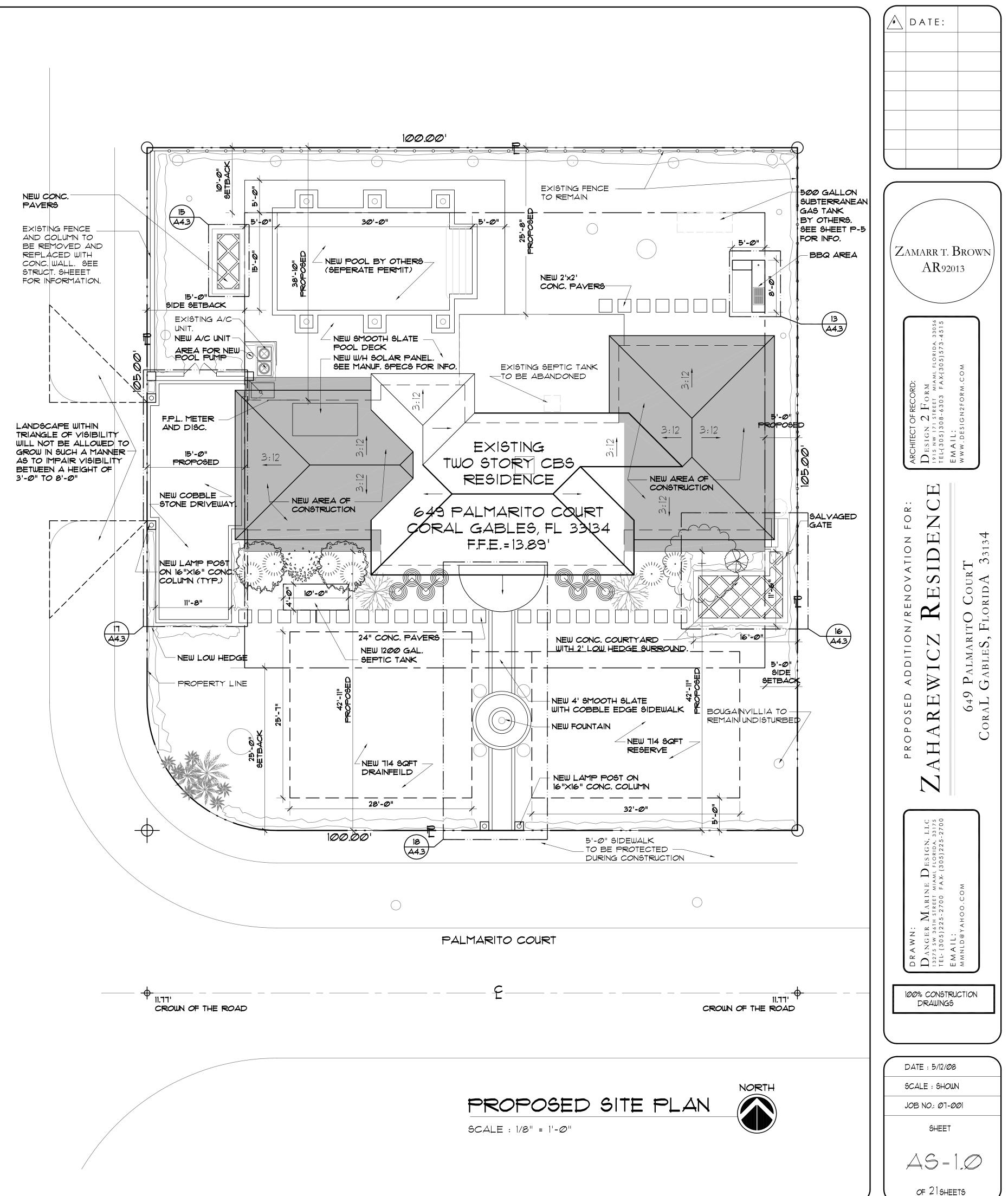
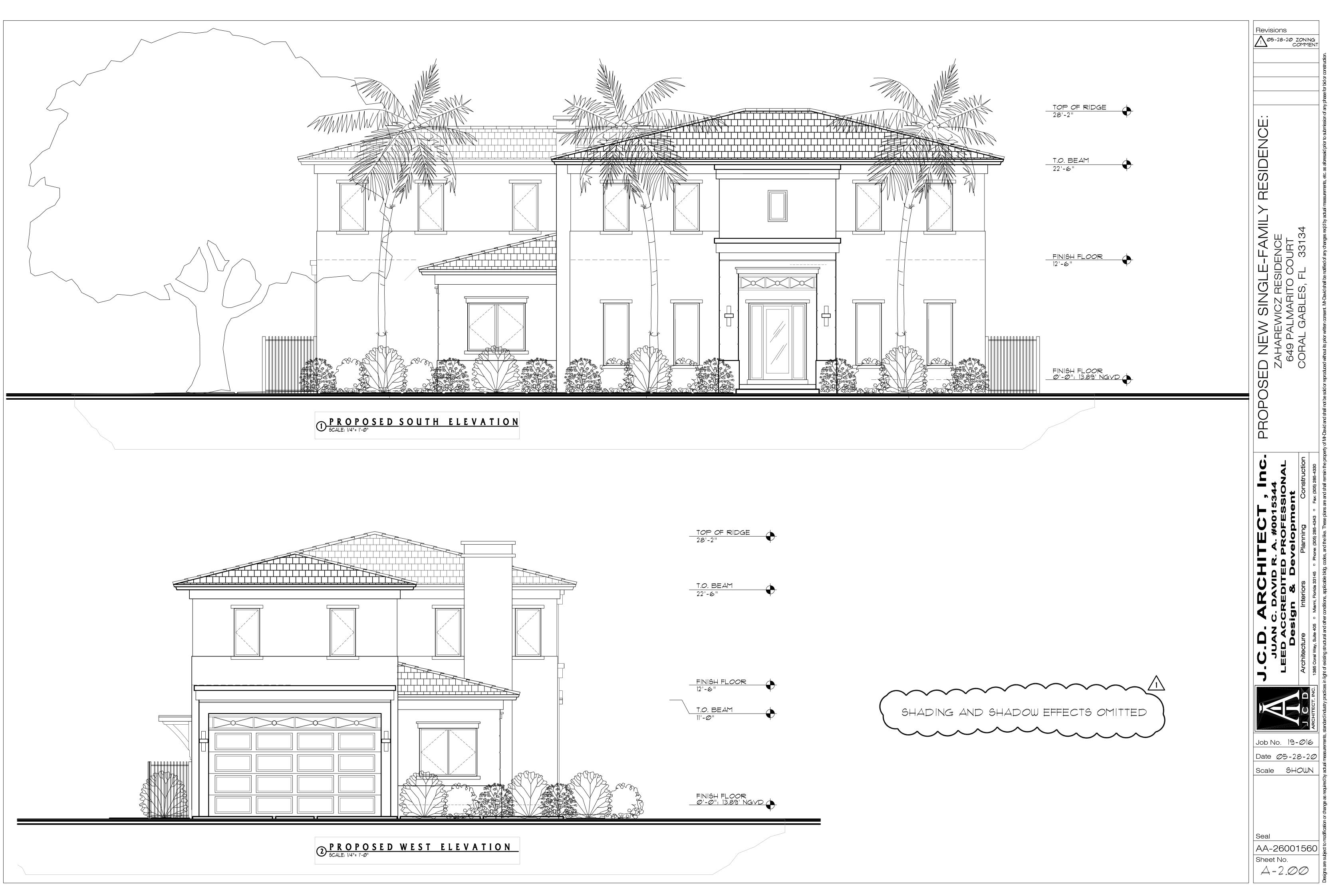
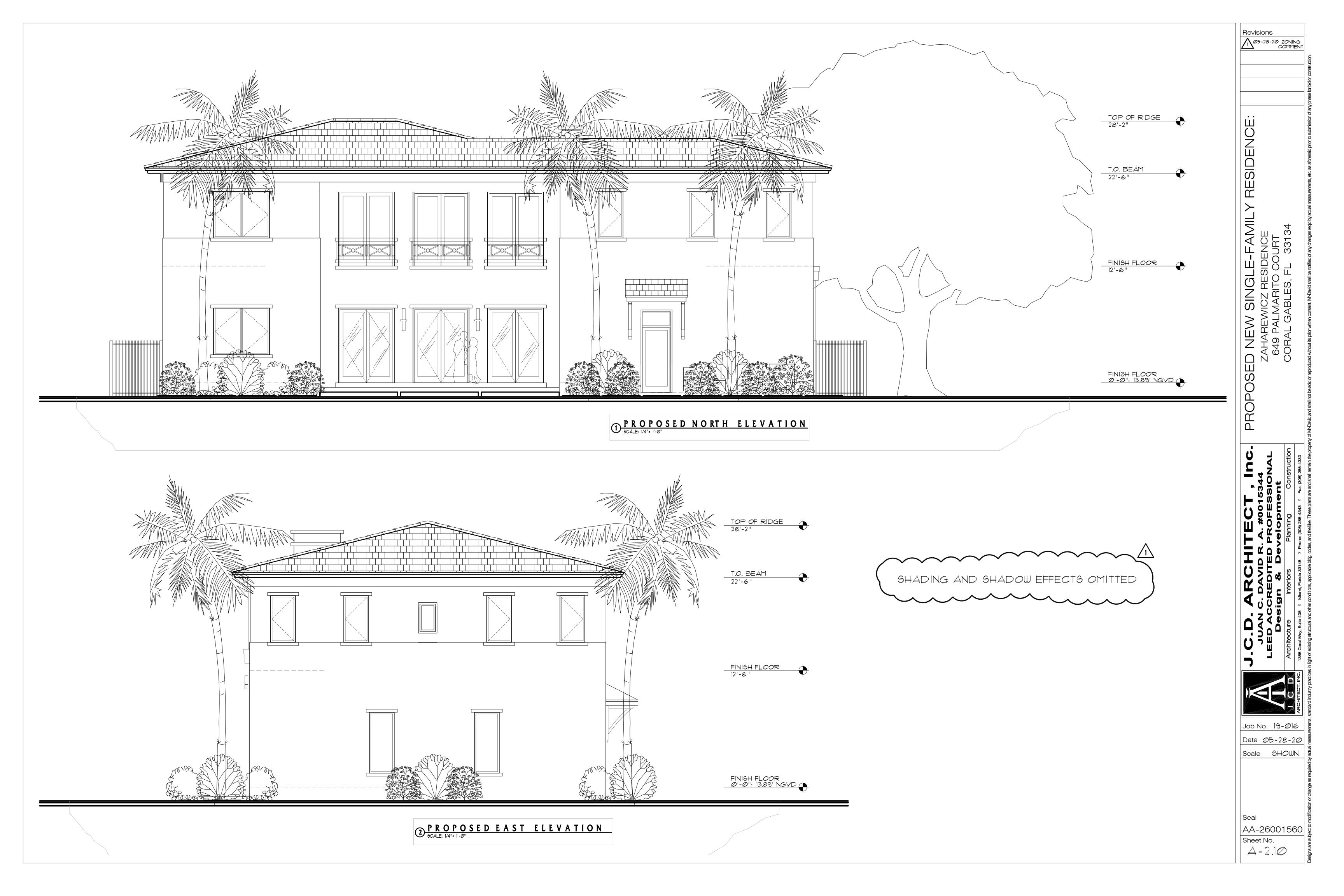
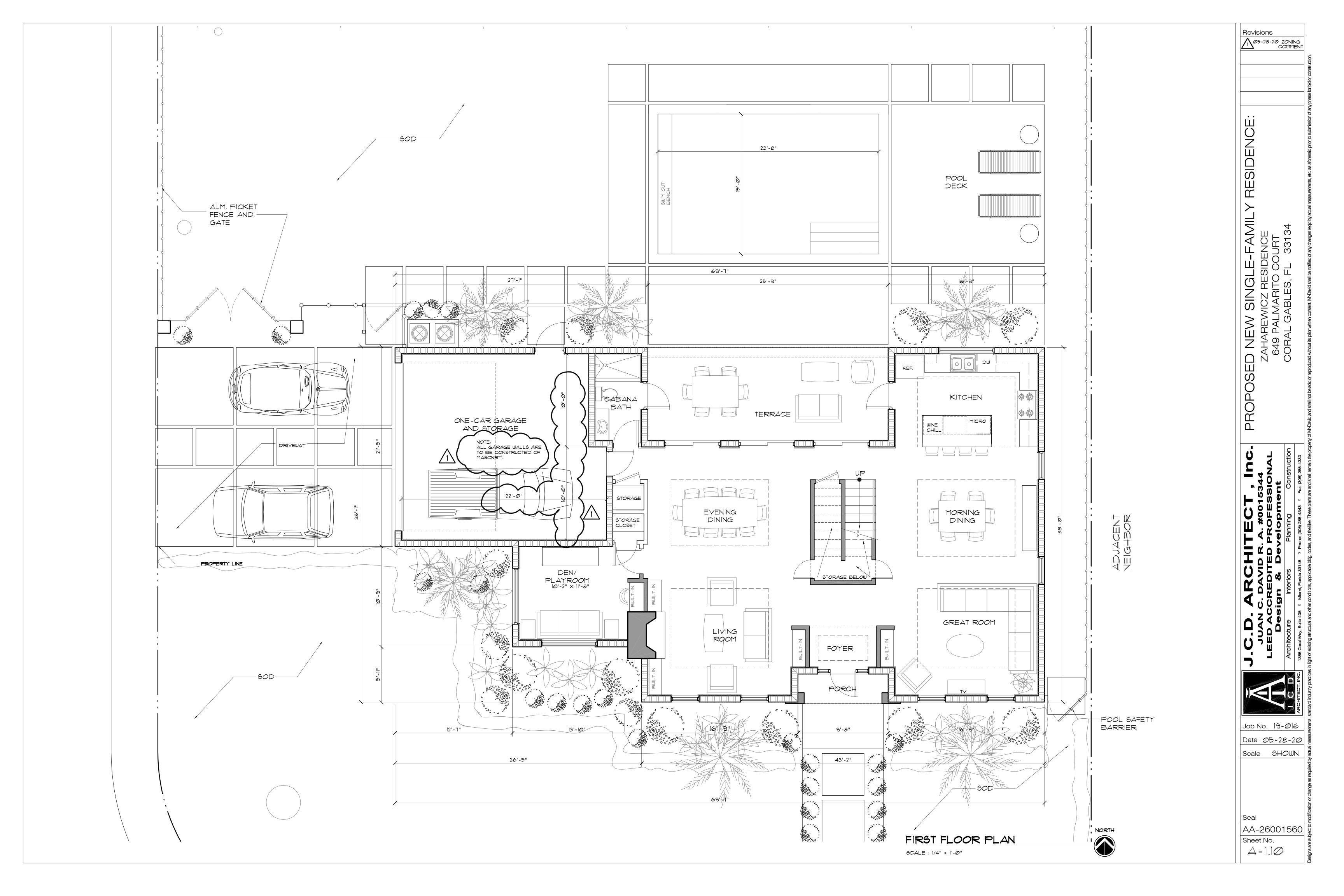
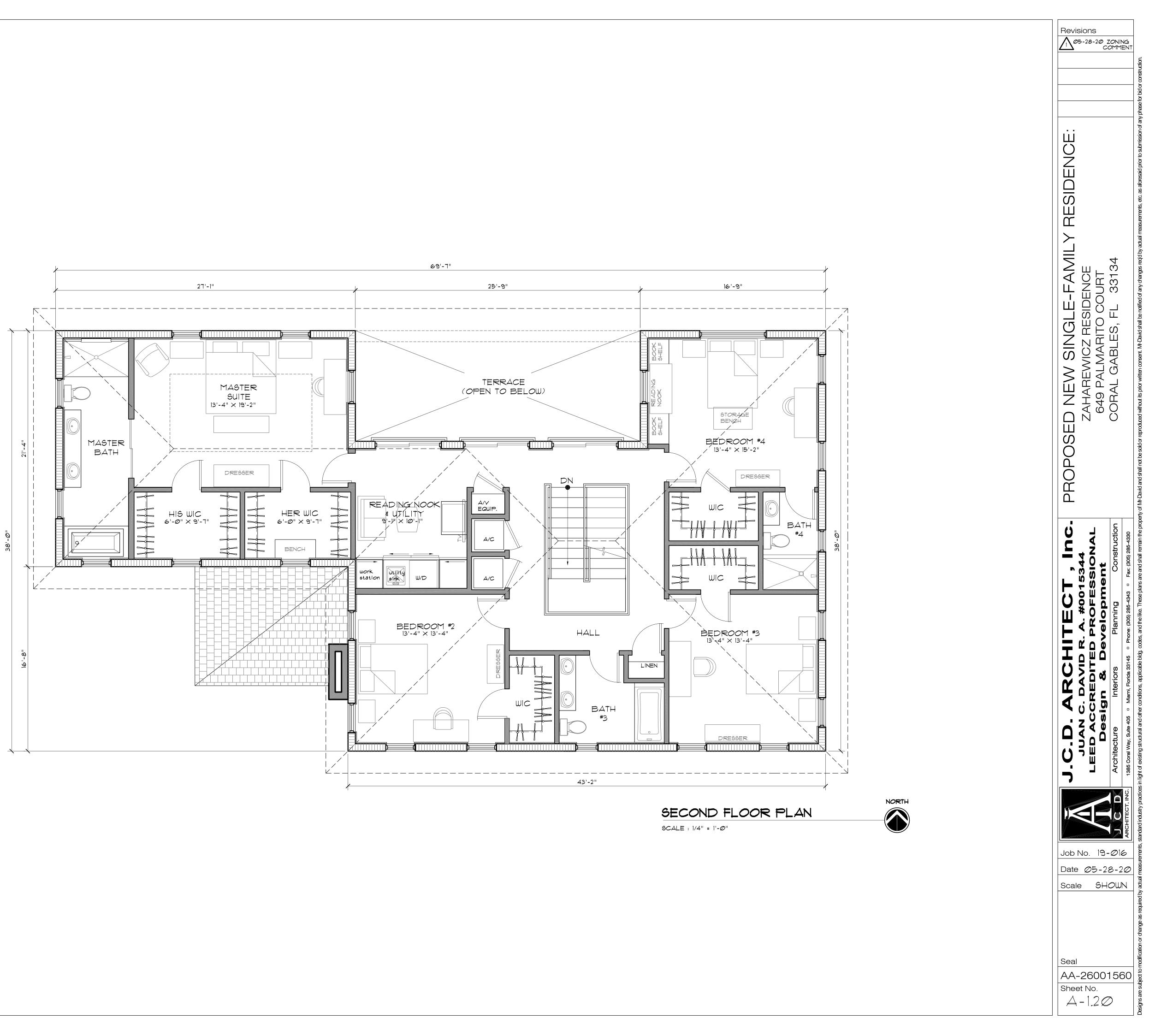


EXHIBIT B









LEGAL DESCRIPTION
CORAL GABLES COUNTRY CLUB SEC 6 PB 20-1 LOTS 18 \$19 BLK 139 LOT SIZE
IRREGULAR OR 18362-2705 1198 1 COC 22507-0732 07 2004 1
FLOOD LEGEND

ADDITIONS, F

FOLIO: 03-41

LOT / UNIT: 18

SUBDIVISION: C.

ELEVATI*O*N

EXISTING

PROPOSED

REMODELING, REPAIRS AND COMBINATION							
1-004-2211 \$ 19	ADDRESS: <u>649 PALM</u> BLOCK / BLDG: <u>139</u>	1 <u>ARITO COURT</u>					
<u>G. COUNTRY CLUB</u>	PLAT BOOK: <u>20-1</u>	PAGE:					
RESIDENCE LOWEST FLOOR	GARAGE / STORAGE	ADJACENT (
13.89'	12.59'	12.40					
13.89'	12.59'	12.4Ø'					
	CROWN OF THE	ROAD = 11.77'					

PAGE: _--

ADJACENT GRADE

12.40'

12.4Ø'

THE OWNER OF THIS PROPERTY UNDERSTANDS THAT THE WORK AMOUNT INDICATED ABOVE IS GOING TO BE KEPT ON THE OFFICIAL RECORD DURING A SIX (6) MONTH PERIOD FROM THE DATE OF WHICH THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION IS ISSUED. IF ANY ADDITIONAL REPAIR, RECONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION ADDITION, REMODELING, OR COMBINATION THEREOF IS DONE BEFORE THE ABOVE WORK. IF THE PROPERTY IS DECLARED SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED OR DAMAGED AND THE FLOOR ELEVATION IS NOT IN COMPLIANCE, THE STRUCTURE WILL BE ELEVATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 110 OF THE MIAMI-DADE COUNTY CODE.

Ø'-Ø" = <u>13.89'</u> N.G.V.D.

	NG LEGEND IGLE FAMILY	
ZONING: SINGLE FAMILY (R-1)		
HEIGHT (TO RIDGE OF ROOF): NET LAND AREA: LOT COVERAGE (GOUND COVER): INCLU EXISTING RESIDENCE = EXISTING CARPORT / STORAGE = PROPOSED ADDITION =	IDING POOL	23'-4" 10,500 S.F. 4,693.5 S.F. 2,503.13 S.F. N/A S.F. 2,324.12 S.F.
LOT COVERAGE = 4,725 / 10,500.00 = LANDSCAPE AREA = 5,775 SQ FT / 10,5	500 = REQUIRED	45% 55% PROPOSED
SETBACKS: SIDE (PALMARITO SIDE (INTERIOR-E REAR	TO CT) <u>25'-Ø"</u> 0 ST) <u>15'-Ø"</u>	25'-4" 25'-5" 5'-0" 41'-8"
SITE TO BE FILLED TO COUNTY FLOOD ELEVATION NO LESS THAN THE HIGHEST THE ROAD ABUTTING THE PROPERTY.		
AREA ADJACENT TO LAKE OR CANAL T DIRECT OVERLAND DISCHARGE OF STO		
LOT WILL BE GRADED SO AS TO PREVE OF STORMWATER ONTO ADJACENT PROF CERTIFICATION PRIOR TO FINAL INSPEC	PERTY. APPLICANT WIL	
ANY APPLICABLE RESOLUTION:		
NOTICE: IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIRED BE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS APPLIC, MAY BE FOUND IN THE PUBLIC RECORD SECTION 553.19 (10) FLORIDA STATUTES	ABLE TO THIS PROPERT OF THIS COUNTY.	
APPLICANT WILL COMPLY WITH ORDINAL METROPOLITAN DADE COUNTY CODE, F		
A SEPARATE PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED CONTACT PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.		APPROACHES.
THE HEIGHT OF FENCES, WALL AND HEDG IN HEIGHT WITHIN 10 FEET OF THE EDGE RIGHT OF WAY. THE HEIGHT OF FENCES ELEVATION OF PUBLIC SIDEWALK OF CF	OF ANY DRIVEWAY HEA IS BEING MEASURED FR	DING TO A
	S BEFORE DIGGING	
	<i>0-432-4770</i>	

U.N.C.L.E. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES NOTIFICATION CENTER

Zoning Calculations:	City of Coral Gables			
Year Built: Lot Size:				
	Allowed	Proposed	Remain	
Ground Area:10,500 SQ.FT.x35%	3,675	2,351	1,324	
Coverage				
No More than 35%				
(build. & structure)				
Including Pool:	4,725	4,394	331	
(including building, pool, hardscape)				
Floor Area Ratio:	4,300	4,296	4	
(FAR)				
First 5,000 48% =2,400				
Second 5,000 35%=1,750				
Remaining 30% = 150				

<u>GENERAL NOTES</u>

ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE VERIFIED AT FIELD BY GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHOULD THERE BE ANY INCONSISTENCY WITH PLAN DIMENSIONS, ARCHITECT SHALL BE NOTIFIED (WRITTEN) FOR APPROVAL, BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH WORK.

PLANS PART OF THIS SET ARE COMPLIMENTARY. INFORMATION IS NOT LIMITED TO ONE PLAN. DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICTATONS ARE INSTRUMENTS OF SERVICE AND SHALL REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE ARCHITECT WHETHER THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THEY ARE MADE IS EXECUTED OR NOT. THEY ARE NOT TO BE USED BY THE OWNER ON OTHER PROJECTS OR EXTENSIONS TO THIS PROJECT, EXCEPT BY AGREEMENT IN WRITING AND WITH APPROPRIATE COMPENSATION TO THE ARCHITECT. THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED TO BE SUBMITTED TO GOVERNMENTAL BUILDING AUTHORITIES FOR REVISION TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES AND IT IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO BUILD ACCORDING TO THE DRAWINGS. IF CONTRACTOR AND/OR SUBCONTRACTOR FIND IT NECESSARY TO DEVIATE FROM THE ORIGINAL APPROVED PLANS, THEN IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S AND THE SUBCONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE THE ARCHITECT WITH FOUR COPIES OF THE PROPOSED CHANGES FOR ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE WORK.

IN ADDITION THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROCURING ALL NECESSARY APPROVALS FOR THE BUILDING AUTHORITIES FOR THE PROPOSED CHANGES, BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROCURING ALL NECESSARY INSPECTIONS AND APPROVALS FROM THE BUILDING AUTHORITIES DURING THE EXECUTION. CONTRACTOR TO VERITY ALL EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE AND COORDINATE WITH OWNER FOR NEW SERVICE REQUIREMENTS AND CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM ARCHITECT OF ANY DISCREPENCIES BEFORE COMMENCING WITH WORK.

OUNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN NECESSARY PERMITS, LICENSES, AND CERTIFICATIONS AND PAY ALL FEES.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS IN THE FIELD AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ARCHITECT OF ANY THAT DIFFER OR INTERFERE WITH THOSE SHOWN ON THIS PLAN BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH WORK. ALL DIMENSIONS SUPERSEDE SCALED DRAWINGS.

OUNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO GUARD AGAINST ANY AND ALL POSSIBLE HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS (EXPOSED HOT WIRING, ETC.) WHICH MIGHT OCCUR AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMMEDIATE CLEANING AND REMOVAL OF ALL DEBRIS UNTIL THE PREMISES ARE ACCEPTED IN A CLEAN, HABITABLE CONDITION.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO CHALK UP ALL PARTITIONS IN THE FIELD AND NOTIFY ARCHITECT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ALL NEW WALL INFILLS SHALL BE MADE TO MATCH THICKNESS AND MATERIALS OF ADJACENT CONSTRUCTION, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY ARCHITECT IF BASIC A/C DUCT SYSTEM INTERFERES WITH INSTALLATION OF LIGHT FIXTURES. OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PERMIT UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS INSIDE THE CONSTRUCTION AREA.

OWNER / BUILDER AND/OR CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL BARRIERS AND DROP TARPAULINS AS NECESSARY AND REQUIRED AROUND PERIMETER OF CONSTRUCTION LIMITS TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC. FINISHES MUST BE PROTECTED AND ANY FINISHES DAMAGES SHALL BE REPLACED BY CONTRACTOR IMMEDIATELY. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A DUMPSTER AT A SITE DETERMINED BY BUILDING MANAGEMENT FOR THE ENTIRE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.

POOL SAFETY BARRIER:

HE TOP OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE AT LEAST 48 INCHES (1219 MM) ABOVE GRADE MEASURED ON THE SIDE OF THE BARRIER WHICH FACES AWAY FROM THE SWIMMING POOL. THE MAXIMUM VERTICAL CLEARANCE BETWEEN GRADE AND THE BOTTOM OF THE BARRIER HALL BE 2 INCHES (51 MM) MEASURED ON THE SIDE OF THE BARRIES WHICH FACES AWAY FROM THE SWIMMING POOL. WHERE THE TOP OF THE POOL STRUCTURE IS ABOVE GRADE THE BARRIER MAY BE AT GROUND LEVEL OF MOUNTED ON TOP OF THE POOL STRUCTURE. WHERE THE BARRIER IS MOUNTED ON TO OF THE POOL STRUCTURE AND THE BOTTOM OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE 4 INCHES (102 MM).

ACCESS GATES, WHEN PROVIDED, SHALL BE SELF-CLOSING AND SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTIONS 424.2.17.1.1 THROUGH 424.2.17.1.7 AND SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH A SELF-LATCHING LOCKING DEVICE LOCATED ON THE POOL SIDE OF THE GATE. WHERE THE DEVICE RELEASE IS LOCATED NO LESS THAN 54 INCHES (1372 MM) FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE GATE, THE DEVICE RELEASE MECHANISM MAY BE LOCATED ON EITHER SIDE OF THE GATE AND SO PLACED THAT IT CANNOT BE REACHED BY A YOUNG CHILD OVER THE TOP OR THROUGH ANY OPENING OR GAP FROM THE OUTSIDE. GATES THAT PROVIDE ACCESS TO THE SWIMMING POOL MUST OPEN OUTWARD AWAY FROM THE POOL. THE GATES AND BARRIER SHALL HAVE NO OPENING GREATER THAN 1/2 INCH (12.7 MM) WITHIN 18 INCHES (457 MM) OF THE RELEASE MECHANISM.

NOTE : TERMITE PROTECTION

ALL BUILDINGS SHALL HAVE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION TREATMENT PROTECTION AGAINST SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES. THE RULES AND LAWS AS ESTABLISHED BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES SHALL BE DEEMED AS APPROVED WITH RESPECT TO PRECONSTRUCTION SOIL TREATMENT FOR PROTECTION AGAINST SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES. A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE ISSUED TO THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT BY THE LICENSED PEST CONTROL COMPANY THAT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT: "THE BUILDING HAS RECEIVED A COMPLETE TREATMENT FOR THE PREVENTION OF SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES. TREATMENT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULES AND LAWS ESTABLISHED BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES."

TREE NOTE:

EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED. PROVIDE A 10'-0" BARRIER AROUND EXISTING TREES. NO MACHINERY, CHEMICALS, MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, FILL AND/OR PEOPLE TO BE WITHIN PERIMETER OF BARRIER.

Square Footage Calculations:

Proposed New ResidenceSquare Footage:4,297 s.f. (including porch, terrace, gather terrace, gather terrace)(House distribution)(breakdown below)							
Sq. Ft. Breakdown:	First floor 1,608	<u>Garag</u> 457	l <u>e</u> <u>Entry</u> 29	<u>Second fl</u> 1,946			
Setbacks: (required (proposed		<u>Rear</u> 10'-0" 41'-8"	Int. Side 5'-0" 5'-0"	<u>Str. Sid</u> 15'-0 25'-5'			

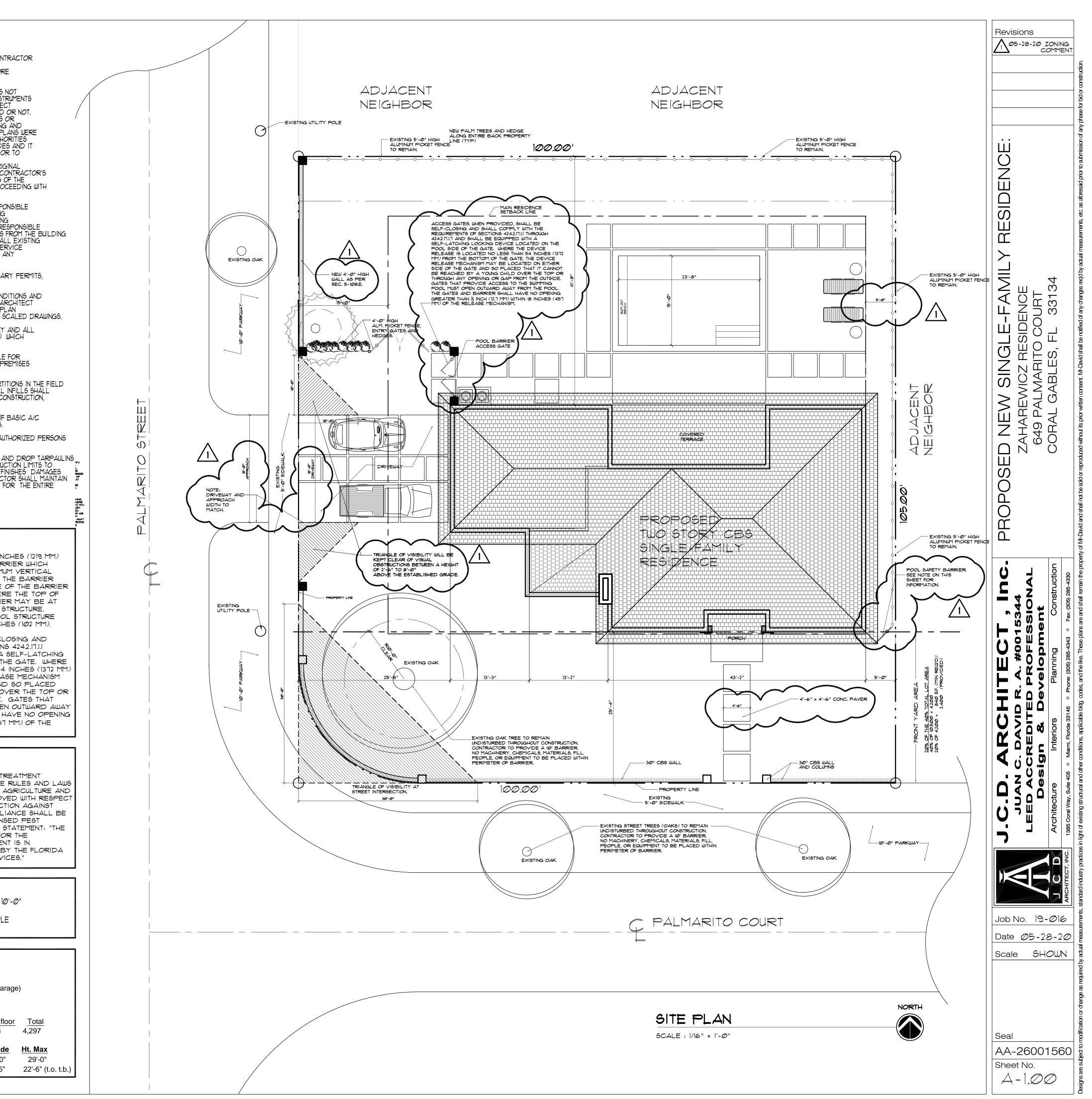
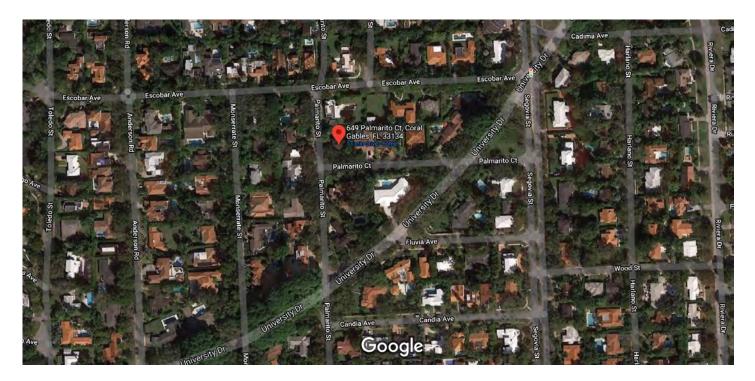


EXHIBIT C

Google Maps 649 Palmarito Ct



Imagery ©2020 Maxar Technologies, Sanborn, U.S. Geological Survey, Map data ©2020 200 ft 🗉

EXHIBIT D



Image capture: Mar 2019 © 2020 Google

Coral Gables, Florida

🌠 Google

Street View

Google Maps Segovia St



Image capture: Feb 2019 © 2020 Google

Coral Gables, Florida

🌠 Google

Street View



Google Maps 3703 Segovia St



Image capture: Mar 2011 © 2020 Google

Coral Gables, Florida



Street View

morial Youth Center

Google Maps 3801 Toledo St

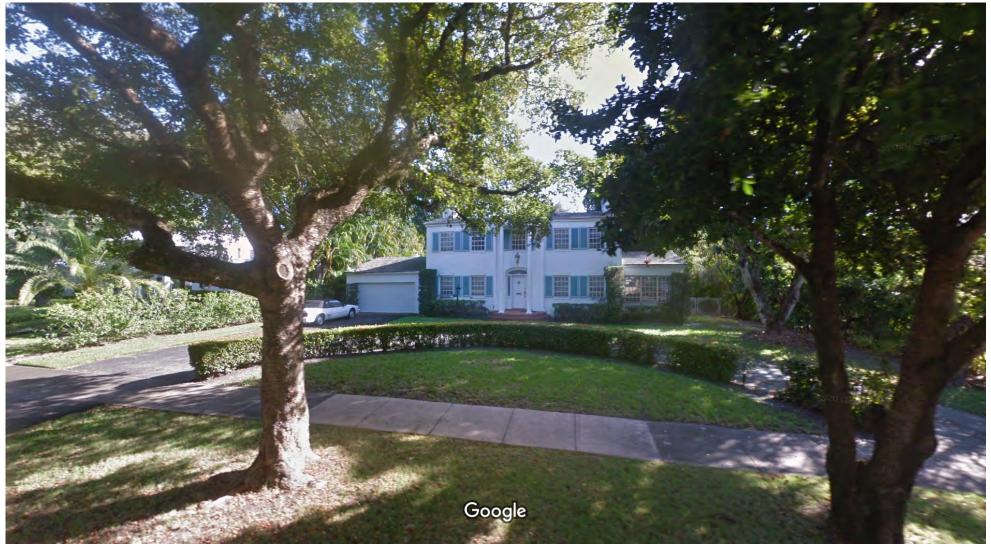


Image capture: Dec 2016 © 2020 Google

Coral Gables, Florida



Street View

EXHIBIT E



EXHIBIT F



EXHIBIT G

Google Maps 1501 Taragona Dr



Image capture: Feb 2019 © 2020 Google

Coral Gables, Florida



Street View

Google Maps 3600 Granada Blvd



Image capture: Apr 2019 © 2020 Google

Coral Gables, Florida

🌠 Google

Street View

EXHIBIT H

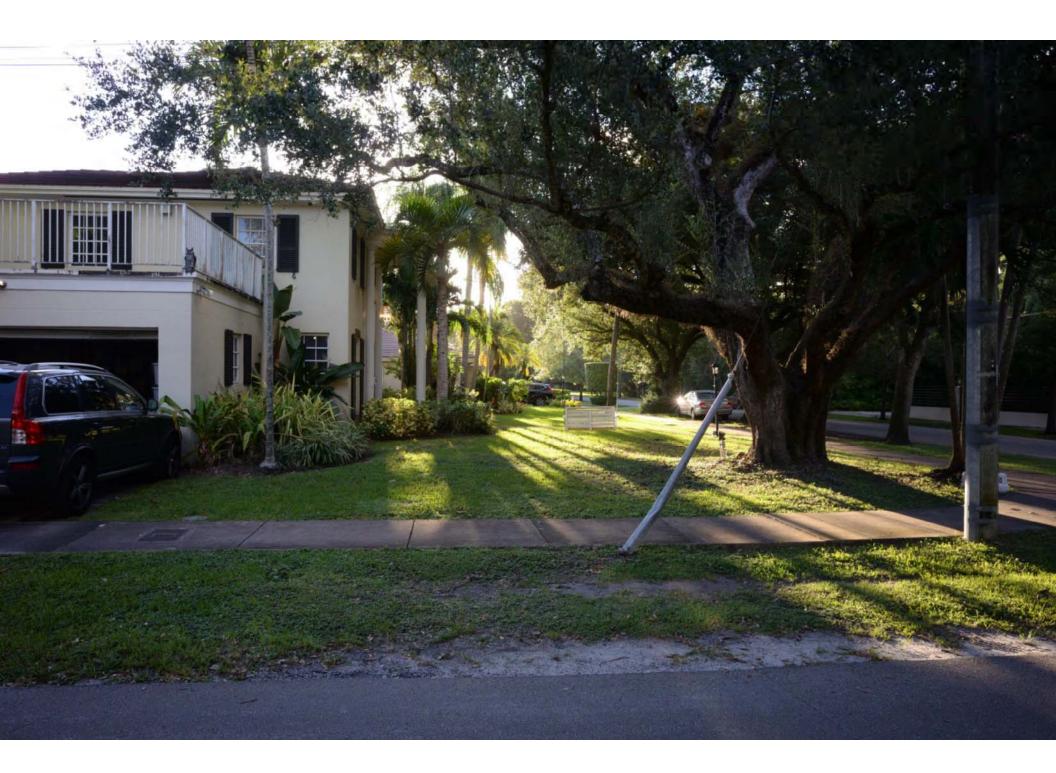




EXHIBIT I



EXHIBIT J



The City of Coral Gables

Historical Resources Department

February 28, 2011

Alexis Izquierdo 5751 SW 49 Street Miami, FL 33155

Re: 730 Escobar Avenue, Lots 31-33 inc. Block 135 of Country Club Section 6

Dear Mr. Izquierdo:

Section 3-1107(g) of the Coral Gables Zoning Code states that "No permit for demolition of a non-designated building shall be issued to the owner thereof without prior notification by the Building Official to the Historical Resources Department. All demolition permits for non-designated buildings must be approved and signed by the Director of the Department of Historical Resources. Such signature is valid for six (6) months and shall thereafter expire and the approval deemed void unless the demolition permit has been issued by the Building and Zoning Department. The Historical Resources Department may require review by the Historic Preservation Board if the building to be demolished is considered eligible for designation as a local historic landmark or as a contributing building or property within an existing local historic landmark district. The public hearing shall be held at the next regularly scheduled meeting if the provided statutory notice is complied with at which time the provisions of this Division shall apply. The determination of historic significance and eligibility for designation as a local historic landmark by the Historic Preservation Board is a non-final and non-appealable decision."

Therefore, please be advised that after careful research and study of our records and the information you presented the following information has been determined:

730 Escobar Avenue, Lots 31-33 inc. Block 135 of Country Club Section 6, <u>does not</u> <u>meet</u> the minimum eligibility criteria for designation as a local historic landmark. Therefore, the Historical Resources staff <u>will not</u> require review by the Historic Preservation Board if an application is made for a demolition permit.

Please note that, pursuant to Section 2-705(b)(15) of the Coral Gables Zoning Code, this determination does not constitute a development order and is valid for a period of six (6) months. In the case where the Historic Preservation Officer or designee determines that the property does not meet the minimum eligibility criteria for designation, a permit for the demolition of the property must be issued within the six-month period. Upon expiration of the six-month period, you will be required to file a new application.

EXHIBIT K













ANX MAR





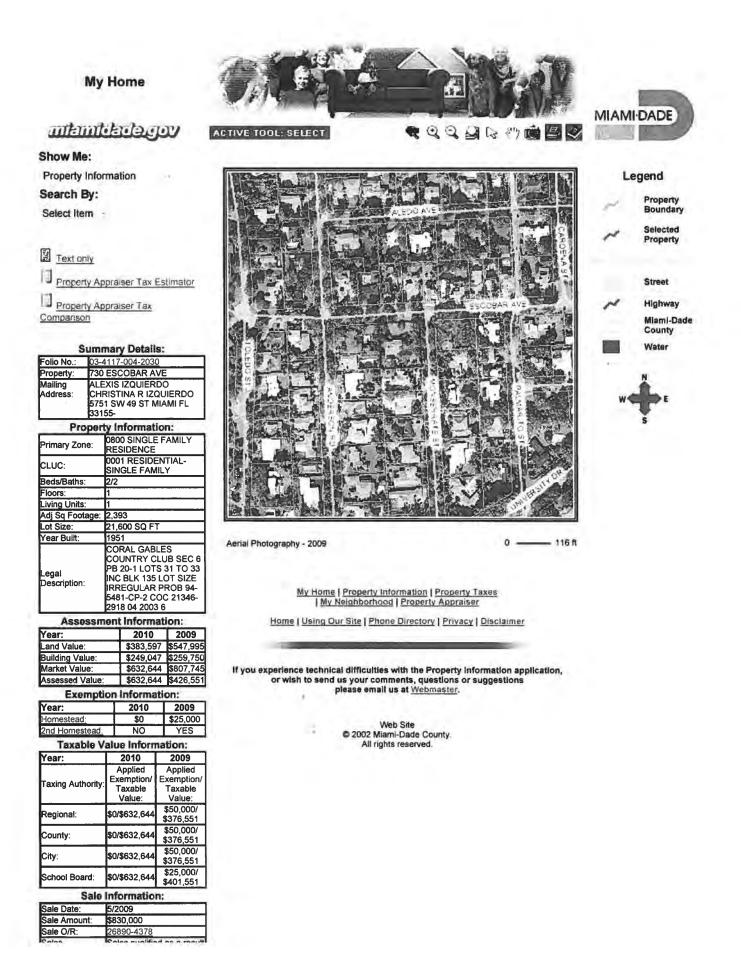


EXHIBIT L

