CITY OF CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA

RESOLUTION NO. 2018-162

A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO NEGOTIATE AN EXTENSION TO THE GOLF COURSE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE BILTMORE HOTEL GOLF MANAGEMENT LLC, WITH REGARDS TO THE CITY OWNED PROPERTY LOCATED AT 1210 ANASTASIA AVENUE, CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA, 33134.

WHEREAS, on January 20, 2004 the City entered a Management Agreement with the Biltmore Hotel Golf Management, LLC, (the "Manager"), for the Biltmore Golf Course ("Golf Course"). The term of the agreement commenced on October 2, 2003 and expires on September 30, 2028; and

WHEREAS, the City Manager plans on restoring the course to a Donald Ross Golf Course which will meet the Professional Golf Association (PGA) standards. Due to an approximate \$2.5 Million investment, the City is recommending extending the Management Agreement to coincide with the expiration of the Biltmore Hotel's initial lease term of August 5, 2042, but not tied to any other of the Biltmore Hotel's lease terms. This 14-year extension is recommended on the basis of the timely development of the Donald Ross course, PGA standards of maintenance and operations, and a minimum of a \$2.5 Million capital investment into the course; and

WHEREAS, all other terms of the Management Agreement will remain the same; and

WHEREAS, the City Commission finds that the public interest is served in waiving the Procurement Code, Article VIII, Division 12 relating to the purchase, sale or lease of public lands or buildings by four-fifths vote and in accordance with Section 2-1089 of the City Code: and

WHEREAS, the City Commission finds that it is in the best interest of the City to waive the requirements of the Procurement Code with regard to this transaction and allow the City Manager to negotiate a management agreement extension;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA:

SECTION 1. That the foregoing "Whereas" clauses are hereby ratified and confirmed as being true and correct and are hereby made a specific part of this Resolution upon the adoption hereof.

SECTION 2. That the City Commission does hereby authorize the City Manager and City Attorney to negotiate an extension to the golf course Management Agreement with The Biltmore Hotel Golf Management LLC, with regards to the City owned property located at 1210 Anastasia Avenue, Coral Gables, Florida 33134 to extend the Management Agreement terms until August 5, 2042.

SECTION 3. That the City Commission does hereby by four-fifths vote waive provisions of the Procurement Code in accordance with Section 2-1089 of the City Code.

SECTION 4. That this resolution shall become effective upon the date of its passage and adoption herein.

PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS TWELFTH DAY OF JUNE, A.D., 2018.

(Moved: Quesada / Seconded: Keon)

(Yeas: Lago, Mena, Quesada, Keon, Valdes-Fauli)

(Unanimous: 5-0 Vote) (Agenda Item: J-9)

APPROVED:

RAUL VALDES-FAULI

MAYOR

ATTEST:

CITY CLERK

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

MIRIAM SOLER RAMOS

CITY ATTORNEY

Agenda Items J-7, J-8, and J-9 are related.

The Biltmore Hotel Assessment

June 12, 2018





LEASE REQUIREMENT

"...operate the Hotel and Premises as a luxury first-class destination resort hotel and conference center in the manner in which other similar class destination hotels and conference centers in the industry (Comparable Hotels) are operated..."

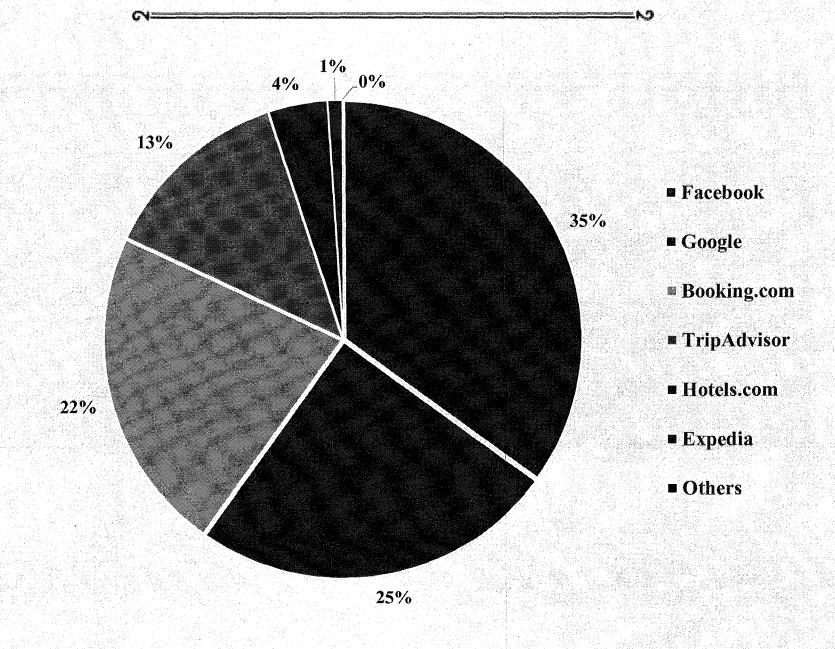
OBJECTIVE

- 1. Determine if the operations are in compliance with the Lease Agreement
- 2. Undertake a comparative analysis of the Biltmore's financial operating performance
- 3. Analyze the Capital Expenditures undertaken and compare to the Comparable Hotels, considering the historic nature

COMPARABLE HOTELS

PROPERTY NAME	CITY, STATE	ROOMS
Waldorf Astoria Boca Raton Resort	Boca Raton, FL	1047
Marriott Grand Hotel Resort Club & Spa	Point Clear, AL	405
Marriott Sawgrass Golf Resort & Spa	Ponte Vedra Beach, FL	514
Renaissance St. Augustine Resort World Golf Village	St. Augustine, FL	301
Marriott Fort Lauderdale Coral Springs Hotel Golf Club & Convention Center	Coral Springs, FL	224
Ritz-Carlton Golf Resort Naples	Naples, FL	295
Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort & Spa	Bonita Springs, FL	454

GUEST REVIEWS ON WEBSITE



GUEST REVIEWS vs. COMPARABLE HOTELS

Review Rating Detail										
Since Last										
	Jan '18	Month	Dec '17	Comp Rank						
Overall	4.44	2%	4.36	#3						
Cleanliness	4.71	1%	4.67	#2						
Location	3.00	-31%	4.33	#7						
Rooms	4.4	-1%	4.43	#4						
Service	4.14	10%	3.75	#4						
Value	5.00	47%	3.40	#1						

RATINGS

Forbes Travel Guide Inspectors evaluate hotels based on up to 900 objective standards.

4-Star Rating



RATINGS

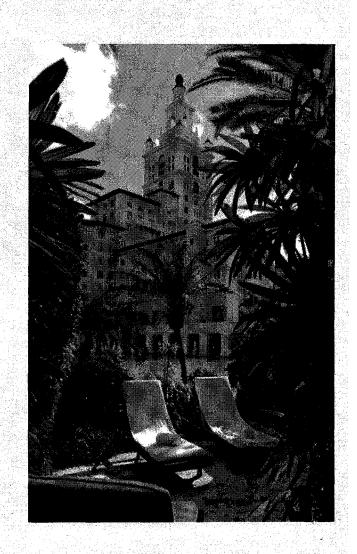
Leading Hotels of the World (LHW)

An exclusive group of luxury hotels worldwide.

Requires "...a hotel must be in the luxury category and meet exact standards."

Rated the Biltmore 82.2%





RATINGS

The Consultant used LHW criteria to inspect the property on:

February 13	March 10
February 20	March 11
March 4	March 25
March 9	

Consultant scored the Biltmore 91.6%

PROJECTED CAPITAL COST

PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION	TOTAL COST
Windows/Doors	See detailed worksheet	Capital	\$5,500,000
HVAC	Hotel Chiller and Air Handling Unit	Capital	\$1,420,000
Elevators-Guest	3 elevators including service	Capital	\$1,600,000
Elevators-Service	8 elevators including service	Capital	\$1,200,000
CCA Chiller & Cooling Tower	Cooling base rusted, needs a rebuild, need fresh air make up control room	Capital	\$385,000
Hotel HVAC	Air make up on floor, coils in rooms, air handlers	Capital	\$265,000
Boilers & Jocket Pumps	Boilers & storage tanks are underground, way past useful life span - in progress	Capital	\$260,000
Upper Driveway & Parking Garage	Can not support weight of modern vehicles, walkway requires nonslip surface, garage has cracks and spalding	Capital	\$200,000
Biltmore 10 Yrs Recertification	Exterior certification plus courtyard second floors cracks, guest room decks, emergency stair cases & slabs below Cascade Bar	Capital	\$185,000
CCA 40 Yrs Recertification	Required by City and County code - in progress to include storage rooms lower level southfacing	Capital	\$120,000
Roof Repairs	Roof Repairs	Capital	\$100,000
Life Safety	New alarm panels in CCA and Main Hotel Building	Capital	\$200,000
Rooms FF&E	See Design Scope (not attached)	Capital	\$7,000,000
Room Hallways	See Design Scope (not attached)	Capital	\$550,000
Room Bathroom Refresh	Replace all hardware, refinish tubs, new lighting	Capital	\$450,000
Banquet Space	FF&E Replacement Carpet, Paint, Trim and Drapes	R&R	\$950,000
Lobby Décor - Upper	Includes all FF&E, Lighting Rugs Drapes and Window Treatment	R&R	\$550,000
Lobby Décor Lower	Includes all FF&E, Lighting Rugs Drapes and Window Treatment	R&R	\$600,000
The state of the state of		Grand Total	\$21,535,000
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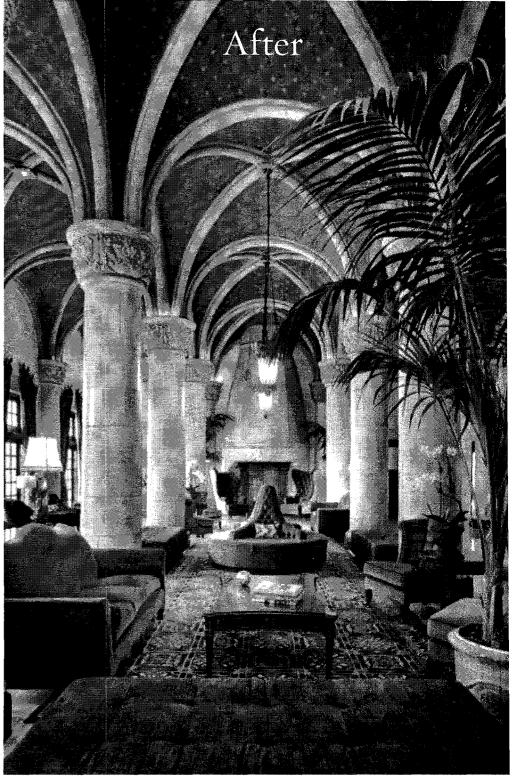
CAPITAL FUNDING BASED ON 4% RESERVE

	Total Cost	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Sub Total	\$20,782,068	\$10,789,174	\$8,992,894	\$550,000	\$450,000	\$0
Total Capital	\$22,629,856	\$12,636,962	\$8,992,894	\$550,000	\$450,000	\$0
Biltmore Projection of Total Revenue Reserve Additions @4%	\$47,240,380	\$49,467,795 \$1,889,615	\$50,951,829 \$1,978,715	\$52,480,384 \$2,038,073	\$54,054,795 \$2,099,215	\$55,676,439 \$2,162,192
Annual Shortfall	-\$12,462,049	-\$10,747,347	-\$7,014,182	\$1,488,073	\$1,649,215	\$2,162,192

CAPITAL FUNDING BASED ON 4% RESERVE AND CITY'S CONTRIBUTION

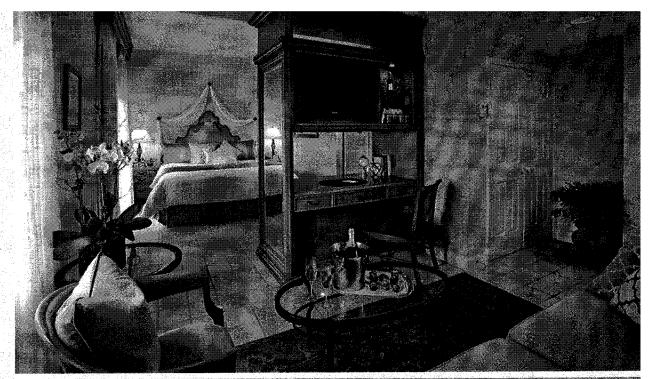
	Total Cost	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Sub Total 2 Years	\$20,782,068	\$10,789,174	\$8,992,894	\$550,000	\$450,000	\$0
Total Capital Plan extended to 4 Years	\$22,629,856	\$6,318,481	\$6,318,481	\$4,496,447	\$4,496,447	\$1,000,000
Biltmore Projection of Total Revenue Reserve Additions @6%	\$47,240,380	\$49,467,795 \$2,834,423	\$50,951,829 \$2,968,068	\$52,480,384 \$3,057,110	\$54,054,795 \$3,148,823	\$55,676,439 \$3,243,288
Owner/City Contribution 1.75% Total Contribution		\$826,707 \$3,661,129	\$865,686 \$3,833,754	\$891,657 \$3,948,767	\$918,407 \$4,067,230	\$945,959 \$4,189,247
Annual Shortfall	-\$2,929,729	-\$2,657,352	-\$2,484,727	-\$547,680	-\$429,217	\$3,189,247





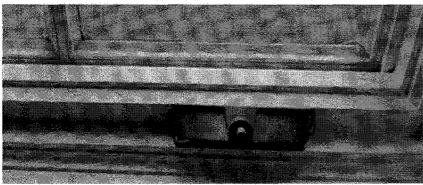
Before

After

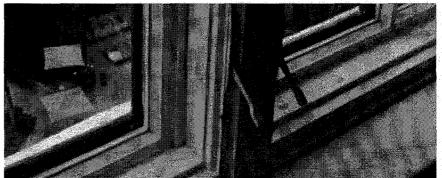




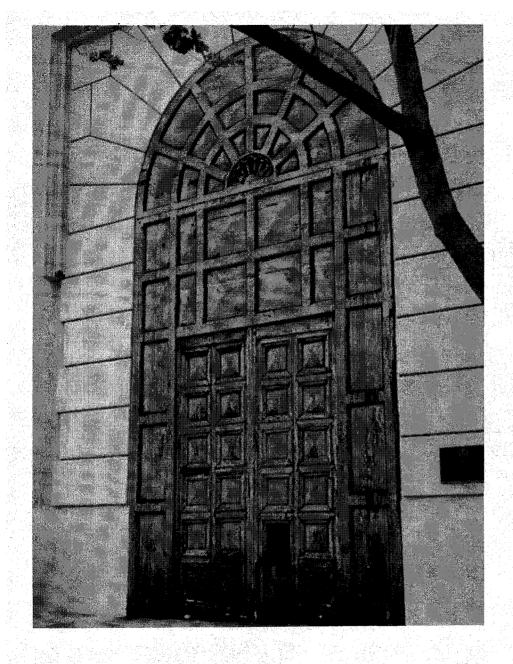


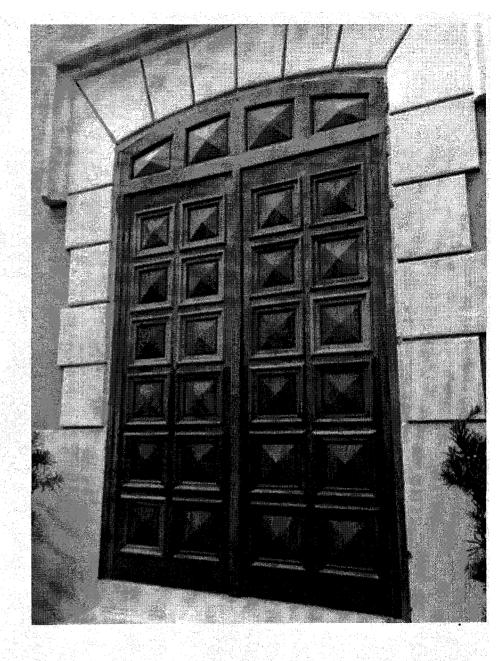






Before After

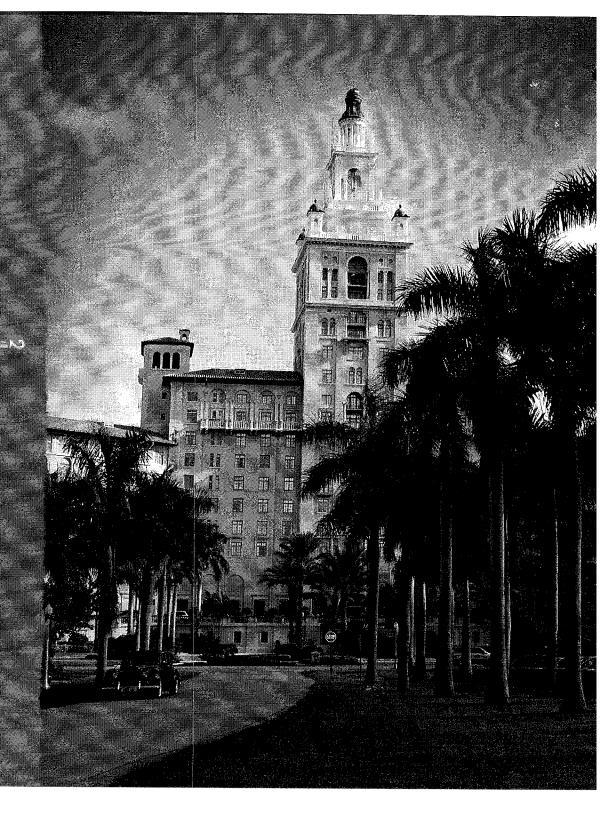




Before After

Thank You

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THE CITY BEAUTIFUL



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CITY OF CORAL GABLES

- MEMORANDUM -

TO:

CATHY SWANSON-RIVENBARK

DATE:

May 26, 2018

FROM:

ZEONARD ROBERTS

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

INTERIM DIRECTOR

SUBJECT:

BILTMORE HOTEL ASSESSMENT

Background:

The City executed a lease with the Biltmore Hotel Limited Partnership (the "Hotel") on February 10, 1986. The lease was amended several times with the latest amendment occurring on January 2, 2001, (the "Lease"). The Hotel is managed by Seaway Biltmore Inc. whose sole General Partner is Gene Prescott. Under the same ownership, the Biltmore Golf operations are managed by Biltmore Hotel Gold Management, LLC. In 1996, the Hotel was designated by the Federal Government a National Historic Landmark.

The Hotel pays the greater of a base rent of \$639,364.28 (adjusted for CPI in 2017) or 3.5% of revenue to the City. The Lease has several stipulations, one of which requires the Hotel to "...operate the Hotel and Premises as a luxury first-class destination resort hotel and conference center in the manner in which other similar class destination hotels and conference centers in the industry (Comparable Hotels) are operated..." The requirement for Comparable Hotels is further defined as three hotels selected by the City and Hotel "which are luxury first-class destination resort hotels having a historic designation and at least a four-star rating in the Mobil Guide or its equivalent." The Mobil Guide is now Forbes Travel Guide and it is recognized as the Mobil Guide equivalent. Mobil Four Star is defined as "...a Hotel/Resort/Inn which provides a luxury experience with expanded amenities in a distinctive environment."

The Assessment Report (the "Report") evaluated the following 3 components of the Hotel:

- 1. To determine if the physical structure and the quality of the service are in compliance with the luxury standard established in the Lease
- 2. Compare the Hotel's financial operations to comparable hotels
- Compare the Hotel's capital expenditures to comparable hotels taking into consideration the historic nature of the building.
 - (Results provided in the attached report)

The City wanted to ensure the Hotel adhered to the luxury standard. In order to verify the luxury standards, the Hotel hired Hotel Consulting Int'l (HCl), Mr. Thomas O'Neill, to complete an assessment report which was received by the City on April 30th, 2018. Mr. O'Neill earned a Degree in Real Estate Development & Investments from NYU; is an MAI certified appraiser (highest appraiser designation); a member of Fellow Royal Institute of Chartered Survey; a former member of the Int'l Society of Hospitality Consultants, is an expert witness on hotel matters; and, has 40 years of experience in the hotel industry.

Analysis:

The 15-page Report summarizes his findings related to the three questions noted above. Per Economic Development's review of the summary report, the consultant made several unannounced visits to the Hotel where he completed the leading qualification assurance evaluation developed by the Leading Hotels of the World (LHW) and re-tested the Forbes Travel Guide rating system. LHW is one of the largest luxury hotel collections in the world and recognizes the Hotel as 1 of 7 leading hotels in Miami and Forbes Travel Guide recognizes it as a 4 Star rating. The Comparable Hotels, as defined by the Lease were not selected by the City or the Hotel. HCI noted the three most comparable hotels based on the Lease definition could include, The Breakers Hotel in Palm Beach (1896), Vinoy Park Hotel in St Petersburg (1925), and Waldorf Astoria in Boca Raton (1926). The data needed for purpose of comparison was not available for these hotels, individually or collectively; hence, the consultant's testing included comparisons to the 7 hotels (Comparable Set) obtained from Smith Travel Guide's host report (one of hotels is the Waldorf Astoria). The consultant determined these hotels are comparable on the basis of resort/hotel classification, performance indicators, and comparable operations.

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6768 Marriant Grand Hotel Resort Gold Code & Spa	Fairs Gray	AL	20364-0639	KOS Mažile, AL (Area)	Marks	Namott Interpational
2384 North Sangan Gill Resort & Spa	Porta Veda Beach	A	32002-1036	514 ledwork beets 71	Meriati	Maniati International
X-200 Ambinistic Schollenine Peron World Gell Village	St Augustine	Ħ	32093-7715	37) Miles Man, R	Remaissance	Memoti leterational
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The consultant's reviews and testing determined the Hotel adheres to the luxury and four-star rating based on, but not limited to, his individual testing, Forbes 900 objective standards, LHW Standards, several hotel rating organizations (e.g. Travel & Leisure, Trip Advisor, etc...), and customer ratings. (See Report for further analysis). He did note, the luxury testing standards are based more on guest experience and less on maintenance issues. His individual observation noted there were operating and maintenance deficiencies and therefor were scored lower in those areas. The overall rating still maintained the luxury standard, and there is minimal risk in losing their designation.

The maintenance issues were driven by what the City defines as functional obsolescence (defined as when a property is impacted by architectural design, building style, size, outdated amenities, local economic conditions and changing technology); these finding would apply to many historical buildings in use today. For instance, the Hotel is spread out over a large footprint and the configuration creates built-in inefficiencies that add to the cost of operations. In addition, the size of the building in today's market would have more units with smaller rooms.

The consultant concluded the hotel performed in line with the Comparable Set except for the operating and capital cost which were higher. A contributing factor to the higher operations and maintenance costs is the repair vs. replacement requirement established by the Historical Landmark designation. Due to higher maintenance costs, the Hotel's strategy to stay profitable is that of sacrificing occupancy to maintain lower maintenance expense without sacrificing its room rates.

The industry norm's capital reserve (% of revenue dedicated to capital improvements) is estimated to be 3% to 4%. The Hotel's average capital expenditures have been 7.9% of revenue (approx. \$80 Million in capital expenditures over the past 25 years; and approx. \$63 Million in operations and maintenance for the same period). Capital expenditures are projected to be \$21.5 Million which includes windows, room

upgrades, elevators, etc. (See Table 1-2 in report for further details). These costs represent a capital reserve greater than 8% over the next five years. In an interview with the Hotel's executive team, they stated they could not accomplish these renovations in the five years due to cash flow constraints, which was corroborated by the consultant. The executive team projected the improvements will help increase occupancy by as much as 10% (average of 6%), reduce operating expenditures, and help bring its margins more in line with the Comparable Set. This increase in occupancy will result in increased revenue. In addition, the Hotel is exempt from real estate taxes due to its historical designation. This exemption has existed from as early as the lease commencement date, and is estimated to be approximately \$850,000 annually to the County and includes \$250,000 to the City based on the 2017 County value. The exemption has provided relief, but not enough to mitigate the capital cost.

The Consultant did review the Hotel's capital plan which addressed items such as windows, room redesigns, new carpeting, doors, elevators, etc. To ensure sufficient capital improvements are budgeted, the Consultant recommended the Hotel maintain a 4% capital reserve due to lender requirement and seek assistance from the City for additional reserves. The 4% does not allow for a timely completion of their capital plan and more than 4% reserve would impact cash flows. Even though there were no going concern opinion noted in their 2017 and 2016 audited financial statement it is recommended the City fully understand the type of capital cost, the impact of capital expenditures to cash flows in order determine the appropriate contribution.

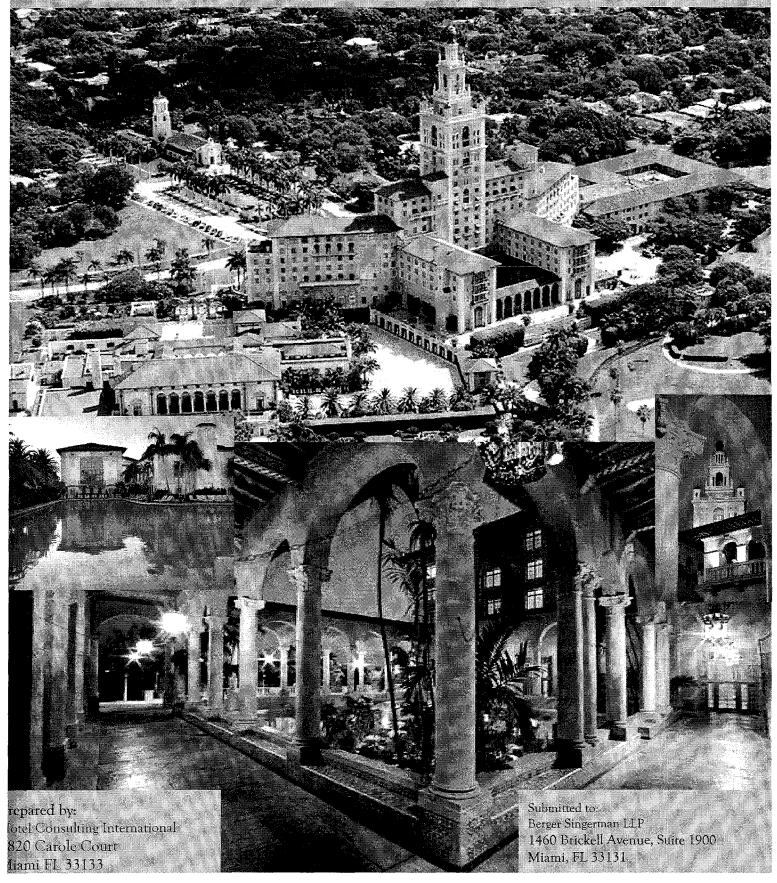
Thank you,

Leonard Roberts

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CONFIDENTIAL CONSULTING REPORT THE BILTMORE HOTEL OF CORAL GABLES

1200 Anastasia Avenue, City of Coral Gables, Florida.





CONFIDENTIAL SUMMARY REPORT

THE SUBJECT - THE BILTMORE CORAL GABLES

The subject of the assignment is the Biltmore Hotel (the "Biltmore") located at 1200 Anastasia Avenue, City of Coral Gables, Florida. The Biltmore is distinguished with a Forbes Travel Guide four-star ranking and it's Palme d'Or fine dining restaurant has a AAA Five Diamond award. It is the only resort in South Florida distinguished as a National Historic Landmark. The Biltmore is owned by the City of Coral Gables (the "City") and leased to and operated by The Biltmore Hotel Limited Partnership (the "Tenant/Operator") pursuant to the Lease Agreement executed by the City and the Tenant/Operator dated February 10, 1986 and subsequently amended and restated as of July 29, 1999 (as amended and restated, the "Lease Agreement").

PURPOSE OF ASSIGNMENT

The purposes of this assignment are as follows:

- 1. To determine if the operations of the property are in compliance with the Lease Agreement: A property product evaluation and quality assurance evaluation (collectively, the "Product and Quality Assurance Evaluations") has been undertaken that compares the Biltmore's physical product and quality level, including its quality of service, to comparable four-star ranking hotels in Florida or hotels that are part of Historic Hotels of America or similar, with over 200 rooms (hereinafter referred to as "Comparable Hotels").
- 2. To undertake a comparative analysis of the Biltmore's financial operating performance as compared to Comparable Hotels: Revenue and expense ratios for departmental, operating and fixed expenses are compared as part of this analysis. We render an opinion on the results of this comparative analysis in terms of quality of the operation and financial stewardship.
- 3. To analyze the capital expenditures undertaken and to compare this analysis with Comparable Hotels, considering historic considerations: We analyze the projected capital plan for five (5) years, by line item, in terms of its adequacy. In addition, we present a scenario that provides for the financial viability and funding of the capital plan.

Use and Understanding of The Study

This study is being prepared for the exclusive use the owner, The City of Coral Gables (the "City"), and The Biltmore Hotel Limited Partnership (the "Tenant/Operator") pursuant to the Lease Agreement executed by the City and the Tenant/Operator.

The parties agreed that materials supplied in connection with the engagement be treated as proprietary and confidential, remaining exclusively with the divulging party.



CONSULTANT PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Your assignment has been performed by Mr. Thomas O'Neill, FRICS, MAI, CHA, Managing Director of Hotel Consulting International. He has 40 years of hotel operations, ownership, development, consulting, valuation and investing experience. Designations include: Fellow, Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (FRICS); Member Appraisal Institute (MAI). He has been qualified as an expert witness on hotel matters in legal proceedings. In addition, he has been a Senior Advisor for OPIC and EBRD (European Bank for Reconstruction and Development).

DATE OF INSPECTIONS

The subject property was inspected by Thomas F. O'Neill, MAI, FRICS, CHA on February 13th, 20th, March 4th, 9th, 10th, 11th and a final inspection on March 25th, 2018, while reviewing the draft report.

OPERATION STANDARD, 4 STAR MOBIL GUIDE OR SIMILAR OPERATION

According to the Lease Agreement City and the Tenant/Operator agree that the standard for comparison at the applicable time shall be to those hotels which are luxury first class destination resort hotels having a historic designation and at least a four-star rating in the Mobil Guide or its equivalent"

A Mobile Four-Star Establishment "is a Hotel/Resort/Inn which provides a luxury experience with expanded amenities in a distinctive environment. Services may include, but are not limited to: automatic turndown service, 24 hour room service and valet parking." An important distinction is that there is a star rating in the Mobile/Forbes Guide superior to that in the Lease Agreement.

The Lease Agreement defines Comparable Hotels as three hotels agreed upon by the City and Tenant/Operator. In lieu of the three hotel requirement, Comparable Four-Star Hotels and/or Historic Hotels of America with over 200 rooms were selected as the Comparable Hotels.

The Lease Agreement requires that the Hotel and Conference Center operate in a manner similar to other luxury class destination Hotels and Conference Centers in the industry.

The seven Comparable Hotels selected, comprising 3,240 rooms, included The Waldorf Astoria Boca Raton Resort, The Marriott Grand Hotel Resort Golf Club & Spa, The Marriott Sawgrass Golf Resort & Spa, The Renaissance St Augustine Resort World Golf Village, The Marriott Fort Lauderdale Coral Springs Hotel Golf Club & Convention Center, The Ritz-Carlton Golf



Resort Naples. The room count ranges from The Waldorf Astoria Boca Raton Resort with 1,047 rooms to The Marriott Fort Lauderdale Coral Springs Hotel Golf Club & Convention Center, with 224 rooms. These properties presented in the table below, were selected for the custom HOST report based on their resort hotel classification, performance indicators and comparable operations. Other hotels were considered but were not contributors to STR Global for a custom HOST report. This was particularly true for the Historic Hotels. The Waldorf Astoria represents 32.3% of the set and is also an historic hotel, but is not a listed as a National Historic Landmark hotel.

Table- 1-1 Operating Performance -HOST Custom Report Comparable Hotels Selected

5323 Waldorf Astoria Boca Raton Resort	Boca Raton	R	33432-6127	1047 Boca Raton, FL	Waldorf Astoria	Hilton Warldwide	*	٠
5768 Marriott Grand Hotel Resort Golf Club & Spa	Point Clear	AL	36564-0639	405 Mobile, Al. (Area)	Marriott	Marriott International		
3864 Marriott Sawgrass Golf Resort & Spa	Ponte Vedra Beach	FL	32082-3036	514 Jacksonville Beaches, FL	Marriott	Marriott International		
5700 Renalssance 5t Augustine Resort World Golf Village	St Augustine	FL	32092-2719	301 Jacksonville Other Areas, FL	Renaissance	Marriott International	•	
8144 Marriott Fort Lauderdale Coral Springs Hotel Golf Club & Conventio	Coral Springs	FL.	33076-1941	224 Coral Springs/Pompano Beach, Ft.	Marriott.	Marriott International		
2587 Ritz-Carlton Golf Resort Naples	Naples	FL	34109-3500	295 Naples, FL	Ritz-Cariton	Marriott International		
2703 Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort & Spa	Bonita Springs	A	34134-7234	454 Fort Myers Beach/Sanibel Island, I	Hyatt Regency	Hyatt	•	

COMPLIANCE WITH THE QUALITY ASSURANCE COVENANT

Is the operations of the property in compliance with the Lease Agreement's quality assurance covenant?

The consultant concludes that the Biltmore Operator is complying with the Lease Agreement quality assurance covenant.

The agreement states that "City and Developer agree that the standard for comparison at the applicable time shall be to those hotels which are luxury first class destination resort hotels having a historic designation and at least a four-star rating in the Mobil Guide or its equivalent".

- 1. There is no official rating system in the U.S and there is no set standard for luxury. Globally, luxury is an adjective for a range of quality levels that has been degraded by its overuse. However, the Lease Agreement specifies that it is the second ranking quality level in the Mobil Guide that applies. Mobil Guide was acquired by Forbes Travel Guide. Their incognito inspectors evaluate properties based on up to 900 objective standards. It awarded the Biltmore, its Four-Star award. This verifies that the Biltmore is in compliance with the terms of quality standards of the Forbes Travel Guide, the successor to the Mobil Guide for Four-Star Rating.
- 2. The Biltmore also adheres to a Four-Star Rating equivalent to the Mobil Rating. The Biltmore is a member of The Leading Hotels of the World (LHW), that is an equivalent to the Forbes Guide Four Star designation. LHW is a consortium of more than 375 Hotels and Resorts in more than 75 countries. To qualify, LHW requires "a hotel must be in



- the luxury category and meet the most exacting standards". LHW claims only the world's most distinguished properties are admitted. During the most recent inspection, the Biltmore achieved a report score of 82.2% while the average score was 82.3%. It ranked 9th out of 20 hotels in the LHW competitive set located in Florida.
- 3. The Biltmore's signature French restaurant helmed by Michelin starred Chef Gregory Pugin, Palme d'Or, has received top honors from Zagat, the coveted Five Diamond Award from AAA and the Forbes Four-Star Award. These honors provide further evidence of compliance with quality assurance covenants.
- 4. Because of ambiguity around the term luxury, we also considered other recognitions to determine an opinion as to adherence to the quality level intended in the operating agreement. The Biltmore ranked #10 in Top Hotels in Miami in the Condé Nast Traveler Readers' Choice Awards 2017. It was #4, in 2016. It ranked #4 of The Best Resort Hotels in Florida Travel & Leisure 2017. It was awarded the Trip Advisor Green Leaders Gold Award 2017 and within the Top 10 of South Florida Golf Courses by Golf Advisor 2017. It was the Winner of the 2016 Editors Picks Award as Best Hotel Wedding Venues. Jim McLean Golf School, which recently relocated to the Biltmore Golf Course, ranked #4 in 'The Best Teachers in America", by Golf Digest for 2017-2018.

COMPLIANCE WITH NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARK DESIGNATION AND CULTURAL COVENANTS.

Is the Biltmore Operator in compliance with the National Historic Landmark designation and cultural covenants?

The consultant concludes that the Biltmore Operator is complying with the cultural covenant. It was awarded the National Historic Landmark designation, a unique distinction for a South Florida hotel.

- 1. In 1996 under the stewardship of the current operator, the hotel was officially designated by the Federal Government as a National Historic Landmark. The impact on the Biltmore Hotel of its Historic Landmark status has benefits, both taxation and guest appeal but it is also an encumbrance due to associated high maintenance costs and restrictions.
- 2. In the Operations Agreement, Developer agreed to promote "programs of the arts and humanities" and to "cooperate with the City in facilitating and staging such arts and humanities programs at the Biltmore. In addition to the GableStage, a highly acclaimed live theater operating on-site, the Biltmore also welcomes non-hotel guests to the property, including groups, on tour as well as weekly scheduled lectures on Biltmore history.

There are opportunities for further cooperation with the City in developing additional arts and humanities programs at the Biltmore Coral Gables.



CONSULTANT'S QUALITY ASSURANCE REVIEW

Is the Biltmore Operator in compliance with the quality assurance covenant in the Lease Agreement?

The consultant performed multiple inspections and studied LHW's Leading Quality Assurance (LQA) inspections reports; and concludes that the Biltmore Operator is complying. The consultant's report corroborates the quality assurance conclusions of LHW.

- 1. LHW consistently evaluates potential and existing member hotels by a demanding set of quality standards. The most recent inspection for the Biltmore Hotel was January 24th, 2017. During this inspection, the Biltmore achieved a report score of 82.2% while the average score was 82.3%. Average score relates to all LQA audits performed in the 12-month period. The Biltmore Hotel ranked 9th out of 20 hotels in the LHW competitive set analysis of other LHW hotels.
- 2. LHW provides audit tools to assist management in maintaining standards; we based our inspection on the LQA forms available at their website. The subject property was inspected by this consultant on February 13th, 20th, March 4th, 9th, 10th, 11th and a final inspection on the 25th, 2018. We conducted 7 inspections, 5 incognito, including a two-night stay. We scored quality using LQA criteria. We concluded with a score of 91.6%, significantly higher than the 82.3% score. An idiosyncrasy in the LOA audit methodology is that each criterion carries the same weight and is mostly based on guest experience and less on maintenance issues. For example, a perfectly served coffee carries the same weight as the much more complex "tasting offering" of Palm d' OR. The housekeeping score was somewhat weighted down by the Property Operations and Maintenance (POM) failures. In general, the hotel was very clean, the many public toilets were serviced frequently. However, maintenance was lacking in the rooms and some of the public areas. It is likely that the Property Operations and Maintenance (POM) is overwhelmed, partly due to inadequate capital programs that demand constant maintenance and less dependence on replacements. The Historical Landmark status frequently demands repair over replacement.; the elevators for example must be rebuilt to comply with restrictions for a Historic Landmark. This deficiency should be addressed by an adequate investment in the capital programs. Overall there appears to be minimal risk in losing this status based on the criteria and weighing of LHW's LQA scoring. The 32 page LQA style audit performed by Hotel Consulting International is a separate report within the supporting documentation.



CONSULTANT'S COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS- FINANCIAL OPERATING PERFORMANCE BILTMORE

Is the Biltmore's financial operating performance in line with Comparable Hotels?

The Consultant believes the hotel has performed in line with comparable hotels and its peers in the industry for most benchmarks. The only exceptions are the operating expenses and capital costs that are substantially higher. These expenses relate to the property upkeep that includes POM, capital and utilities. They also relate to administrative and marketing expenses that are driven by the Biltmore's wide range of facilities for a property with such a low room count. However, these facilities add to the resort ambiance of the Biltmore. We render an opinion on the results of this comparative analysis in terms of quality of the operation and financial stewardship.

STR Global, a hotel data benchmarking company, prepared 3 Trend Reports for the Biltmore, encompassing hotels and resorts considered most comparable for operating performance evaluation purposes. While the Average Daily Rate (ADR) recent positioning for the hotel has improved significantly, there has been a demand trade-off, because of higher ADRs. In 2017, the ADR gained 11.1% over 2015. The Biltmore posted an occupancy rate, 8 percent points below the Competitive Set. In 2015 and 2016, the Biltmore occupancy compared more favorably with the set. However, it was the lowest ranking occupancy performer in 2017 within the set. These statistics indicate that the subject potential ADR increases may be limited in the future as pricing sensitivity is evident. In addition, there are challenges going forward with the entry of new hotels that are inducing demand away from hotels like the Biltmore and locations like Coral Gables. In addition, the cost to operate and maintain an historic landmark hotel is substantially higher than the Compet-The RevPAR (Revenue Per Available Room) decline of 5.52% since 2015, supports that view, with the drop attributable to the decline in occupied rooms. There are some advantages of trading ADR for Occupancy in that it provides more unoccupied rooms to sell that will provide capacity for further growth in both rooms and other departments revenues. The Marketing Department is currently focused on increasing the group business. The consultant has studied the hotel's very comprehensive Marketing Plan and is impressed with the action plan to capture more business yet maintain its pricing integrity. Other than improving profitability, another advantage of trading average rate for occupancy is lower maintenance costs as less occupancy typically requires less 'wear and tear' and thus lower maintenance expenses. The current pricing strategy should be maintained as long as market conditions supports it and there are no major shifts in the economy.

Once the Capital Plan is executed, the improved room product will permit a more aggressive pricing strategy



CAPITAL PLAN ANALYSIS, PLAN, FUNDING, VIABILITY

Are the capital expenditures in line with industry norms? How will the Proposed Capital be funded, so that it is viable?

Historical capital expenditures have been significantly higher than industry norms of 3% to 4%. The Biltmore has special challenges in operating a National Historic Landmark hotel, an off-beach resort location, expansive facilities with inadequate room count, to support them. In addition to major increases in new hotels that induce demand away from existing hotels and locations like Coral Gables. The Capital Plan is critical, ahead of a flood of new hotels and in preparation for the next economic downturn.

In 1985, the City of Coral Gables leased the subject hotel to the Worsham Brothers who restored the building at a cost of approximately \$55 million. In June of 1992, The Seaway Group, became the new operator of the Biltmore and subsequently made significant investments in restoring and refurbishing the property, left unfinished by the original developer/operator. The total capital (Capital) expenditures over the 25 years (1992-2017) are \$79,862,570 including \$8,294,780 in grants. During the same time-frame, a total of \$62,825,054 was also expended on Property Operations & Maintenance (POM). The total expenditures, both Capital and POM, totals \$142,667,624. From an accounting perspective, Capital and POM are separate line items, but there may be overlap. For the subject, the POM expense is also much higher than the industry norm. The annual average for Capital, before grants, was 7.85% of total revenue, or an accumulate of \$260,247 per room, over a 25-year period. The most recent Capital expenditure was \$2,391,403 or 5.13% of revenue and \$8,696 per room for 2017. The lowest Capital was for 2014 at \$742,690 or 1.54% of revenue. The highest was in the year 2000, when \$19,743,708 or 56.86% of revenue was the Capital expended. That figure spiked as it was also the year the Biltmore's Conference Center of the Americas (CCA) was built.

In 2005, the 12,000-square foot Biltmore Spa was developed on the seventh floor at a cost of \$3.2 million The Biltmore Golf Course (Donald Ross Golf Course) operation commenced in January 2004. The facility was restored, under the direction of noted architect, Brian Silva and reopened in November 2007. Course drainage was improved and a new irrigation system was installed. In 2009, The Biltmore Culinary Academy and the GableStage



Theater began operation. In 2012, the pool was restored and a pump heater was also installed. The project was part of a structural work program that was completed and paid for by a County Grant. For 2016, capital projects included 30 rooms renovation with A/C raiser pipe re-insulation and guestroom A/C plenum; bathtub to shower conversion. This 30-room project included bathrooms and room tile, plumbing, oxidation, drywall and paint. Further projects include ballroom/meeting rooms, pre-function space. Similar capital projects were completed in 2017 at a total cost of \$2,391,402.

Typical Reserve for Replacement (R&R) for Capital is to 3% to 4% and is an industry average. However, the Comparable Hotels R&R reserve, is a low 1.2% of revenue. By a significant margin, the Biltmore is much more aggressive in capital and POM maintenance spending, than its competitor set hotels. The Biltmore is much more expensive to operate in terms capital and POM maintenance than its competitor set hotels.

The future capital projects have been reported to the City of Coral Gables, amount to \$21,535,000 and are summarized in the table below. They include replacing Chiller and Air Handling Units, Re-building both Guests and Service Elevators, Repair /Replacing Boilers and Pumps and attention to Life Safety Issues. The Guestrooms FF&E, Bathrooms and the hallways would be refreshed. In addition, the Biltmore proposes to upgrade the Banquet Space and the Lobby Décor - both Upper and Lower. Also, a priority is the Upper Driveway & Parking Garage and Roof Replacement. The Biltmore 10 Years Recertification and CCA (Conference Center of the Americas) 40 Years Recertification also needs to be completed.

Table 1-2 Future Capital Projects

Projectu	Description	Classification	Total Cost
Windows / Doors	See detailed worksheet	Capital	\$5,500,000
HVAC	Hotel Chiller and Air Mandling Unit	Capital	\$1,420,000
Bevators - Guest	3 elevators including service	Capital	\$1,600,000
Devators - Service	Belevators Including service	Capital	\$1,200,000
CCA Chiller & Cooking Tower	Cooling base rusted, needs a rebuild, need fresh air make up control room	Capital	\$185,000
Hotel HVAC	Air make up on floors, colls in rooms, air handlers	Capital	5265,000
Bollers & Jacket Pumps	Rolliers & storage tanks are underground, way past useful life spam - in progress	Capital	\$260,000
Upper Driveway & Parking Garage	Can not support weight of modern vehicles, walkway requires norskip surface, garage has cracks and spalding	Coptai	\$200,000
Biltmore 10 Yrs Recertification	Exterior certification plun courtyard second floors cracks, guest room decks, emergency stair cases & size below Cascade Bar.	Capital	\$185,000
CCA 40 Yrs. Recentification	Required by city & county code - in progress to include storage rooms lower level southfacing	Caphai	\$120,000
Roof Repairs	Roof Repairs	Captal	\$100,000
Urle Sarlety	New alarm panels in CCA and Main Hotel Building	Capital	\$200,000
looms IF&E	See Design Scope (not attached)	Capital	\$7,000,000
toom Hallways	See Design Scope (not attached)	Capital	\$550,000
loom Bathroom Refresh	Replace all hardware, refusite total, new lighting	Capital	\$450,000
Banquet Space	FF&E Replacement Carpet, Paint, Trim and Drapes	PAN	\$950,000
iobby Décor - Upper	Includes all FF&E, Lighting Rugs Drapes and Window Treatment	881	\$980,000
Jobby Décor Lowes	Includes all FF&E, Lighting Rugs Drapes and Window Treatment	lah .	5600,000
		Grand total	\$21,535,000



Table 1-3 assumes that the Capital Funding could be accelerated to a two-year time frame and a reserve of 4% of revenue is forecasted over a five-year schedule. The shortfall would be \$12,462,049. This scenario is not viable as the Biltmore's profitability is inadequate to support such an aggressive expenditure schedule.

To complete and accomplish the objectives of the capital plan, it will likely be necessary to increase the Operator's contribution by increasing the reserve substantially, and build in a contribution from the City as owner.

Table 1-3 Future Capital Funding										
	Foral Cost	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022				
<u>Sub Total</u>	\$20,797,088	\$14,729,174	58,592,894	\$550,000	\$450,900	50				
Total Capital	\$22,629,856	512,636,962	\$8,992,894	\$550,000	\$450,000	So_				
Allowers Projection of Total Revenue Relative Additions @1% Annual Southel	47 (40,36) (12,462,049)	69.467,793 1,889.615 (16,747,347)	\$1.951,129 1,978,712 (7,014,182)	27.480.385 2,038,073 1,488,073	54 (958, 795 2,099,215 1,649,215	55 676 819 2,162,192 2,162,192				
	200	William.		L						

In our analysis which is summarized below in Table 1-4, the consultant presents a scenario where the Annual Reserve is increased by 50% over the standard 4% of revenue, to 6%; and the City contributes half of the lease payments it receives. In 2017, the total lease amount was 3.5% of adjusted revenue, which amounted to \$1,675,804. We have also extended the capital projects out two further years for a four-year plan. In this scenario, there remains a net shortfall of \$2,929,729. How the shortfall is addressed should be accomplished by either reducing the capital plan, increasing both contributions, or by extending the contribution time frame. We have not proposed extending the capital plan deadline beyond four years as the hotel needs to be well prepared, for the next downturn, the next flood of new hotel product, by accomplishing the capital plan objectives without saddling the operation with additional debt. We conclude that the capital plan is necessary to maintain the competiveness of the Biltmore. It has unique physical challenges, but also faces external factors such new competitive hotels and at some future date, an economic downturn.

	Total Cost.	2018	2019	2020	7071	3022
Sub Total 2 Years	\$20,782,068	\$10,789,174	\$1,392,894	\$\$50,000	\$450,000	50
Total Capital Plan exclanded to 4 Years	\$22,629,856	\$6,318,481	\$6,318,481	\$4,496,447	\$4,496,447	\$1,000,000
Biltmore Projection of Total Revenue	47.040.580	49 467,796	\$0.951.82 8	52.450.084	14,054,785	55,676.439
Reserve Additions (PEN) Owner/Cov Contribution 1,75%		2,834,423 826,707	2,968,068 865,686	3,057,110 891,657	3,148,823 918,407	3,243,288 945,959
Total Contribution	L F	3,661,129	3,833,754	3,948,767	4,067,230	4,189,247
Annual Shortfall	(2,929,729)	(2,657,352)	(2,484,727)	[547,680]	[429,217]	3,189,247



These factors do create a sense of urgency in addressing the capital needs. How the shortfall is addressed should be accomplished by negotiations between the City and the Operator.

BILTMORE HOTEL IMPROVEMENTS

How does the Biltmore's facilities and layout compare with peers in the industry?

The Biltmore has a wide range of facilities that compare favorably with comparable hotels. This is advantageous for attracting guests to the area. The high-quality level of the amenities distinguishes the hotel and partially compensates for its off-beach location. The layout configuration compliments the resort ambiance as a first-class destination and enhances the area but creates built-in inefficiencies that add greatly to the cost of operation. Another cost factor is that of the 275 guest rooms, 170 rooms are designated as luxury suites. As a result, this large room inventory is costlier to maintain. It is also challenged with a low room count relative to the scale and operational costs of its facilities and amenities. The room count is also too low for a large segment of the group business.

In addition to 275 guestrooms, the resort includes four restaurants, with a combined seating capacity of approximately 500 persons, two bar lounges, 76,000 square feet of meeting space, 30,000 square feet of leased office space, a spa, fitness center, an outdoor heated swimming pool, a parking garage, onsite surface parking and other amenities. The William H. Kerdyk Biltmore Tennis Center featuring ten lighted courts, is City managed and available to guests. The hotel boasts one of the largest pools in the U.S. and its style and function is very popular, however it has been costly to operate. The Golf operation is a separate affiliated company operating under a management agreement.

The Biltmore is designed in the Mediterranean revival style with large stone columns, decorative hand-painted ceilings, Italian marble floors and an openair courtyard, with fountains and terraces. The Biltmore has a four-star, four-diamond ranking and is the only resort in South Florida designated a National Historic Landmark.



The Biltmore's expansive meeting facilities are approximately 76,000 square feet mostly in the main hotel and in the adjacent Conference Center of the Americas (CCA). Total available interior space is 64,720 square feet. The Main hotel building features 16 meeting rooms (14,720 square feet) and 17 rooms (24,439 square feet) including two amphitheaters in the Conference Center of the Americas. There is about 11,280 square feet of additional outdoor banquet pre-function space.

The amount of space is greater than is typical for a 275-room hotel, which remains a challenge to the subject as long as there is such a low room count. Approximately 35% of the Biltmore's total revenue is attributed to rooms revenue and the 65% balance is derived from other departments. This rooms revenue percentage is well below the Competitive Set and industry norms and negatively affects Gross Operating Margins. The competitive set's rooms revenue was 39.9% of total revenue reflecting their larger room count and 60.1% from other departments.

The Biltmore is located in the heart of Coral Gables on an expansive (±6.69 acre) site. The facilities are extensive but are spread out over a large footprint. The configuration compliments the resort ambiance as a first-class destination and enhances the area but creates built-in inefficiencies that add greatly to the cost of operation. It is also challenged with a low room count relative to the scale and operational costs of its facilities and amenities. The room count is also too low for a large segment of the group business. It has one of the largest pool in the U.S. and its style and function is very popular, however it has been costly to operate beyond the norm for a resort. It was these inefficiencies and unfavorable market conditions that forced the Sovereign Group, who operated the hotel from January 1987 to March 1990, to file for bankruptcy.

SOCIAL MEDIA AND TRAVEL WEBSITES ANALYSIS

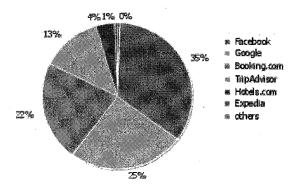
According to a new report by Revinate Marketing, a hotel marketing data solution provider, the top 4 media sites generated 74% of all Biltmore reviews, with Facebook entering the top four for the first time and Google doubling its review volume versus 2016. Revinate's software platform helps hotels collect and sort data from consumer review websites such as TripAdvisor, an official partner, and Google Reviews, as well as social networks such as Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, Foursquare. The timely data is then used to adjust hotel operations and allow hotels to respond quickly to online reviews. The platform also measures guest experiences through reviews, survey data and social media mentions. Among its key findings, Revinate reports 27% more reviews in 2017. Hoteliers responded to 29.7% of their reviews, most often to 5-star reviews (32.8%).

The Revinate report contains an overview of the key metrics shows the distribution of reviews across top websites. The "Competition Overview" compares



the Biltmore to its competitive set, and the "Review Rating Detail" displays detailed ratings. The number of Reviews on the Biltmore Hotel, according to Revinate website was Facebook #1 with 35% of total, Alphabet's Google was #2, with 25%, Booking.com at #3 and 22% share. TripAdvisor was 13%.

Table 1-5 Review by Websites-Revinate



1-6 Competition Overview

	Competit	ion Overview	Ť.		er.	
	Review Rating	Pos. Reviews	Recommended	# of Reviews	Review Share	TA Pop. Index
The Biltmore Coral Gables Miami, FL	4.44	81%	100%	106	10%	92%
Conrad Miami, FL	4,06	67%	80%	147	14%	88%
Four Seasons Hotel Miami	4.66	91%	100%	124	12%	98%
Mandarin Oriental Miami, FL	4.48	83%	85%	171	17%	96%
Tumberry Isle Miami, FL - Autograph Collection	4.31	80%	60%	99	10%	81%
The Ritz-Carlton Coconut Grove	4.27	81%	75%	42	4%	82%
Boca Raton Resort & Club. A Waldorf Astoria Resort, FL	1.40	10%	100%	345	33%	82%

According to Revinate 81% of the Biltmore's ratings were positive compared with only 10% for Boca Raton Resort & Club and 67% for the Conrad, Miami. Of the 106 Reviews for the Biltmore, 100% recommended the hotel. The Biltmore ranked # 1, in terms of value, #2 in Cleanliness #3 overall, #4 in Rooms and Service. The location rated last at 7th place ranking, as being the least favorable location of the set.

Table 1-7 Review Rating Detail

·	Jan '18	Since Last Month	Dec '17	Comp Rank	Comp Set
Overall	4.44	2%	4.36	#3	3.27
Cleanliness	4.71	1%	4.67	#2	4.42
Location	3.00	-31%	4.33	#7	4.50
Rooms	4.40	-1%	4.43	#4	4.30
Service	4.14	10%	3.75	#4	4.20
Value	5.00	47%	3.40	#1	3.75



According to the Revinate Report the Biltmore was trending positive in terms of General Staff Quality and Service, and Food & Beverage. However, sentiment trended negative in terms of Room Décor and Design, and Pool Facilities.

Trip Advisor ranked the Biltmore as the top hotel of 12 hotels in Coral Gables. Of 1,896 reviews the rating was 4.5 star, with 58% attributing an excellent assessment, 24% very good and 3% a terrible rating. The reviewers ranked the Biltmore Sunday Champagne Brunch, the Fontana as #3, #4 of 36 Coral Gables Restaurants, both with 4.5 star ratings. Orbitz 573 reviewers rated the Biltmore 4.5 star. Kayak rates the subject as 4 star with particularly high marks for the pool and Spa. According to the Trip Advisor Sentiment Analysis from full year 2017 the overall score for the Biltmore was 59, 3.3% lower than in 2016. The analysis encompassed 1,233 reviews. The highest scores were attributable to Service and Food and Beverage while the lowest was for rooms and value. Areas needing attention included front desk communications skills, internet access, manager helpfulness, newspaper, pests and room lighting. While "Value" rated low here with Revinate, it ranked first.

Currently Expedia travel site rated the Biltmore Hotel at a rating of 4.5 of 5 with 90% of guests recommending the hotel. It rated Room Cleanliness at 4.7, Service & Staff at 4.6. Room Comfort at 4.5 and hotel condition at 4.5. The rating was based on 580 verified reviews. Trivago current guest rating based on 1,018 reviews scored the hotel as 8 excellent and 8.7 score. The Biltmore ranks #1 in Coral Gables under rating search. Hotels.com rated the Biltmore as excellent 4.4 out of 5 based on 169 reviews. Further statistics and displays are presented in the supporting documentation.

REVIEW OF SUBJECT OPERATING STATEMENTS

We evaluated the hotel as to its performance and reviewed the operation and evaluated its performance in comparison to other comparable hotels where financial information was available. A full Report is within the supporting documentation with actual performance for the property for 2016 and 2017. These statements were provided by the Biltmore's management and are based on audited financial statements.

The number of occupied rooms (2017 vs. 2016) declined 7.9%, a loss of 5,287 room nights resulting is a 5% decline in revenue. This was a direct result from lower demand for banqueting and meeting space. This, in turn, led to reductions in demand for all other services and resulted in a marginal decline in other departments. The loss was partially absorbed by higher pricing. The pricing strategy has been successful, but may have impacted demand in 2017. Regaining market share is management's objective for 2018 while maintaining pricing integrity.



We have also reviewed data from STR Global relating to income and expense for comparable properties. STR Global provided a custom HOST (Hotel Operations Statistics) report for selected properties, referred to as Comparable Hotels. The properties summarized in Table 1-1 were selected by Hotel Consulting International as they were upscale resort properties, with golf amenities, in Florida with similar attributes, and with stabilized operations. They are not perfect matches; many enjoy waterfront locations or benefit from a more favorable configuration and are less spread out, thus easier to operate. The STR Global 2017 data is not available until May. As set forth previously, the STR Global data benchmarking statistics, illustrated that while the Biltmore's occupancy performance has trended lower the Average Daily Rate (ADR) has trended much higher over the past two years. Overall RevPAR has been consistently higher.

Approximately 35% of the Biltmore's total revenue is attributed to rooms revenue and the 65% balance is derived from other departments. The Biltmore's Total Revenue Per Occupied Room (POR) is 53% higher than STR Host set, reflecting that all departments are consistently higher in terms of (POR). The Banqueting/ Meeting POR is more than double the set and the Spa and Retail also outperform with this benchmark. Furthermore, Restaurant Food POR is higher than the set.

The Departmental Expenses PAR (Per Available Room) are higher than the set, but the ratios to revenue demonstrate the management's success in controlling departmental costs. The Food & Beverage (F&B) Department operates at 75.2% of F&B Revenue is 65.1% more than set. Telephone expense ratio is at 74.4% better than set at 76.9%. Total Departmental Income posted a POR 69%, greater than the set. Rooms expense is 27.9% of rooms revenue, costlier than set at 24.3%. This further reflects the less favorable configuration and layout of the subject's facilities, that adds to operational costs.

However, Operating Expenses A&G (Administrative & General) Expense PAR (Per Available Room) are 84% higher than the set and this significantly weighs on the House Profit ratio. Marketing Expense PAR is 65% greater than set. Property Operations and Maintenance (POM) is 81% higher and reflects the challenges of the property layout and its Historical Landmark status. Utility Costs PAR are, higher by 85%, again due to configuration, historical preservation and other related challenges. Past Reserve for Replacement (R&R) for the Biltmore's Capital is 4%. By a significant margin the Biltmore is much more expensive to operate in terms capital and POM maintenance than the competitor set hotels.

The Net Operating Income (NOI) Ratio was below the set 2016 and 2017. Personal property tax is presented in the set there is no real property taxes for the Biltmore. In comparison, Real Estate Taxes were \$3,050 PAR for set. The tax savings, however are absorbed by the higher Operating Expenses, partic-

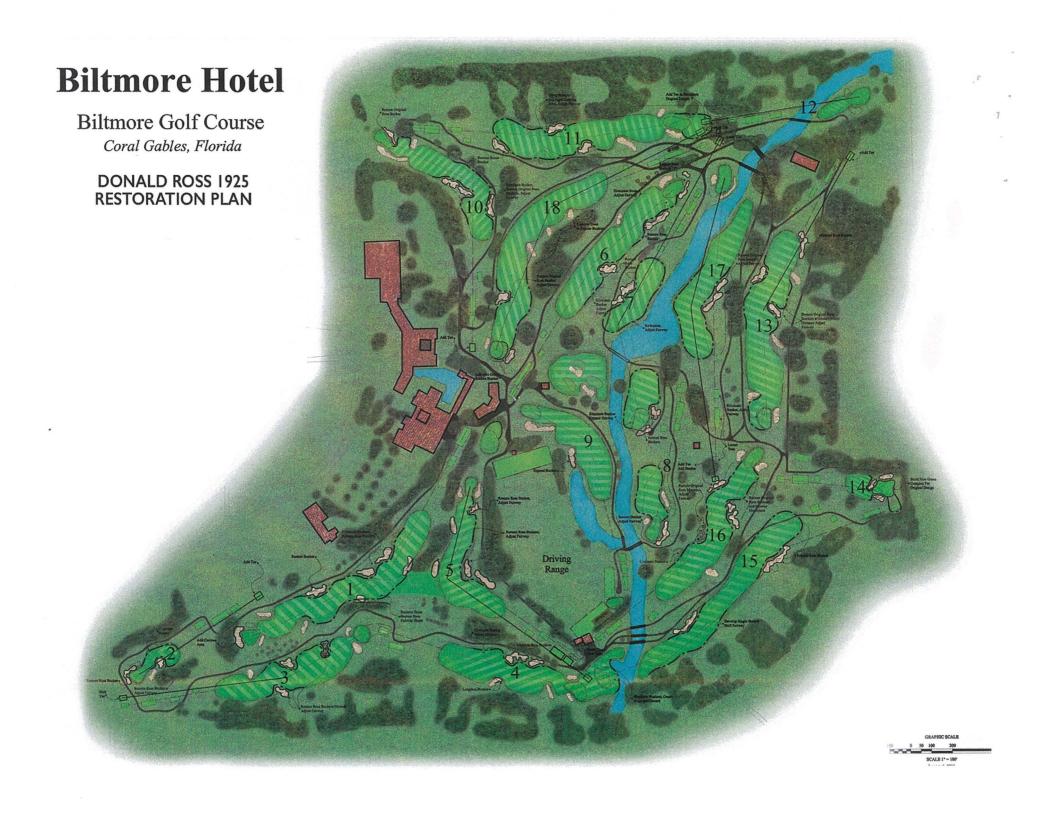


ularly POM and Utilities, without any overage for the capital costs. The Management Fee of 3%, has not been taken for years which demonstrates a commitment to the Biltmore. This fee is at lower end of industry norm of 3% to 4%, lower than Competitive Set 2.1%. Incentive Fees are common and typically raise the management fees above the norm especially during good economic periods.

The following are highlights of our conclusions most pertinent to the assignment.

- □ This rooms revenue percentage is well below the Competitive Set and industry norms and negatively affects Gross Operating Margins. The competitive set's rooms revenue was 39.9% of total revenue reflecting their larger room count and 60.1% from other departments.
- Management has been successful in maintaining existing levels of department expenses whereby total departmental profit percentage has remained essentially the same in 2016 and 2017.
- Operating Expenses A&G Expense PAR (Per Available Room) are significantly higher than the set. Property Operations and Maintenance (POM) is 81% higher and Utilities PAR is 85% higher than the set and reflect the operational challenges.
- □ Past Reserve for Replacement (R&R) provisions for the Biltmore's Capital has been 4%. Actual Capital expenditure have average much higher 7.85%. By a significant margin the Biltmore is much more expensive to operate in terms of capital and POM maintenance than its competitor set hotels.
- Greater capital investment should lead to higher occupancy. Pricing has been aggressive, but greater capital investment may provide an opportunity to increase revenues by increasing utilization and maintaining a price premium in all departments.

A SWOT analysis (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats) was also performed and forms part of the supporting documentation. This analysis concludes the Biltmore Hotel historically, has very low profitability as it is encumbered with high operational and capital costs. POM, Utility, Operations, Capital Expenses are exceptionally high, well above the level the HOST comparable set reported. The operational costs are high due to dispersed configuration, large pool, low room count. It is also encumbered also by National Historic Landmark requirements. Furthermore, It is also external challenged of a drop off in its marketwide demand caused by overwhelming new supply of hotels and other competitors such as Airbnb. The property needs the capital improvements program to be escalated to counter new competition, to meet its unique operational challenges and to prepare effectively for the next economic downturn.



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