Real Estate Advisory Services

MEMORANDUM

TO:	Javier Betancourt, AICP Director, Economic Development Department, City of Coral Gables
FROM:	Barry Abramson
SUBJECT:	Evaluation of Stage II Proposals to Garages 1 & 4 RFP
DATE:	January 18, 2017

This memorandum summarizes our evaluation of the proposals submitted in response to the City's Stage II RFP for the Garages 1 and 4 properties in the Coral Gables CBD which called for staged development of 1,000 public parking spaces and private development. Our evaluation focused on the real estate and financial implications of the proposals, integrating the input of the City's parking consultant (TimHass) and financial advisor (Public Finance Management, Inc.) and the appraisal firm (Waronker & Rosen), which estimated the properties' value in 2014, and, also, incorporates input provided by City staff. The evaluation is based on the proposal submittals and follow-up written clarifications provided in advance of the presentations, the proposers' in-person presentations, verbal responses to questions at the August 4th presentations, and written clarifications provided by one of the proposers thereafter. Research underlying the evaluation was done through spring and early summer of this year with the exception that estimated debt service for bond financing was updated to reflect current anticipation of future financial market conditions.

BACKGROUND

Proposals Evaluated

Five proposers submitted Stage I proposals. The City invited all five to make Stage II proposals. Two of the proposers submitted Stage II proposals:

- Coral Gables City Center, LLC a special purpose entity 50:50 JV of Allen Morris Company and Related Group and their subsidiaries
- TC Gables, LLC an affiliate of Terranova Corporation in partnership with ZOM and Gibson Development

Coral Gables City Center submitted three alternative proposal versions. The proposer's preferred versions – 2 and 3 differ from one another only in roof-top ornament and so are considered in the evaluation as effectively one proposal in addition to Version 1.

TC Gables Center submitted one proposal version for which information and proposed terms were submitted adequate for evaluation. The proposal also refers to the possibility of an

alternate proposal. However, the proposer stated in the presentation/interviews that this alternative was more of a concept rather than a reliable proposal and the terms proposed for their proposed version could not be inferred to apply to this alternative concept, nor were they prepared to make a financial proposal at that time. Accordingly, only the one proposal for which substantial submittal information and terms were provided was considered in the evaluation.

Request for Proposals

The RFP allowed three alternative options for development – each to result in the staged development of the Garage 1 and Garage 4 sites for a total of 1,000 public parking spaces plus private mixed-use development. These options are:

- Proposal Option 1 Acquire and develop both sites. The Garage 1 site would be developed first with no less than 700 and no more than 800 public parking spaces plus private ground floor commercial space, and, possibly, private air-rights development. Upon completion of the Garage 1 Public Parking Project, the Developer would be allowed to commence construction on the Garage 4 site, which would include the remainder of the required 1,000 public parking spaces plus private development.
- **Proposal Option 2** Acquire and develop both sites with the number of public parking spaces to be provided in Garage 1 no less than 500 and no more than 800 and the number of public parking spaces to be provided in Garage 4 no less than 200 and no more than 500 (totaling 1,000) as well as private development.
- **Proposal Option 3** Acquire and develop only one site which would contain 500 public parking spaces as well as private development.

Key requirements of the RFP considered particularly relevant to this evaluation are:

- The Developer must provide the above-specified minimum number of public parking spaces above and beyond any parking required by the zoning code for all other uses developed within the facilities included in each proposal.
- Staging of the projects so that the new public parking on one site must be completed before possession and construction may commence on the second site.
- Under the second or third options, strong preference that Garage 1 be the first site to be developed, given the substandard condition of that garage.
- Conformance to the requirements of the Coral Gables Mediterranean Level 2 Style Design bonus and consistency with the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Code and, if proposing changes to the requirements of the existing Zoning Code or Comprehensive Plan, an alternative without the proposed changes should be proposed. Specific design guidelines included:

- Encroachment over the rear alley of no more than 10 feet and no more than five feet beyond the property line on the Andalusia Avenue frontage.
- Proposals for height exceeding that allowed under the City's Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Code will not be considered.
- Proposers are strongly encouraged to limit FAR to no more than that allowed under the City's Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Code, including increases allowed with transfer of development rights. If FAR in excess of that is proposed, proposals would be expected to provide significant public benefits, and an alternative proposal consistent with the maximum allowed FAR would be required.
- The City does not intend to provide capital gap subsidy or financing for the project.

Evaluation Criteria and Considerations

The RFP called for Stage II proposals to be evaluated based on the following criteria and weighting:

- **Capability of the Proposer and Development Team.** Based on the same criteria as in the first stage evaluation, which may be supplemented with additional information provided in this stage proposal from previously identified or new team members... Relative qualifications and capacity will be considered a comparative criteria weighed along with the other criteria. Developer qualifications shall be of primary importance in the evaluation of this criterion. 20%
- Likelihood of Feasibility. The likelihood of the proposed project being feasible in a reasonable timeframe, considering: (1) the thoroughness and convincing nature of the market, development/construction, financing, operating, and other elements of the proposer's analyses, assumptions, and strategies; (2) financing commitments, if any; (3) implementation schedule; and (4) conditions and contingencies for realizing the project such as financing, market/pre-leasing, and regulatory/approvals, and how likely these are to be achieved. 20%
- Financial Return to City. This would include the value of the proposed lease or sale terms, any subsidy requested from the City, and the value of the Public Parking Project to be provided by the Developer, as well as real estate taxes and any other direct or other clearly identifiable revenues to the City that would be generated by the project, and consideration of the timing and likelihood of receiving these revenues. Also considered will be the nature of the proposed transaction whether long term lease or purchase of the Garage 4 site and any other transactional aspects of the proposal which the City considers to impact its interests. (It should be noted that, although revenue generated by the project is an important evaluation criterion, the City is not obligated to award a lease to or negotiate with the proposer who proposes the highest financial return to the City.) 15%

- Enhancement of the Public Parking Supply in a Cost-Effective Manner. This would include the number of spaces, operational efficiency, aesthetic quality, and amenity of the proposed public parking component. Also considered will be the timing and surety of replacement of the Garage 1 public parking facility. 25%
- Contribute to the Vitality, Amenity, and Economic Activity of and in the CBD. This would include consideration of the proposed project's ability to generate patrons for business and other activity appropriate to a vibrant downtown, activate pedestrian areas, minimize traffic or other negative impacts, have a high quality architecture and aesthetic appeal, and the inclusion of green initiatives, providing green and sustainable components and initiatives beyond what is required and/or that are unique solutions. 20%

The RFP also stated that the City would evaluate the relative merits of proposals relative to each other as well as relative to alternate means of fulfilling its objectives such as the City funding and constructing a public parking facility on the Garage 1 site.

Notwithstanding the above-referenced and other requirements and guidelines in the RFP, the RFP made clear that "the City Commission retains the full and final discretion to select any proposal that it determines is in the best interests of the City, and the City Commission also retains full and final discretion to determine that no proposal will be selected".

EVALUATION

The evaluation is summarized in the following section and in the exhibits that follow:

The exhibit "Summary of Estimated Financial Effect to City" presents various measures of financial return to the City and cost-effective enhancement of parking supply based on the transaction terms, including provision of parking, and real estate tax revenues, for the three proposals as well as for a base case scenario which assumes the City funds and constructs a public parking facility on the Garage 1 site.

Major elements of the proposed programs and transactions are summarized in the exhibits "Program Summary" and "Summary of Proposed Terms".

The exhibit "Evaluation Criteria Summary" presents, in matrix form, a summary of the evaluation of the proposals based on the criteria specified in the RFP.

Exhibits presenting the detailed financial analyses and key assumptions underlying them are presented following that.

Coral Gables City Center Version 1

Generally, this proposal conforms to the RFP's physical and programmatic guidelines and requirements, though it calls for purchase of the Garage 4 site, which the RFP allows, rather than lease, for which the RFP states a strong preference. The proposal also secures construction of the major portion of the public parking (722 spaces) in the first phase, as per Option 1 of the RFP. There are no apparent reasons why the proposal would not be feasible in a reasonable timeframe.

However, the proposal is considered to require very substantial improvement in terms of its financial return to the City and enhancement of the public parking supply in a cost-effective manner, being far less financially beneficial to the City than the base case scenario or what the City could reasonably anticipate from a project resulting from the RFP process.

The proposal offers no lease or sale payments (save for nominal \$10 amounts) for the Garage 1 and 4 land and development rights and any TDRs required to support FAR in excess of the 3.5 as-of-right density which are proposed to be granted by the City from other City-owned properties and which the City might otherwise, if it were to so choose, be able to sell to other projects or use for its own purposes. A preliminary estimate of FAR based on estimates provided by the proposer and input of City staff indicates an FAR of 3.64. This would require 14,000 square feet of TDRs, worth approximately \$500,000, based on market pricing indicated by recent sales of TDRs.

The proposal claims \$56,800,000 of financial benefits to the City based on certain costs the developer would incur. Foremost among these is the \$40,500,000 allocated cost of the public parking to be financed by the proposer. From a financial perspective, it would be reasonable to claim the full (reasonable) allocated cost of the public parking as warranting full credit as a benefit to the City if it were being financed by the developer with the City to receive all revenues (net of attributable operating expenses). However, the proposal calls for the developer to retain the first \$2,000,000 of annual revenues (nearly all estimated revenues in the initial years of full operation of both of the new parking facilities) and share with the City 50% of the excess over that amount. While the City would benefit from the public parking being made available, it wouldn't make sense to credit as a financial benefit to the City the allocated development cost of the public parking under proposed terms which provide the developer with the lion's share of the revenues. Rather, the estimated revenues the City would receive from its participation would constitute the financial benefit to the City.

In addition to funding development of the public parking, the proposer claims another \$16,300,000 of project costs as financial benefits to the City. The recognition of these costs as benefits to the City is also a matter of perspective. For example, "building architectural upgrade premiums" is the second largest element (after parking) – \$8,300,000 in Version 1. This is the cost of premium elements above and beyond what would be required to meet the Coral Gables Mediterranean standard, such as high level finishes and the arch in the

Garage 4 building. The value the City would ascribe to these elements (e.g. how much the City would be willing to pay for these premium architectural elements at these sites) is most appropriately considered as a qualitative element in the evaluation criteria that includes amenity ("quality architecture and aesthetic appeal") rather than quantified in the "financial return to the City" criteria. Generally, City staff indicates that current Coral Gables Mediterranean design standards require a high level of architecture, design and finish.

Other elements of the proposer's claimed benefits (e.g. demolition, an automated parking collection system, reimbursement of the City's third party fees, securing long term dedicated use of paseos (in the case of Garage 1, if not connecting to the two existing paseos)) are either required by the RFP or inherent to the project, so are not considered as financial benefits to the City.

While the financial return and cost-effectiveness of providing the public parking under the proposed terms are considered to require very substantial improvement, there appears to be considerable opportunity to improve the proposal's performance on these measures through negotiation in the form of potential cost savings which could enable the project to support payment for land and development rights and/or improvement of the City's participation in parking revenues. Three areas are apparent.

If the City doesn't consider some or all of the architectural premiums to be worth the cost, it could negotiate to scale these back.

The automated parking collection system might be reviewed to determine if what the proposer contemplates exceeds the City's needs, given that the proposer's estimated cost of \$1,300,000 is approximately \$500,000 more than that estimated by the City's parking consultant.

The private parking could be reviewed to determine if the number of spaces can be reduced. This may be possible as City staff believes this version (which has the same number of spaces as Version 2,3) likely has a surplus of private parking relative to private demand.

Negotiation could also address whether the Garage 4 site is sold or leased.

Coral Gables City Center Version 2,3

As with Version 1, this proposal secures construction of the major portion of the public parking (722 spaces) in the first phase but has the disadvantage of purchase, rather than the preferred lease, of the Garage 4 site.

The addition of the 138,509 square foot office tower to Garage 1, which would likely add more than 500 office workers, and, to a lesser extent, the additional floor of residential on the Garage 4 site, would have the advantage of generating more vitality and economic activity in the CBD. The elevated roof-top park and café might add amenity and activity to

the project, though it's hard to foresee the extent to which this would be used by the general public as opposed to being primarily an amenity for the building's office tenants.

However, the program additions raise significant questions and concerns about density and parking sufficiency which impact the proposal's conformance with RFP requirements and preferences, and, possibly, lessen its likelihood of feasibility (specifically in terms of regulatory/approval).

A preliminary estimate of FAR based on estimates provided by the proposer and input of City staff indicates an FAR of 5.24. The FAR is above the maximum (with TDRs) of 4.375, but the RFP allows some latitude to exceed this maximum in return for significant public benefits. It would be a judgment call as to whether the public benefits offered by this proposal warrant the additional density.

City staff believes this proposal likely has a shortfall of private parking relative to private demand of as much as approximately 150 spaces. To the extent this shortfall is validated by further analysis, parking demand generated by the proposed project's private uses could use the project's public parking, effectively reducing the net public spaces available to the general public.

In terms of financial return to the City and cost-effectiveness of public parking, this proposal is better than Version 1 but, still, is considered to require very substantial improvement, being far less financially beneficial to the City than the base case scenario or what the City could reasonably anticipate from a project resulting from the RFP process.

As with Version 1, the proposal offers no lease or sale payments (save for nominal \$10 amounts) for the Garage 1 and 4 land and development rights and TDRs proposed to be granted from other City-owned properties to support FAR in excess of the 3.5 as-of-right density. At a 5.24 FAR, the project would require 177,000 square feet of TDRs, which the City might otherwise sell, if it were to so choose, for approximately \$6,200,000, based on market pricing indicated by recent sales of TDRs, or use for its own purposes.

The proposal claims \$80,000,000 of financial benefits to the City based on certain costs the developer would incur. Foremost among these is the \$43,400,000 allocated cost of the public parking proposed to be financed by the proposer.

As in the Version 1 proposal, the developer would retain the first \$2,000,000 of annual revenues from Garages 1 and 4 (nearly all estimated revenues in the initial year of full operation) and share with the City 50% of the excess over that amount. As discussed relative to Version 1, it wouldn't make sense to credit as a financial benefit to the City the allocated development cost of the public parking under these terms.

Additionally, in this version, the developer proposes to manage and share in revenue increases or cost savings relative to current levels in City Garages 2 and 6, which properties

were not part of the RFP. The City's parking consultant and City staff see little or no value or efficacy in the developer managing municipal parking facilities outside the scope of this RFP.

In addition to funding development of the public parking, the proposer claims the costs of another \$37,000,000 as financial benefits to the City in Version 2,3.

\$5,100,000 of this amount is the estimated cost of 20,000 square feet of shell office space in the Garage 1 tower that would be provided to the City. This, clearly, would constitute a form of compensation to the City, enhancing the City's financial return.

As is the case for Version 1, recognition of the remaining costs (approximately \$31,900,000) as benefits to the City is a matter of perspective. "Building architectural upgrade premiums" for elements above and beyond what would be required to meet the Coral Gables Mediterranean standard, such as high level finishes and the arch in the Garage 4 building) account for \$13,600,000 in this version. The value the City would ascribe to these elements (e.g. how much the City would be willing to pay for premium architecture at these sites) is most appropriately considered as a qualitative element in the evaluation criteria that includes amenity ("quality architecture and aesthetic appeal") rather than quantified in the "financial return to the City" criteria. Generally, City staff indicates that current Coral Gables Mediterranean design standards require a high level of architecture, design and finish.

Other elements of the proposer's claimed benefits are either required by the RFP or inherent to the project (e.g. demolition, an automated parking collection system, reimbursement of the City's third party fees, securing long term dedicated use of paseos (in the case of Garage 1, if not connecting to the two existing paseos)) or items the City has not asked for and may not value fully or at all as constituting financial return. The latter would include the enhancement of the PARC system "with improved technology" and its installation in Garages 2 and 6, the elevated City park and cafe, and a \$5,000,000 cash payment for simultaneous construction on the two sites, and are not considered in financial return.

With regard to the \$5,000,000 cash payment if the city allows simultaneous construction, this does not conform to the RFP directive requiring staged development to avoid the garages being taken out of service at the same time.

Increased real estate taxes that would be generated by the larger program combined with the provision of shell office space to the City result in this version providing better financial return to the City and cost-effective provision of public parking than Version 1. However, the proposal is still considered deficient in this regard.

There appears to be significant opportunity to improve this proposal's financial return and cost-effectiveness of providing the public parking through negotiation in the form of potential cost savings which could enable the project to support payment for land and development rights and/or improvement of the City's participation in parking revenues. Two areas are apparent.

If the City doesn't consider some or all of the architectural premiums to be worth the cost, it could negotiate to scale these back. The on-site PARC system could be reviewed to determine if what the proposer contemplates exceeds the City's needs in light of the proposer's estimated cost being significantly higher than that estimated by the City's parking consultant, and the off-site system could be eliminated. Modifications to the PARC system could yield cost savings of the vast majority of the \$4,600,000 estimated by the proposer.

Negotiation could also address whether the Garage 4 site is sold or leased and, if the City is willing to consider providing advantageous public financing for the public parking, the ability of such lower cost financing supporting greater financial compensation to the City.

Unlike in Version 1, there would not appear to be opportunity for cost savings from reduced parking. If anything, a parking deficiency could result in a reduction of program, reducing the proposer's ability to increase compensation to the City.

Negotiation could also address whether the Garage 4 site is sold or leased.

TC Gables, LLC

This proposal includes a 16-sory tower on property at 220 Miracle Mile at the corner of Ponce DeLeon, which would be connected to the Garage 1 project, together constituting the first phase. As per the RFP's Option 2, half the required public spaces are provided at the Garage 1 site in the initial phase to be followed by the remainder at the Garage 4 site. The two levels of retail at the base of the tower on Miracle Mile, in addition to the ground floor commercial space on the two garage sites, would provide a strong addition to retailing in the CBD.

FAR, as estimated by the proposer, is 4.04, within the maximum including TDRs, which are proposed to be transferred from other of the proposer's properties. However, there are a number of conformance issues relative to RFP requirements and approval/regulatory aspects which could significantly lessen this proposal's acceptability to the City and likelihood of being feasible (in terms of prospects for approval).

The proposed tower on the 220 Miracle Mile property does not conform to the City's zoning code which allows only 7-stories at that location and the RFP prohibited proposals from exceeding zoning code height limits. City staff considers a tower of this height at this location to be inadvisable as it is not compatible with the scale of the Miracle Mile.

The proposal has a 12-foot encroachment on the Andalusia frontage versus the five-foot maximum set in the RFP. City staff considers such a significant encroachment to negatively impact neighboring properties and disrupt the street wall from an urban design perspective. This encroachment could be scaled back but it would make the garages less efficient,

lowering the number of parking spaces and/or increasing cost which could result in the proposer needing to reduce its proposed program and/or lease terms.

The RFP stated that "if proposing changes to the requirements of the existing Zoning Code or Comprehensive Plan, an alternative without the proposed changes should be proposed" but no alternate proposal was presented. The proposal does include a statement "To develop an alternate program, we would...shift the additional residential development to Garage 4 in a manner that is consistent with zoning code... The City's economics up-front would be comparable, however public benefit from the impact of redevelopment of the Miracle Building would be foregone and enhancement to the public realm and the enhanced paseo would not be realized." As the proposal did not include information adequate to evaluate this as a proposal and the proposer stated at the presentation this was more a preliminary concept rather than a reliable proposal, it has not been considered and the proposal is not in conformance with the RFP requirement to provide an alternate proposal conforming with the Zoning Code or Comprehensive Plan.

In addition to the proposal's non-conformance on the above design elements, the proposal assumes the City would finance and retain revenues (net of operating expenses) from the two public parking facilities in order to take advantage of the City's ability to access favorable public financing. This was not contemplated in the RFP (though it could be an approach the City would be willing to consider, and does underlie the base case alternative relative to Garage 1).

Proposed lease terms for the two garage sites (starting at \$205,000 for Garage 1 and \$370,000 for Garage 4), combined with the City's financing and retaining net revenues from the public parking components, provide a stronger financial return than the two Coral Gables City Center proposals (though still considerably less advantageous to the City than the base case). However, based on the factors summarized above, it is considered appropriate to attach an asterisk to this proposal's financial return to the City and cost-effectiveness of public parking as modifying the project to conform with RFP requirements and preferences could significantly impact the project's ability to support the proposed terms.

The proposal also included the option of retail parking contributions of approximately \$1,100,000 and \$2,500,000 if the project were not required to provide parking for its retail components in Garages 1 and 4, respectively. These would need to be further assessed to determine if considered appropriate in terms of parking sufficiency.

The proposer also offered an optional payment exceeding that proposed by Coral Gables Center City if it could develop both sites simultaneously. Given this offer was made after Coral Gables City Center's presentation and does not conform with the RFP, it has not been considered.

Base Case Scenario

The base case scenario assumes the City would finance, build, own, and operate a parking facility on the Garage 1 site accommodating 750 spaces, and then lease the Garage 4 site along with unused development rights from the Garage 1 site for private development which would include the remaining 250 public spaces, to be financed, built, owned, and operated by the developer. The base case is presented for comparative purposes, providing a benchmark for understanding the financial effect to the City presented by the proposals. It should be noted that it benefits from advantageous public financing (which was not presented as an option in the RFP) and entails effort, risk, as well as the City being responsible for financing the project. Effort and risk could, in large part, be limited by engagement of a capable third party program manager, which is assumed in this scenario. City finance staff indicated that the City financing a parking facility with revenue bonds would not be anticipated to have any significant impact on the City's bonding capacity or bond rating to the extent revenues generated by the project would cover debt service and current parking system-wide expense allocations attributed to the garages, which is estimated to be the case in the base case scenario.

Financial Effect to City of Proposals

Financial return to the City and enhancement of the public parking supply in a cost-effective manner are intertwined and so treated in the financial analysis. The exhibit on the following page summarizes the financial implications of the proposals as well as the base case scenario. The detailed cash flow analyses upon which the summary is based are presented later in this transmittal.

The summary presents various measures of financial performance – each considered to be useful. These include totals through the first 30 and 50 years of operation and annual figures for initial years and selected later years as well as net present values. NPV analysis has the advantage of capturing in a single number the full stream of revenues along with the time value of money adjusted for risk based on assigning discount rates to various income streams to account for their differing potential for variability and risk of realization. It is emphasized that the NPVs and any estimates of cash flows, values, or potential land or TDR sales or lease payments are preliminary and do not constitute appraised values. An appraisal will be performed for the selected proposal following negotiation (assuming a proposer is selected and a deal negotiated).

Garage 1 & 4 - Estimated Financial Effect to City - Summary

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Proposal	Total thru 1st 30 Yrs	Total thru 1st 50 Yrs	NPV 1st 50 Yrs	Total thru Year 5	Year 6	Year 11	Year 16	Year 32
Coral Gables Center City - Version 1								
City Share of Parking Revenue	14,100,000	48,400,000	1,900,000	76,000	297,000	346,000	638,000	1,143,000
Less Est. Market Value of TDRs from Other City								
Properties Granted to Project	(500,000)	(500,000)		(500,000)				
Total Transaction Revenues less Costs to City	13,600,000	47,900,000	1,400,000	(424,000)	297,000	346,000	638,000	1,143,000
City Share RE Taxes	18,300,000	39,400,000	7,600,000	1,894,000	540,000	596,000	658,000	904,000
Total Transaction Revenues/Costs & RE Taxes	31,900,000	87,300,000	9,000,000	1,470,000	837,000	942,000	1,296,000	2,047,000
Less City parking system-wide expense allocation	<u>(10,800,000</u>)	(25,500,000)	(5,800,000)	<u>(1,527,000</u>)	(272,000)	(312,000)	(362,000)	(581,000)
Net Direct Financial Benefit to City	21,100,000	61,800,000	3,200,000	(57,000)	565,000	630,000	934,000	1,466,000
Coral Gables Center City - Version 2, 3								
City Share of Parking Revenue	14,100,000	48,400,000	1,900,000	76,000	297,000	346,000	638,000	1,143,000
Value of City Shell Office @ proposer cost estimate	5,100,000	5,100,000	4,400,000	5,100,000	-	-	-	-
Less Est. Market Value of TDRs from Other City Properties Granted to Project	(6,200,000)	(6,200,000)	(5,600,000)	(6,200,000)	-	-	-	-
Total Transaction Revenues Less Costs to City	13,000,000	47,300,000	700,000	(1,024,000)	297,000	346,000	638,000	1,143,000
City Share RE Taxes	26,700,000	57,500,000	11,600,000	2,876,000	785,000	867,000	957,000	1,314,000
Total Transaction Revenues/Costs & RE Taxes	39,700,000	104,800,000	12,300,000	1,852,000	1,082,000	1,213,000	1,595,000	2,457,000
Less City parking system-wide expense allocation	(10,800,000)	(25,500,000)		(1,527,000)	(272,000)	(312,000)	(362,000)	(581,000)
Net Direct Financial Benefit to City	28,900,000	79,300,000	6,500,000	325,000	810,000	901,000	1,233,000	1,876,000
TC Gables								
Net Cash Flow After Debt Service from City Parking	(5,100,000)	72,000,000	(1,300,000)	(2,342,000)	(459,000)	(438,000)	30,000	3,095,000
Land Lease Revenues	18,000,000	33,800,000	9,900,000	2,735,000	575,000	596,000	633,000	721,000
Total Transaction Revenues Less Costs to City	12,900,000	105,800,000	8,600,000	393,000	116,000	158,000	663,000	3,816,000
City Share RE Taxes	21,280,000	45,330,000	9,930,000	2,568,000	615,000	679,000	750,000	<u>1,029,000</u>
Total Transaction Revenues/Costs & RE Taxes	34,180,000	151,130,000	18,530,000	2,961,000	731,000	837,000	1,413,000	4,845,000
Less City parking system-wide expense allocation	<u>(10,700,000</u>)	(25,400,000)	(5,700,000)	<u>(1,392,000</u>)	(272,000)	(312,000)	(362,000)	(581,000)
Net Direct Financial Benefit to City	23,480,000	125,730,000	12,830,000	1,569,000	459,000	525,000	1,051,000	4,264,000
Base Case City Build								
Garage 1 Net Cash Flow After Debt Service	17,200,000	107,900,000	4,700,000	876,000	220,000	303,000	772,000	3,582,000
Lease of Garage 4 Land + Garage 1 TDRs	29,100,000	63,100,000	14,400,000	2,516,000	872,000	963,000	1,063,000	1,460,000
Total Transaction Revenues Less Costs to City	46,300,000	171,000,000	19,100,000	3,392,000	1,092,000	1,266,000	1,835,000	5,042,000
City Share RE Taxes	18,300,000	39,400,000	7,600,000	1,894,000	540,000	596,000	658,000	904,000
Total Transaction Revenues/Costs & RE Taxes	64,600,000	210,400,000	26,700,000	5,286,000	1,632,000	1,862,000	2,493,000	5,946,000
Less City parking system-wide expense allocation	<u>(10,700,000</u>)	(25,400,000)	(5,700,000)	<u>(1,392,000</u>)	(272,000)	(312,000)	(362,000)	(581,000)
Net Direct Financial Benefit to City	53,900,000	185,000,000	21,000,000	3,894,000	1,360,000	1,550,000	2,131,000	5,365,000

Note: All estimated land and TDR values, potential sale or lease payments and NPVs are preliminary and subject to negotiation and appraisal Years refer to years of operation (Year 1 = 2019); NPVs as of start of 2018

Garages 1 & 4 RFP Stage 2 Proposals Summary of Program

Developer	Coral Gables Allen Morris,	s City Center, L Related	LC				TC Gables, LLC Terranova Corporation in partnership with ZOM and							
Architect	Zyscovich						Arquitectoni	ates						
Propoal Option Proposal for Garage(s) First Site Developed	,	Version 1 1 1 & 4 1		•	Version 2 & 3 1 1 & 4 ption-both same	e time)	2 1 & 4 1							
Other Property	letter c	of interest for pa	seos	letter c	of interest for pa	ISEOS	220 Mira			erranova and	partner)			
								Miracle	Comb Gar 1,					
Program	Garage 1	Garage 4	Total	Garage 1	Garage 4	Total	Garage 1	Tower	Mir Tower	Garage 4	Total			
Parking														
Public Spaces	722	280	1,002	722	280	1,002	500	-	500	523	1,023			
Private Spaces (incl retail, city office)	48	519	567		-	-	452	-	452		852			
Total	770	799	1,569	770	799	1,569	952	-	952	923	1,875			
Residential Rental Apartments														
# units		244	244		270	270		187	187	148	335			
GSF		358,025	358,025		396,056	396,056	4,000	182,114	186,114	176,608	362,722			
NSF		305,466	305,466		343,502	343,502		152,922	152,922	136,282	289,204			
Studios		48	48		54	54		28	28	100	128			
1-Bed		48	48		54	54		82	82	39	121			
2-Bed		100	100		108	108		77	77	9	86			
3-Bed		48	48		54	54					-			
Commercial														
Ground, 2nd Flr Comcl	11,871	16,878	28,749	11,871	16,878	28,749	17,695	38,000		33,790	89,485			
Upper Level Office				138,509		138,509	19,400	-	19,400	-	19,400			
Total Commercial	11,871	16,878	28,749	150,380	16,878	167,258	37,095	38,000	75,095	33,790	108,885			
FAR SF	15,892	349,045	364,937	144,350	383,446	527,796	44,755	222,646	267,401	192,500	459,901			
Site Area	34,941	55,000	89,941	34,941	55,000	89,941	34,941	23,948	58,889	55,000	113,889			
FAR	0.45	6.35	4.06	4.13	6.97	5.87	1.28	9.30	4.54	3.50	4.04			
FAR including paseo site & building areas			3.64			5.24								
Public Parking Floors	2 - 9	2 - 3		2 - 9	2 - 3		2 - 6			2 - 4				
Private Parking Floors Residential Floors	9	2 - 6 7 - 16			3 - 6		6 - 9			4 - 6				
		7 - 10		10 10	7 - 17									
Office Floors	0	10		10 - 16			40	40		10				
Total Floors, Height	9	16		16	17		10	16		16				
Roof Height Occupiable	109.5	186.5		190.5	190.5		122'	184'		174'				
Highest Spire Height	126.5	207.8		215.0	212.8									
Highest Spire Height Version 3				264.0	212.8									
						r 1 roof ornamen								
Cantilever Street	5'	5'		5'	5'		12'			12'				
Cantilever Alley	10'	10'		10'	10'		10'			10'				
Cantilever Clear Ht	22'	22'		22'	22'		20'			20'				

Garages 1 & 4 RFP Stage 2 Proposals Preliminary Summary of Proposal Terms

Developer	Coral G	ables City Cen Version 1	iter, LLC	Coral G	ables City Cer Version 2 & 3		TC Gables, LLC					
	Coroco 1	Coroao 4	Total	Corogo 1	Corogo 4	Total	Comb Gar					
	Garage 1	Garage 4	Total	Garage 1	Garage 4	Total	Garage 1 Mir Tower Mir Tower	Garage 4 Total				
Lease or Fee Ownership TDR SF proposed granted by City	lease	fee	14,000	lease	fee	177,000	lease Garage 4 development to receive 6 Terranova Mir Mile portfolio	lease 50,000 SF of dev rights from				
Rents Pre-Posession, Construction Post-Completion	\$10/mo \$10/yr	\$10/mo N/A		\$10/mo \$10/yr	\$10/mo N/A		None \$16,667/mo \$205,000/yr escalating 10% every 10 yrs	None \$16,667/mo \$370,000/yr escl 10% every 10 yrs				
Public Parking Responsibility for financing parking construction	Developer	Developer		Developer	Developer		City City For purposes of capital efficiency, proposing City finance and own public portion of garage (4), & collect net income Open to exploring alternatives					
Parking Operation, Revenues	Shares 50%	eps 1st \$2MM (over that with C ponsible for ope	ity	Includes Gara system - Dev revenue or ex	me as Ver 1 for Garages 1 & 4; udes Garages 2 & 6 in smart parking tem - Developer keeps 50% of any enue or expense savings above historic rage (past 3 yrs)							
20,000 SF City Office in Garage 1 budgeted @	-		-	Developer wil 5,100,000	l provide shell s	space 5,100,000	Will build City office space with compensation by City If City would prefer to not lease the 20,000 SF office (plus 1,000 SF lobby), dev rights can be transferred to Garage 4					
& Elevated City Park & café @	-		-	1,800,000		1,800,000	site and improve value of City's in based on 20 addtl units - either one lease @ \$2,000/unit/yr. It would al reductionof 68 spaces in Garage 1	terest by approx \$1MM e-time up-front payment or				
Paseo Acquisition, Alley upgrades	Paseo acquis	sition and alley	improvement	Paseo acquis	sition and alley	improvement	Permanent easement thru paseo t from Garage 1; not apparent in Gar	0				
Budget	1,950,000	1,950,000	3,900,000	1,950,000	1,950,000	3,900,000		-				
Other City Improvemts cited by Proposer PARCS/Smart Parking System Buildg Architectural Upgrades Reimburse City Legal Costs Project Management Demo Proj Mgt & Contingency	- 2,000,000	2,000,000	1,300,000 8,300,000 500,000 400,000 4,000,000		2,000,000	4,600,000 13,600,000 500,000 400,000 4,000,000	Propose retail parking contribution retail parking = \$1,123,000 in Gar 7 (note = \$16,000 - \$19,000/space vs spaces = 2 x that) PARC system	1 + \$2,539,458 in Gar 4				
Addtl payment if both projects constructed same time	-			-	5,000,000	5,000,000	Optional payment proposed after 0 presentation	Coral Gables City Center's				

Parking Garage 1 & 4 RFP – Evaluation Criteria Summary

Critoria	Wei	CG City Center	CG City Center	
Criteria	ght	Version 1	Version 2, 3	TC Gables
Capability of the Proposer and	20%	Strong	Strong	Strong
Development Team				
Likelihood of Feasibility	20%	Reasonable	FAR significantly above	Excessive height on Miracle
in a reasonable timeframe, considering:			maximum may pose	Mile and encroachment on
			regulatory/approval challenge	Andalusia may pose significant
				regulatory/approval challenges
Thoroughness and convincing nature		Reasonable	Reasonable	Reasonable though modifying
of the market,				project to conform with RFP
development/construction, financing,				requirements and preferences
operating, and other elements of				could impact financial feasibility
proposer's analyses, assumptions, and				
strategies				
Financing commitments		Reasonable	Reasonable	Reasonable
Implementation schedule		Reasonable	Reasonable	Reasonable
Conditions and contingencies for		Reasonable	Est. 5.24 FAR above 4.375	Non-conforming – height on
realizing the project such as financing,			maximum allowed with TDRs	Miracle Mile (16-stories vs. 7-
market/pre-leasing, and				story maximum)
regulatory/approvals, and how likely				12' encroachment on Andalusia
these are to be achieved				(vs. 5' RFP limit)

	Wei	CG City Center	CG City Center				
Criteria	ght	Version 1	Version 2, 3	TC Gables			
Financial Return to City including consideration of timing and likelihood of receiving revenues:	<u>gnt</u> 15%	Version 1 Requires very substantial improvement (See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit) Potential cost savings appear to provide significant opportunity to improve financial return and cost-effectiveness of providing public parking	Version 2, 3 Requires very substantial improvement (See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit) Potential cost savings appear to provide significant opportunity to improve financial return and cost- effectiveness of providing public parking	Requires improvement (See Estimated Financial Effect t City – Summary exhibit) Public parking proposed to be financed by City. Results in stronger financial return than Coral Gables City Center proposals (though still considerably less advantageous than base case). However, an asterisk to financial return to Cit and cost-effectiveness of public parking as modifying project to conform with RFP requirements and preferences could significantly impact ability to support proposed terms; Optional retail parking			
Value of proposed lease or sale terms		See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit	See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit	contributions of \$1.1 & \$2.5MM See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit			
Value of Public Parking Project to be provided by Developer		Developer proposes to finance and retain first \$2MM annual revenues + 50% over \$2MM from public parking	Developer proposes to finance and retain first \$2MM annual revenues + 50% over \$2MM from public parking + 50% over current from Garages 2, 6	Developer proposes City finance and retains net revenues from public parking			
Real estate taxes (est. annual stabilized \$2016)		\$460,000	\$670,000	\$520,000 (net of current 220 Mi Mile)			
Any other direct or other clearly identifiable revenues to City		NA	NA	NA			
Nature of proposed transaction – long term lease or purchase of Gar 4 site		Purchase	Purchase	Lease			
Any other transactional aspects of proposal which the City considers to impact its interests		Developer to acquire paseos for Gar 1 & 4	Developer to acquire paseos for Gar 1 & 4, provide 20,000 SF shell City office space, Gar 1 rooftop park/café	Developer provides access to current Gar 1 paseos			

	Wei	CG City Center	CG City Center	
Criteria	ght	Version 1	Version 2, 3	TC Gables
Enhancement of the Public Parking Supply in a Cost-Effective Manner	25%	Requires very substantial improvement (See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit) Potential cost savings appear to provide significant opportunity to improve financial return and cost-effectiveness of providing public parking	Requires very substantial improvement (See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit) Potential cost savings appear to provide significant opportunity to improve financial return and cost- effectiveness of providing public parking. City staff sees little or no value or efficacy in proposal for developer to be involved in managing parking facilities (Garages 2 & 6) outside scope of RFP	Requires improvement (See Estimated Financial Effect to City – Summary exhibit) Public parking proposed to be financed by City. Results in stronger financial return than Coral Gables City Center proposals (though still considerably less advantageous than base case). However, an asterisk to financial return to City and cost-effectiveness of public parking as modifying project to conform with RFP requirements and preferences could significantly impact ability to support proposed terms; Optional retail parking contributions of \$1.1 & \$2.5MM
Number of spaces, operational efficiency, aesthetic quality, and amenity of proposed public parking component Timing and surety of replacement of Garage 1 public parking facility		Public space requirement is met and distribution is good Proposer expressed a strong desire to construct both sites at	Parking requirements projected by proposer indicate less than 1,000 spaces available for public between 8 AM and 6 PM M – F – only 843 spaces available public weekday peak Proposer expressed a strong desire to construct both sites	1,023 public parking spaces; 500 at the Garage 1 site and 523 at the Garage 4 site. Distribution is acceptable
Cost effectiveness		and is not advisable; Assuming phased, 722 public spaces in Phase 1 is advantageous	at same time. Not allowed by RFP and is not advisable; Assuming phased, 722 public spaces in Phase 1 is advantageous See Estimated Financial Effect	See Estimated Financial Effect to
		City – Summary exhibit	to City – Summary exhibit	City – Summary exhibit

Criteria	Wei ght	CG City Center Version 1	CG City Center Version 2, 3	TC Gables
Contribute to Vitality, Amenity, and Economic Activity of and in CBD including consideration of the proposed project's ability to:	20%	Reasonable	Strong – Office component adds activity	Strong – Large retail component anchored by two-story retail on Miracle Mile
Generate patrons for business and other activity appropriate to a vibrant downtown		Reasonable – Includes residential units on Garage 4 site	Strong – Includes residential units on Garage 4 site; Office would inject 500+ employees into CBD; Rooftop "park" and café in Garage 1 might add to vitality to extent used by general public	Strong – Includes residential units at 220 Miracle Mile site and Garage 4 site; Large retail component, anchor space at Miracle Mile
Activate pedestrian areas		Strong – Acquisition of paseos budgeted for both garages to be connected to retail arcades	Strong – Acquisition of paseos budgeted for both garages to be connected to retail arcades	Strong – Connection thru 220 Miracle retail to Garage 1; Garage 1 connection to paseo with permanent easement but not specified for Garage 4
Minimize traffic or other negative impacts		Traffic – Reasonable. Driveway entrances located on Andalusia Right of way encroachment/ impacts on adjacent properties – reasonable	Traffic – Reasonable. Driveway entrances located on Andalusia Right of way encroachment/ impacts on adjacent properties – reasonable	Traffic - Strong. Best location of parking garage entrances to reduce vehicular/ pedestrian conflicts. Right of way encroachment / impacts on adjacent properties – weak. 12' encroachment on Andalusia negative impact on adjacent properties and urban design
Have high quality architecture and aesthetic appeal		Requires further review and refinement; Architectural premium upgrades may not add necessarily add value beyond what is required by CG Med standard	Requires further review and refinement; Architectural premium upgrades may not necessarily add value beyond what is required by CG Med standard	Requires further review and refinement; Height above maximum on Miracle Mile inadvisable as it is not compatible with the scale of Miracle Mile
Inclusion of green initiatives, beyond what is required and/or that are unique solutions		Not included in submittal	Not included in submittal	Not included in submittal

Garage 1 & 4 - Estimated Financial Effect to City of Proposed

Coral Gables Center City - Version 1

Developer Finances, Operates Public Parking in Both Garages; Developer Leases of Garage 1 Site and Gets Fee Simple of Garage 4 Site Plus 1st \$2MM of Public Parking Revenues; Splits

						2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2029	2034	2050
			operating y	ear (1st pł	nase garage):	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	11	16	32
Garage 1	722 spaces														
Revenues	Parking revenues	as per TimHaa	hs estimates			-	1,536,103	1,539,787	1,543,489	1,547,210	1,550,950	1,967,605	2,038,183	2,490,032	3,263,118
Care no. 1	200														
Garage 4 Revenues	280 spaces	as por TimUaa	ha actimatas					502,530	503,612	504,700	626,525	654,436	786,498	1,023,657	
Revenues	r aikiliy levellues	Parking revenues as per TimHaahs estimates						-	502,550	505,012	504,700	020,525	054,450	700,490	1,023,037
Combined Garage 1 & 4 Pub	lic Parking														
Revenues						-	1,536,103	1,539,787	2,046,019	2,050,822	2,055,649	2,594,130	2,692,619	3,276,530	4,286,774
		Total thru		Discount_	NPV										
Revenues over	2,000,000	<u>1st 30 Yrs</u>	<u>1st 50 Yrs</u>	Rate	<u>1st 50 Yrs</u>	-	-	-	46,019	50,822	55,649	594,130	692,619	1,276,530	2,286,774
City Share of Parking Revenu	Je 50%	14,100,000	48,400,000	12.6%	1,900,000	-	-	-	23,009	25,411	27,825	297,065	346,310	638,265	1,143,387
Less Est. Market Value of TDF	Rs from Other City														
Properties Granted to Project	t	(500,000)	(500,000)	10.0%	(500,000)	(500,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net City Share Parking Reven															
less Est. Market Value of Gra	nted TDRs	13,600,000	47,900,000		1,400,000	(500,000)	-	-	23,009	25,411	27,825	297,065	346,310	638,265	1,143,387
City Share RE Taxes escal	ation @ 2.0%														
Garage 1	aion @ 2.076	900,000	1,900,000	6.0%	500,000	-	23,000	24,000	24,000	25,000	25,000	26,000	28,000	31,000	43,000
Garage 4		17,400,000	37,500,000	7.2%	7,100,000	-	47,000	243,000	485,000	494,000	504,000	514,000	568,000	627,000	861,000
Total		18,300,000	39,400,000		7,600,000	<u> </u>	70.000	267,000	509,000	519,000	529,000	540,000	596.000	658,000	904,000
Total		10,000,000	33,400,000		7,000,000		10,000	207,000	303,000	515,000	323,000	340,000	330,000	000,000	304,000
Total City Share of Parking R	evenue less														
Market Value of Granted TDR	s Plus RE Taxes	31,900,000	87,300,000		9,000,000	(500,000)	70,000	267,000	532,009	544,411	556,825	837,065	942,310	1,296,265	2,047,387
Less City system-wide expense		<i>(</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	((- ()		(((·)	((- ()	((
currently allocated to Garage 1	& 4	(10,800,000)	(25,500,000)	6.0%	(5,800,000)	(243,939)	(247,598)	(251,312)	(256,338)	(261,465)	(266,694)	(272,028)	(312,293)	(362,033)	(580,957)
Net City Share Parking Rever	nue less Est. Market														
Value of Granted TDRs & RE															
Unallocated System Expense		21,100,000	61,800,000		3,200,000	(743,939)	(177,598)	15,688	275,671	282,946	290,131	565,037	630,016	934,232	1,466,430
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Garage 1 & 4 - Estimated Financial Effect to City of Proposed

Coral Gables Center City - Version 2, 3 Site and Gets Fee Simple of Garage 4 Site Plus 1st \$2MM of Public Parking Revenues; Splits Revs

Above \$2MM 50:50 With City;

Developer Provides Shell Office Space to City (plus roof-top park, cafe)

			,,			2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2029	2034	2050
0	700		operating y	/ear (1st pl	hase garage):	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	11	16	32
Garage 1 Revenues	722 spaces Parking revenues	as per TimHaa	hs estimates			-	1,536,103	1,539,787	1,543,489	1,547,210	1,550,950	1,967,605	2,038,183	2,490,032	3,263,118
Garage 4	280 spaces														
Revenues	Parking revenues	as per TimHaa	hs estimates			-	-	-	502,530	503,612	504,700	626,525	654,436	786,498	1,023,657
Combined Garage 1 & 4 Publ Revenues	lic Parking					-	1,536,103	1,539,787	2,046,019	2,050,822	2,055,649	2,594,130	2,692,619	3,276,530	4,286,774
		Total thru	Total thru	Discount	NPV										
Revenues over City Share of Parking Revenu	2,000,000 ie 50%	<u>1st 30 Yrs</u> 14,100,000	<u>1st 50 Yrs</u> 48,400,000	<u>Rate</u> 12.6%	<u>1st 50 Yrs</u> 1,900,000	-	-	-	46,019 23,009	50,822 25,411	55,649 27,825	594,130 297,065	692,619 346,310	1,276,530 638,265	2,286,774 1,143,387
Value of City Shell Office @ propo	oser cost estimate	5,100,000	5,100,000	5.0%	4,400,000	-	-	5,100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less Est. Market Value of TDR Properties Granted to Project		(6,200,000)	(6,200,000)	10.0%	(5,600,000)	(6,200,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net City Share Parking Reven Value & Est. Market Value of (13,000,000	47,300,000		700,000	(6,200,000)	-	5,100,000	23,009	25,411	27,825	297,065	346,310	638,265	1,143,387
City Share RE Taxes escala	ation @ 2.0%														
Garage 1 Garage 4		7,300,000 19,400,000	15,600,000 41,900,000	6.0% 7.2%	3,700,000 7,900,000	-	98,000 47,000	195,000 271,000	199,000 541,000	203,000 552,000	207,000 563,000	211,000 574,000	233,000 634,000	257,000 700,000	353,000 961,000
Total		26,700,000	57,500,000	1.270	11,600,000	-	145,000	466,000	740,000	755,000	770,000	785,000	867,000	957,000	1,314,000
Total City Share Parking Reve Shell Value less Est, Market V															
TDRs & RE Taxes		39,700,000	104,800,000		12,300,000	(6,200,000)	145,000	5,566,000	763,009	780,411	797,825	1,082,065	1,213,310	1,595,265	2,457,387
Less City system-wide expense currently allocated to Garage 1 &		(10,800,000)	(25,500,000)	6.0%	(5,800,000)	(243,939)	(247,598)	(251,312)	(256,338)	(261,465)	(266,694)	(272,028)	(312,293)	(362,033)	(580,957)
Net City Share Parking Reven Value less Est. Market Value o															
RE Taxes less Unallocated Sy		28,900,000	79,300,000		6,500,000	(6,443,939)	(102,598)	5,314,688	506,671	518,946	531,131	810,037	901,016	1,233,232	1,876,430

Garage 1 & 4 - Estimated Financial Effect to City of Proposed

TC Gables

City Finances, "Collects Net Revenue" from Public Parking in Both Garages; Developer Builds and Oversees Private Operator Managing

Garages; Developer Builds and Oversees Private Operator Managing					2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2029	2034	2050
		operating y	ear (1st p	hase garage):	2010	1	2020	3	4	5	6	11	16	32
Garage 1 500 spaces														
Revenues					-	1,063,783	1,066,334	1,068,898	1,071,475	1,074,065	1,362,607	1,411,484	1,724,399	2,259,777
Expenses & Reserves based on proposer's est. per spa	ce cost for public/priv	vate garage (pro rata)				(214,350)	(220,781)	(227,404)	(234,226)	(241,253)	(248,491)	(288,069)	(333,951)	(535,893)
NOI					-	849,433	845,554	841,494	837,249	832,812	1,114,116	1,123,415	1,390,448	1,723,884
Development Cost Constr Yr 0 S	5													
Parking 17,721,600	proposer esti	imate												
Paseo, Alley -	included in p	•												
TDC Including Financing Costs 19,440,000	includes Cap	I (constr & 1st	yr) & othe	r COI										
Debt Service (average)							(1,182,591)	(1,182,591)	(1,182,591)	(1,182,591)	(1,182,591)	(1,182,591)	<u>(1,182,591</u>)	
Net Cash Flow After Debt Service					-	849,433	(337,037)	(341,097)	(345,342)	(349,779)	(68,474)	(59,176)	207,857	1,723,884
Land Lease Revenues escalates every 10th year by	10%				200,004	205,000	205,000	205,000	205,000	205,000	205,000	225,500	225,500	272,855
Total Parking Net Cflow After DS & Lease Revenues					200,004	1,054,433	(132,037)	(136,097)	(140,342)	(144,779)	136,526	166,324	433,357	1,996,739
Garage 4 523 spaces														
Revenues					-	-	-	938,654	940,675	942,707	1,170,259	1,222,393	1,469,066	1,912,044
Expenses & Reserves based on proposer's est. per spa	ce cost for public/priv	vate garage (pro rata)			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(229,422)	(236,305)	(243,394)	(250,696)	(290,626)	(336,915)	(540,649)
NOI					-	-	-	709,231	704,370	699,313	919,563	931,768	1,132,151	1,371,395
Development Cost Constr Yr 1	5													
Parking 17,638,175														
Paseo, Alley 2,000,000		in proposer cos		~										
TDC Including Financing Costs 21,540,000 Debt Service (average)	includes Cap	I (2 yrs constr)	& other C	01	_	_		(1,310,340)	(1,310,340)	(1,310,340)	(1,310,340)	(1,310,340)	(1,310,340)	
													······································	
Net Cash Flow after Debt Service	100/				-	-	-	(601,109)	(605,970)	(611,027)	(390,777)	(378,572)	(178,189)	1,371,395
Land Lease Revenues escalates every 10th year by	10%					200,004	200,004	370,000	370,000	370,000	370,000	370,000	407,000	447,700
Total Parking Net Cflow After DS & Lease Revenues					-	200,004	200,004	(231,109)	(235,970)	(241,027)	(20,777)	(8,572)	228,811	1,819,095
Combined Garage 1 & 4 1,023 spaces														=
Revenues Expenses & Reserves					-	1,063,783 (214,350)	1,066,334 (220,781)	2,007,552 (456,827)	2,012,150 (470,532)	2,016,772 (484,647)	2,532,866 (499,187)	2,633,877 (578,694)	3,193,465 (670,865)	4,171,821 (1,076,542)
NOI						849,433	845,554	1,550,725	1,541,619	1,532,124	2,033,680	2,055,183	2,522,599	3,095,279
Debt Service						0.10,100								0,000,210
Debt Service	Total thru	Total thru	Discount	NPV	-	-	(1,182,591)	(2,492,931)	(2,492,931)	(2,492,931)	(2,492,931)	(2,492,931)	(2,492,931)	-
	1st 30 Yrs	1st 50 Yrs	Rate	1st 50 Yrs										
Net Cash Flow After Debt Service from City Park	-													
Garage 1 Garage 4	2,600,000 (7,700,000)	46,200,000 25,800,000	10.5% 12.6%	700,000 (2,000,000)	-	849,433	(337,037)	(341,097) (601,109)	(345,342) (605,970)	(349,779) (611,027)	(68,474) (390,777)	(59,176) (378,572)	207,857 (178,189)	1,723,884 1,371,395
Total	(5,100,000)		12.0%	(1,300,000)		849,433	(337,037)	(942,205)	(951,312)	(960,807)	(459,251)	(437,748)	29,669	3,095,279
Land Lease Revenues	(0,100,000)	12,000,000		(1,000,000)		040,400	(001,001)	(042,200)	(001,012)	(000,001)	(400,201)	(401,140)	20,000	0,000,210
Garage 1	6,700,000	12,400,000	5.0%	4,200,000	200,004	205,000	205,000	205,000	205,000	205,000	205,000	225,500	225,500	272,855
Garage 4	11,300,000	21,400,000	6.0%	5,700,000		200,004	200,004	370,000	370,000	370,000	370,000	370,000	407,000	447,700
Total	18,000,000	33,800,000		9,900,000	200,004	405,004	405,004	575,000	575,000	575,000	575,000	595,500	632,500	720,555
Net Cash Flow & Land Lease Revenue	12,900,000	105,800,000		8,600,000	200,004	1,254,437	67,967	(367,205)	(376,312)	(385,807)	115,749	157,752	662,169	3,815,834
City Share RE Taxes escalation @ 2.0%														
Garage 1 Garage 4	11,530,000 9,750,000	24,360,000 20,970,000	6.0% 7.2%	5,960,000 3,970,000	152,000	155,000 47,000	303,000 138,000	309,000 270,000	315,000 276,000	322,000 281,000	328,000 287,000	362,000 317,000	400,000 350,000	549,000 480,000
Total	21,280,000	45,330,000	1.270	9,930,000	152,000	202,000	441,000	579,000	591,000	603,000	615,000	679,000	750,000	1,029,000
Total Net Cash Flow & Land Lease Revenue	_1,200,000	.0,000,000		2,000,000	102,000	202,000		070,000	001,000	000,000	010,000	010,000	100,000	.,020,000
& RE Taxes	34.180.000	151,130,000		18,530,000	352,004	1,456,437	508,967	211,795	214,688	217,193	730,749	836,752	1,412,169	4,844,834
Less City system-wide expenses	2.,,	,,		,000,000	002,004	.,,	000,001	,. 50	2,000	,.50	, . 10		.,,	.,
currently allocated to Garage 1 & 4	(10,700,000)	(25,400,000)	6.0%	(5,700,000)	(108,162)	(247,598)	(251,312)	(256,338)	(261,465)	(266,694)	(272,028)	(312,293)	(362,033)	(580,957)
Total Net Cash Flow & Land Lease Revenues &	,				,					,			,	
RE Taxes less Unallocated System Expenses	23,480,000	125,730,000		12,830,000	243,842	1,208,839	257,655	(44,543)	(46,777)	(49,501)	458,721	524,459	1,050,135	4,263,876
Note: All estimated land and TDR values potential	salo or loaso na	wments and NE	Vs ara nr	liminany and su	ubject to near	tiation and ar	nraisal							

Garage 1 & 4 - Estimated Financial Effect to City of

Base Case City Build City Finances, Operates Garage 1; Garage 4 Public Parking Privately Financed, Operated with Sale or Lease of Garage 4 Land & Unused

Financed, Operated with Sale of Lease of Gara	ge 4 Land & U	nusea			2019	2010	2020	2021	2022	2022	2024	2020	2024	2050
		operating	vear (1st n	hase garage):	2018 0	2019 1	2020 2	2021 3	2022 4	2023 5	2024 6	2029 11	2034 16	2050 32
Garage 1		operating		nase galage).	0		2	5	т	5	0		10	52
Parking 750 spaces														
Revenues						1,595,675	1,599,501	1,603,347	1,607,213	1,611,097	2,043,911	2,117,226	2,586,598	3,389,665
Expenses & Reserves (Not including allocation of		(penses)				(327,695)	(332,610)	(339,262)	(346,048)	(352,969)	(360,028)	(413,319)	(479,150)	(768,895)
NOI (Not including allocation of system-wide expe Commercial NOI	nses)					1,267,980 510,000	1,266,891 520,200	1,264,085 530,604	1,261,165 541,216	1,258,129 552,040	1,683,883 563,081	1,703,907 621,687	2,107,449 686,393	2,620,770 960,837
Total NOI (Not including allocation of system-wi	de expenses)					1,777,980	1,787,091	1,794,689	1,802,381	1,810,169	2,246,964	2,325,594	2,793,842	3,581,607
Development Cost														
Hard & Soft Bef Financing Costs Constr Yr 0	\$													
Parking 23,483,250)													
Commercial 4,250,000)													
Demo 600,000)													
Paseo, Alley 2,000,000	<u>)</u>													
Total 30,333,250)													
Cap I (constr & 1st yr) & other COI 2,940,295	<u>5</u>													
TDC Including Financing Costs 33,273,545 Debt Service	i					-	(2,022,750)	(2,022,000)	(2,025,000)	(2,026,500)	(2,026,500)	(2,023,000)	(2,021,750)	
	Total thru		Discount	<u>NPV</u>										
	<u>1st 30 Yrs</u>	<u>1st 50 Yrs</u>	Rate	<u>1st 50 Yrs</u>										
Garage 1 Net Cash Flow After Debt Service	17,200,000	107,900,000	10.5%	4,700,000	-	1,777,980	(235,659)	(227,311)	(222,619)	(216,331)	220,464	302,594	772,092	3,581,607
Lease of Garage 4 Land + Garage 1 TDRs13,700,000x6.00%with annual escalation rate @2.0%	29,100,000	63,100,000	6.0%	14,400,000	-	-	-	822,000	838,440	855,209	872,313	963,104	1,063,345	1,459,744
Total Gar 1 Net Cash Flow & Land/TDR Lease	46,200,000	171,000,000		19,100,000	-	1,777,980	(235,659)	594,689	615,821	638,878	1,092,777	1,265,698	1,835,436	5,041,351
City Share RE Taxes escalation @ 2.0%														
Garage 1	900,000	1,900,000	6.0%	500,000	-	23,000	24,000	24,000	25,000	25,000	26,000	28,000	31,000	43,000
Garage 4	17,400,000	37,500,000	7.2%	7,100,000	<u> </u>	47,000	243,000	485,000	494,000	504,000	514,000	568,000	627,000	861,000
Total	18,300,000	39,400,000		7,600,000	-	70,000	267,000	509,000	519,000	529,000	540,000	596,000	658,000	904,000
(RE Taxes assume same private development pro	gram as Coral (Gables City Cer	nter Versio	n 1)										
Total Garage 1 Net Cash Flow														
& Land/TDR Lease Revenue	64,500,000	210,500,000		26,700,000	-	1,847,980	31,341	1,103,689	1,134,821	1,167,878	1,632,777	1,861,698	2,493,436	5,945,351
Less City system-wide expenses														
currently allocated to Garage 1 & 4	(10,700,000)	(25,400,000)	6.0%	(5,700,000)	(108,162)	(247,598)	(251,312)	(256,338)	(261,465)	(266,694)	(272,028)	(312,293)	(362,033)	(580,957)
Total Gar 1 Net Cash Flow & Land/TDR Lease	F0 000 000	105 100 00-		04 000 000	(400 400)	4 000 000	(040.070)	047.07	070 070	004 404	4 000 7 10	4 540 405	0.404.405	F 004 004
& RE Taxes Less Unallocated System Expenses	53,800,000	185,100,000		21,000,000	(108,162)	1,600,382	(219,970)	847,351	873,356	901,184	1,360,749	1,549,405	2,131,403	5,364,394

Financial Effect to City of Proposals, Base Case

Technical Notes

In the interest of simplicity, construction periods are estimated in whole years; Years refer to years of operation of 1st phase/Garage 1

Garage 1 public parking project is estimated to take 1 year (including Coral Gables City Center Version 2,3 in which it assumed to be completed prior to the office tower)

Garage 4 Public Parking project is estimated to start upon completion of Garage 1 public parking project and to take 2 years to complete

NPVs as of start of 2018; discount rates assume phase 1 project gauranteed to start construction; Discount rates for phase 2 projects increased by a factor of 20% over what they would be for comparable risk if in phase 1 Hard and soft cost estimates for Base Case based on TimHass estimation (including 5% escalation) applied pro rata for Garage 1 construction starting in year 0 (2018); Garage 4 costs escalated by 3% for 1 year Public parking revenues based on TimHaahs estimates for all scenarios (with prorating, as necessary)

TimHaas estimates for first 30 years - assume conservative 3% annual operating cost inflation; for following years, revenues and expenses estimated to increase at 2% annually

Base Case Development Co	ost - Hard	& Soft Costs									
Parking			31,311	per space p	prior to finance	cing costs; based	ed on TimHaahs estimate with long span construction, 110' width, development/program manager on fee basis				
Ground Floor Commercial 250 p					per SF prior to financing costs; based on TimHaahs estimate of \$100/SF shell plus 20% soft and 5% escalation plus additional for tenant improvements						
Paseo, Alley Improvement costs estimated at				per site							
Demo of existing garages esti	mated at						say				
Garage 1	5.00	/sf	104,160	SF =		520,800	600,000				
Garage 4	5.00	/sf	130,000	SF (approx) =	650,000	700,000				
Parking TC Gables			35,511	per space							
based on Base Case Cost +	short spa	n premium @	3,500	х	120%	Consistent with	th TC Gables estimate of \$33,500 - \$36,000 per space				
Estimates for proposals do no	t account	t for City fee for	removal of or	n-street space	ces						
Base Case assumes Garage	1 without	street-fronting e	encroachmen	t; All other s	cenarios as	ssume 5 foot fron	ont cantilever/arcade; If this requires removal of on-street parking, would need to be waived or negotiated				
Fee per space @	48,000	х	30	spaces	=	1,440,000	for the two sites				
TC Gables Development Co	ost										
Based on Proposer's cost as	per memo	o dated 6/27/16	page 4 @								
Garage 1	35,443	per space	-								
- ·											

Garage 4 33,725 per space In line with TimHass estimate with short span construction premium

Financing costs and debt service based on interest rate, ratios in PFM bond analyses applied pro rata to hard & soft costs for above scenarios in which City responsible for financing

Public Financing Cost

Base Case bond financing costs and debt service as per PFM 11/18/16 analysis anticipating 2018 construction

Project Fund (hard & soft before financ	30,333,250
Total Financing	33,273,545
True Interest Cost	4.22%

Financing costs and debt service based on interest rate, ratios in PFM bond analyses applied pro rata to hard & soft costs for above scenarios in which City responsible for financing

Coral Gables City Center Proposal FAR Calculation

		Version 1	Version 2,3
Garage 1 & 4 site areas		89,941	89,941
Paseo Properties site areas		12,000	12,000
Total Site Area for FAR calc		101,941	101,941
Building SF in proposal		393,492	569,094
Adjusted Garage 1 & 4 Project Building SF*		364,937	527,796
Paseo Properties SF		6,000	6,000
Total Building FAR SF		370,937	533,796
PRELIMINARY ESTIMATED Indicated FAR		3.64	5.24
Building FAR SF within			
as-of-right FAR @	3.5	356,794	356,794
TDR SF Required (rounded)		14,000	177,000
Potential Sale Price of Required TDRs (rounded) @ pricing/TDR SF =	\$35	500,000	6,200,000

* Adjusted Garage 1 & 4 Project Building SF for Version 2,3 from Allen Morris Oct 13 letter plus includes City Office SF

Adjusted Garage 1 & 4 Project Building SF for Version 1 based on same % of gross building area for FAR calculation as in Version 2,3 = 92.7%

Appraised Value May, 2014	15,100,000	275	78		
Preliminary Est. Sale Revenues from		v Rights from	Garage 1		
Garage 1 Land SF	34,941				
Buildable SF @ FAR = 3.5	122,294				
less Commercial SF	17,000	CGCC Garage	1 FAR SF; a	ssumed for Base Case	
FAR SF Unused in Garage 1	105,294				
Prelim Est. Sale of TDRs	3,685,273	@ price/SF= \$	35.00		
Preliminary Est. Sale Revenues from	Garage 4 L	and & Unused	Garage 1 De	ev Rights	
Total TDRs + Gar 4 2014 apprais value	-			5	
ess Est. Demo Cost	(700,000)				
ess Allowance for Paseo, Alley Imprvt	· · ·				
	16,085,273				
		boood on 6%			
• • •	(2,359,575)	based on 6% i	equired ROI		
	13,725,697				
Rounded	13,700,000				
Base Case Garage 4 - Preliminary Ar	alysis of Cr	edit for Parkin	g Requireme	ent if Developer builds	and owns public parking
# Spaces		\$/space	250	spaces	
Garage 4 Public Parking Hard & Soft be	f Financing	35,091	8,772,750		TimHaahs estimate of hard (assuming short span construction @ 115' width) & soft costs @ 20% & escalation @ 5
Financing Costs		1,755	5%		
TDC Including Financing Costs		36,846	9,211,388		
Revenues		1,791	447,726		TimHaahs estimate
Revenues		1,791	447,720		TimHaans estimate TimHaahs estimate assume Garage 1 expenses per space excluding payroll & benefits and insurance allocations,
		(1.40)	(00.047)		assumes no on-site cashier
Expenses & Reserves based on margina	ai expenses	(146)	(36,617)		
Garage 4 NOI		1,644	411,109		
/alue of NOI to developer if cap rate=	6.00%	, -	6,851,812		higher cap if no assurance re. rate/revenue growth; developer assessment of risk/apprpriate return/cap rate variable
Net Value (Negative Value) to Developer		(9,438)	(2,359,575)		indicates credit required for public parking
Jnallocated City system-wide parking ex	kpenses = ar	mount of systen	n-wide expens	es currently allocated to	Garages 1 & 4 which are not accounted for in operating cashflows of City-owned parking in TC Gables and Base Case
Operating expenses for TC Gables set a	t VPNE estir	mated expenses	s per space in	proposal	
Garage 1	408,123	div by	952	total garage spaces =	429 per space
Garage 4	404,889	div by	923	total garage spaces =	439 per space
Real Estate Taxes					
Assessed Value					
Retail 350 //	Net SF				
	NetSF				
Residential-Large Units 250 //					
Faxes due by April 1 of following year bu		to be naid in as	sessment ve	ar as that results in disc	the second se
Payment by November 30 of year results					
Aillage (fiscal 2016)	5 III discount		1.070		
Fotal RE Tax		\$19.459			
Net City Share (less early payment disc	ount)	\$18.681			
City share of RE Taxes	ount	\$5.559			
Net City Share (less early payment disc	ount)	\$5.337			
Construction Period RE Taxes					
	nd value on n	or accorder for	both gorages	except in CCCC Varia	a 1 and Race Case Garage 1 initial AV set at zero
		e assessor for	both garages	except in CGCC versior	n 1 and Base Case Garage 1 initial AV set at zero
Garage 1	5,380,914				
Garage 4	8,800,000				

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