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ORIGINAL

TRANSCRIPTION OF CD

RE:

CITY OF CORAL GABLES
CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING

FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 2014

CITY HALL COMMISSION CHAMBERS
405 BILTMORE WAY
SECOND FLOOR
CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA

Transcribed by:
Patricia Diaz, RPR, FPR

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     BOARD MEMBERS:
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    CRISTINA MORENO, Chairperson
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     JOSÉ MAS
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     MANNY KADRE
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     RUDY FERNANDEZ
     WAYNE "CHIP" WITHERS
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     ALSO PRESENT:
     Craig Leen, City Attorney
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    Murray Greenberg, Esquire
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     Colin Baenziger
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     Dave Collin
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(Beginning of CD.)

MR. KADRE: Well, I think, you know, if we are going to interview five, that doesn't bode well for us because our interview is going to be relevant so I think that we'd want to interview a few more people and sort of narrow it down and then determine whether -- Craig, are we required to send five or are we sending between three and five?

MR. LEEN: My recollection, the commission's instructions was three to five. And I know when they did the city attorney, they did three, and, in fact, when they did the former city manager, it was three as well. So there is tradition for three.

MR. KADRE: Yeah. I would suggest, at a minimum, we have to interview seven people, at a minimum.

MR. MAS: And I would say seven to ten so we get three to five.

MR. KADRE: I agree with that.

MR. BAENZIGER: Well, to some degree this number is going to depend on how many you are sufficiently impressed with, okay.

My recommendation to most council is to see five, but it's very common they see four because they can't agree on a fifth.

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MR. KADRE: Are you now pretty satisfied that the -- from the list of 100 that you are able to, that these are the best 15 or 16? MR. BAENZIGER: Yes. MR. MAS: Do you feel that if not for the fact 5 that their application is public you would have had 6 better candidates? MR. BAENZIGER: Absolutely. MR. MAS: And were there any candidates that specifically dropped out because of the nature that 10 this was going to be made public? 12 MR. BAENZIGER: I don't think so. That may have been a factor -- I think that was more likely 13 a fact in terms of candidates not applying in the first place. In states where we do recruitments 15

where it can be kept confidential, you do get better candidates.

MR. KADRE: Were you contacted by anyone who you would deem an exceptional candidate who did not apply because of the process?

MR. BAENZIGER: I don't think so. I mean, we did networking. I have talked to some people and there are some people that I would, you know, if for some reason this doesn't work out but the reason that people didn't apply, some was

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confidentiality. I mean, there are some people that just won't apply in Florida, period.

MR. KADRE: I understand. My question was more directed at, did you get a call from someone who is either a manager somewhere else that you would deem exceptionally qualified but said I cannot stick my name in this process because of the way the process is?

MR. BAENZIGER: I don't recall any calls like that.

MR. GREENBERG: Madam chair, if I may just interject.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. GREENBERG: I got a call from a current manager. I don't know if at the last minute he applied or not, but the confidentiality was, of course, the issue.

MS. MORENO: The confidentiality has to be a barrier for people.

MR. BAENZIGER: There is nothing we can do about confidentiality. You know, in the managerial community Florida is known as a place where if you apply, there is a very good chance your employer is going to find out about it. So they don't even — the ones that are concerned about confidentiality

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generally don't apply in Florida, period.

MR. WITHERS: Just to be totally transparent, were there any of these finalist, these 17 or 16, are any of them your clients that you solicited?

MR. BAENZIGER: Well, that's always a difficult question to answer, because, you know, we use lots of different approaches and so did we reach out to some of these people, yes.

Where they came from, whether we called them, they called us first, I couldn't tell you offhand.

MR. GREENBERG: So is it safe to say that some of those 100 were ones that you did direct reach outs to as opposed to the --

MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah, and some that dropped out too were ones that we reached out to.

MR. WITHERS: Did that concern anyone?

MR. MAS: It doesn't me because that's why we hire experts to go and find the best candidates that are out there.

MR. KADRE: I know you had the conversation with Commissioner Keon about her desire to have someone from Florida, more people from Florida with managerial experience.

Did you hear anything to the contrary of that, about having people from the outside who were not

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Florida people as an advantage or disadvantage?

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MR. BAENZIGER: Yes, uh-huh. We had some people that talked about the fact that perhaps somebody coming in from outside who had no experience in this area would bring a new set of eyes and that that could be an advantage.

MR. KADRE: So what are your thoughts on that?

MR. BAENZIGER: I think the key is whether or

not they are a good manager and that people will

learn. And, yes, local knowledge is important. I

think all things being equal, someone who managed

in Florida is an advantage because they're familiar

with the climate. They're familiar with the laws.

They know people. The learning curve is a lot

shorter. It's a less risky decision than someone

who has worked in Miami-Dade County, quite frankly,

because they have lived here and are comfortable

here.

But, you know, it's one of these things where there is lots of different things to balance. Tom Mattis, for example, is somebody I think is a very strong manager. He has never managed in Florida, but he has managed in Texas and Ohio. And he is in Virginia right now. The fact he has managed in three states I think is an advantage because he has

seen how different people do it.

But does he have any local experience, no.

But he will learn. You know, I came from the DC area when I was a manager. Dave has managed all over the place. I think it's an advantage, but it's one piece of the puzzle when you are evaluating candidates.

MR. GREENBERG: Madam chair, at any time that any of you want me to stop giving anything except purely legal opinions, just tell me and I will shut up. But over the years at the county I found -- and I think many people found, people coming from the private sector, while they may have been good managers there, don't always adjust well to the public sector.

For example, the absolute requirement to have competitive bidding, you know, in the private sector you don't have to do that. And sometimes it becomes a problem for someone with significant private sector experience to accept it.

I will tell you there was a problem at the public hospital in this town a number of years back. My first day as county attorney, I went out to the hospital and said you're not going to like me, but things are going to change. And it was a

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constant battle.

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MR. KADRE: You know, there is truth to that, Murray, but, you know, some of -- the person managing the public hospital now most people think is doing a very good job. He is a -- he is really a private sector person. He worked for a limited time at the city.

MR. GREENBERG: You are right. I mean, I'm just saying -- I am not saying to eliminate him.

No, he is a very good administrator, and he came -- you know, when he went to his previous position he came from the private sector. Sure there are exceptions. I'm just pointing it out and it might be something that when you come to the interviews you may want to discuss with people.

MR. KADRE: I agree.

MR. BAENZIGER: Well, it's something too that we will have further discussions with candidates should you choose any of them that have private sector experience and talk to a lot of them about the difference in the two areas.

MS. MORENO: Did any of the candidates stand out for you as having experience in negotiating with labor unions, particularly the government labor unions that we have in the city?

MR. BAENZIGER: Several of them did, yeah. I think Don Elliot has a lot of labor union experience. Let's see, Tom Mattis has some in Ohio. In terms of the actual negotiations, I think Alex probably has some, but I'm not sure, to be honest with you.

Dave, do you --

MR. COLLIER: I can't think of any other. I know of two that --

MS. MORENO: I'm sorry?

MR. COLLIER: Two of the candidates of the group had extensive labor experience, but I don't remember any more than a couple that that stood out as an issue. As private or public managers, many of them noted that they had unions they dealt with, but they didn't -- they, obviously, hadn't had the kind of battles that a few of them had that they began to highlight. Labor relations is a very important thing. You have to live with that to realize that it's important.

THE COURT: That's why I ask.

MR. COLLIER: Otherwise, it's just a part of the manager's job to deal with unions, and that's a different issue.

MR. BAENZIGER: The one I was thinking about

is, I was thinking about the negotiations part too that managers often don't do and there is often someone that does it for them.

MR. COLLIER: For the record, I'm Dave Collier. I work with Mr. Baenziger.

MS. MORENO: Do any of you have other questions about the general qualifications of the candidates that concern you?

Any questions on the general qualifications that concern you, you know, something you want them to point out to us?

MR. MAS: I mean, I thought the information was well prepared.

MS. MORENO: Yes.

MR. MAS: But I think we have a lot of information. I am bothered by the fact that I think a lot of good candidates wouldn't apply because of the public nature of the job.

For whatever it's worth, I know it's the rules we have to live by, but they are really bad rules we have to live by if we want to get the best candidates available. But, you know, I think we've got some really good candidates and I also think it's a good process to go through and everybody put maybe their five to ten that they like and see if

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1	there are none that we are interested in and I
2	think it makes the process a lot easier.
3	MS. MORENO: Let's do it.
4	MR. BAENZIGER: All right. One thing I would
5	say, too
6	MR. KADRE: By the way, can I ask a question
7	before we do this public ballot thing?
8	MR. BAENZIGER: Yes.
9	MR. KADRE: Do these ballot things do these
10	ballots become public?
11	MR. BAENZIGER: Yes. They are public record.
12	MR. GREENBERG: I was just going to say, you
13	need to sign them, give them to the clerk who will
14	save them.
15	MR. BAENZIGER: I don't need them. I have a
16	summary sheet.
17	MR. MAS: All we are doing here is we are
18	actually not ranking them. We are just selecting
19	people
20	MR. BAENZIGER: Check them off.
21	MR. MAS: people who are interesting and we
22	can see if anybody falls off.
23	MR. BAENZIGER: Right. I am just looking for
24	checkmarks because at this point it would be
25	premature to rank anyone until you have had an

opportunity to meet them and until we have had an opportunity to complete our research.

You know, I mean, the other thing we can do is a show of hands, but I think in the terms of public process and transparency, it's much better to do a ballot. And Murray is going, yes, yes.

MR. KADRE: Just to clarify, we are now voting -- we are now voting for people who we would like to interview?

MR. BAENZIGER: Yes. It could be five. It could be seven. It could be less. Who are the people you want to talk to?

MR. MAS: And it could be somebody you don't check off maybe you want to bring back and see the discussion that ends up happening.

MR. BAENZIGER: Exactly. This is just a straw ballot. It's not definitive at all. I mean, you may -- it's really designed more than anything else to help focus us a little bit because there are a lot of names here.

MR. WITHERS: But, I mean, there are still questions we may want to ask these folks that may eliminate them anyway.

MR. BAENZIGER: Chip, would you like to do that first?

MR. WITHERS: Huh?

MR. BAENZIGER: Would you like to do that first before we do the selection to see if there is consensus or not on this group of folks?

MR. WITHERS: I think we are going to be surprised how we come close.

MR. KADRE: Yeah. I think to fill these out before we have general comments -- because there are some people on this list that I know and there are some that I don't. I'd like to sort of -- if anyone has any comments about candidates, it may persuade me to go one way or another. You know, there is a couple of them I am on the fence on, so I would just like to kind of have discussion before we fill out this form.

MS. MORENO: That was my feeling as well that, you know, we are doing it on the paper and maybe some of you know these people much better than I do but, you know, I would really say, this guy sounds great and then keep on going and say, well, he hasn't managed anybody. So perhaps having like a brief overview of these people before we select them might be helpful.

MR. BAENZIGER: We can do that if you like.

MR. KADRE: Yeah.

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MR. BAENZIGER: Excuse me, I'm going to get my notes.

MS. MORENO: Particularly, the last group.

MR. BAENZIGER: All right. I am going to start with, and I am not quite sure how we are going to do this. Dave and I will trade up.

Why don't you think about Chris Bragg? We will start with Dave.

MR. KADRE: Start with who?

MR. BAENZIGER: I was just asking Dave to get ready with Chris Bragg because I can talk about Beard and Pieter Bockweg.

Jim Beard is the current chief financial officer for the City of Atlanta. He is an FIU grad, and I am just trying to get here to the front. He's got some private sector experience. It's been a little while but -- it hasn't been that long, but he has also been the clerk and comptroller of Palm Beach County.

What attracted me in particular about Jim was the City of Atlanta has had a reputation for having difficulties in the financial department. It's kind of been, for lack of a better term, a disaster area for years, and since Jim has been there, you don't hear anything about the City of Atlanta in

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terms of finances or in terms of the department.
So to me it's kind of a turnaround story.

MS. MORENO: So my concern when I reviewed his resume was that he seemed to be fantastic on the financial aspect, but I didn't see anything that jumped out at me about managing people, which I think is a big part of the city manager's job here in Coral Gables.

Is there something that I missed that should make me look at him harder?

MR. BAENZIGER: What I would say is, weaknesses on Jim's side, there is a couple. He has not managed huge numbers of people but in the City of Atlanta, there is I think about 150 employees. So it is not an insignificant number of employees. My experience as a manager is that when I managed five or ten people I knew everybody and I could personally give them instructions and keep them on track and hold them accountable.

When I became a manager of 40 people, you know, I could still do that to some degree, but I had to work through my supervisors a bit more.

When I got 150 or 200, I don't know where that cutoff number is, then you have to work through your supervisors. So there is probably another

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number when you get to a thousand or something that's another order of magnitude, but I've never been there. Maybe David can speak to that.

But to me, if you hit 150 you -- and can do that successfully, you're probably going to be okay at 600 or 700.

MR. COLLIER: My feeling is, I did not grade
Mr. Beard as high as Colin did because I didn't see
any experience other than financial. That doesn't
mean he hasn't worked in governments and doesn't
understand how a government works. I think the
thing that made me teeter on this is, if you are in
finance you are involved in the budget, and that is
probably the most political activity one gets
involved on in a yearly basis is meeting all the
priorities and going to the commission and
convincing or talking with them through what you
see the budget needs are and all. So I think
that's a very important thing, and he has done that
for a long, long time. In the end, we both agreed
that he should be part of the 15.

My experience on numbers is I always remember working with the police chief, he said when my department reached 150, I couldn't pass people in the hall and ask how their wives were because I

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couldn't remember whether they were married or not, so maybe that's the number.

MS. MORENO: But it is also important to know how to deal with your supervisors and make sure your policies are trickling down and that, I think, concerns me more in the sense — not that he knows everybody in the department but has he really worked with a sufficient number of supervisors and heads of departments to make him an effective city manager.

MR. FERNANDEZ: Have you guys interacted with him personally?

MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah, I talked with him.

MR. FERNANDEZ: You have known him for a while?

MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah. I think he is a capable guy. There is no question, it's another step. He is going from a department head now -- you know, probably in finance more so than any other department, you have to know something about public works and police. You know, you are making judgment calls on the budget or at least recommendations to the manager but -- so you've got that broad range of oversight to some degree.

The danger with financial types is that they

don't understand the importance of the operational aspects of an organization, of a city.

You know, you probably noticed with some of our car companies 10 or 15 years ago part of the problem was they were run by financial types that were really focused on the bottom line and not so much on quality product or the other things, customer service.

I think that's probably less true in government, but it still is a factor that they are focused more on the numbers than they are on actually having delivered the goods, the water, the sewer service, the solid waste, making the roads right, so on -- so that's another learning curve too that he would face.

MS. MORENO: Okay. Are we ready to move on to Mr. Bragg?

MR. KADRE: No, there is a person in between, I think.

MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah, Pieter Bockweg.

He was one I initially didn't have in, and my concern is the number of people you mentioned. He hasn't managed a huge number of people, but I liked his economic development, his redevelopment experience. In talking to him, I thought he knew

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his stuff, sharp guy.

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Would it be a jump? Yeah, it's a bigger jump than Beard, but it's a jump.

MR. KADRE: By the way, can someone confirm for us how many employees there are in Coral Gables that the manager directly supervised?

MR. BAENZIGER: I am sure it's in our brochure. I can take a look if you like.

MR. FERNANDEZ: While Craig is looking that information up, on this issue of the number of people that you manage, I mean everybody -- I mean, every piece of literature in management sort of tells you that there is a limit to how many direct reports you can manage effectively. You tend to manage, whether you are managing a business of 15,000 people, you know, or, you know, a group of 300, you tend to manage through your direct reports. So I would want to add to the point of James Beard, that's why I think it's important to get your insights on, you know, what his demeanor is, what are his personality traits, you know, what is his management experience and whether you consider him a capable quy. Because I don't buy that anyone manages effectively more than eight to ten direct reports.

MS. MORENO: I agree with that, but the key is does he have the ten direct reports or does he just manage his own little department -- well, it won't be a little department in the City of Atlanta.

It's a big one, but has he had to manage direct reports in a variety of areas as what happened with the city manager here who would have to have the planning and zoning person and public works and the police chief and the fire chief. Those are very different areas, and that is what I am looking for, someone who has been able to have direct reports from different areas and balance the interest of each and get his message down.

MR. MAS: I have never spoken to him, but of all the -- for me, personally, of all the out-of-state candidates, I thought that when you are talking about a city with a \$1.8 billion budget so it's sizable, I thought that he did a great job talking about pensions and capital projects and the developments of some of the projects they have done in the City of Atlanta. So for me he was one that -- are there questions surrounding his ability to lead a city from the management perspective, there might be. But I think that's why you bring him -- I think that's the purpose of the interviews

next week is to really understand what we might think some people's weakness are and to drill them on it.

I mean, just, I don't think we need to go through every candidate, but I was actually pretty impressed with his resume and what he prepared for us to read.

MR. FERNANDEZ: So was I, and a good finance turnaround story is a good story. And in order to be a great financial guy you got to understand every part of the business, so I was very impressed with his record. I would want to learn more.

My concern, as Cristina mentioned, is, you know, what is his operational acumen and can he be a strong operational leader, but I was impressed with him.

MR. LEEN: In answer to your question, it's 800 employees but about 70 of them are vacancies. So it's about 730 actual, 800 total.

MS. MORENO: I'm sorry, Craig, can you also tell us how many direct reports the city manager would have?

MR. LEEN: Well, there is 800 total employees but there is 69 vacancies, so it's around 730 that are actual employees.

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1	MR. KADRE: How many of these people report
2	directly to the manager?
3	MR. LEEN: Much less than that. I will get
4	the number.
5	MR. COLLIER: I just wanted to interject
6	something. I had an experience I worked for
7	Montgomery County, Maryland for the first 16 years
8	that I worked in the public sector. We had 7,000
9	employees. The finance department probably had
10	120. You can't imagine how complex something like
11	that can be because you learn everything from risk
12	management to auditing to revenue disbursement, to
13	collection of money, to license tag sales, all of
14	that stuff so that the direct reports that that
15	finance director had was probably eight, which is
16	very close to what most city managers had.
17	MR. BAENZIGER: And the city managers
18	typically oversee somewhere between 4 and 15.
19	Fifteen I think is way too many, but that's how
20	some people do it. Sometimes they can't get their
21	commission or elected officials to approve a system
22	to kind of share the load.
23	MS. MORENO: Okay. Mr. Bockweg, are we

Okay. Mr. Bragg.

finished with him? Any more questions about him?

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MR. COLLIER: Mr. Bragg, you can see from his resume that he is one of the private sector candidates that we brought forward. And I found in both looking through his background and speaking to him for a considerable period of time that he clearly understands there is a big difference between private and public management.

He would like to make that change. He feels

He would like to make that change. He feels comfortable that he can make the change, and he shifted pretty violently. If you look at the jobs, some of them are very close to the headquarters type of jobs and other jobs were he was out in another continent, South America, pretty much running the show on his own, and a large one at that.

So we saw him, both Colin and I, as somebody who probably has the ability to make the shift into public sector management more easily than other candidates.

MS. MORENO: Did he reflect experience in budgeting and financial aspects?

MR. COLLIER: Yes. Yes.

MS. MORENO: I think here we have two of the additions go next, Michael Hein and Mark Cutney.

MR. BAENZIGER: I actually got Don Elliot

next.

MR. LEEN: Madam Chair, I have an answer for you first, but I am waiting for an official answer from human resources. But I took a look at our current budget and there is ten departments that are listed. And, of course, some of them have subdepartments or divisions.

That includes economic sustainability, leisure services, fire, police, information technology, finance, public works, historical resources, development services and human resources. In addition to that, the office of the city manager has the city manager, an assistant city manager for operations, an assistant city manager for finance and administration, which is currently a vacancy, an assistant to the city manager, an executive assistant to the city manager.

In addition, there is a public affairs manager, a video production manager, public affairs specialist, and I'm not certain if all of these are filled. I am just listing to you what it says.

There is also a chief compliance officer, a senior auditor and there is also an executive secretary position. But that may have been switched.

So there's a number of people that he will be

responsible for.

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MR. BAENZIGER: And when you say ten, you've got a deputy or an assistant city manager for operations so probably that person is overseeing some of those ten departments, at least that's the way I would do it if I was a city manager.

MR. LEEN: Remember, the development services department has in it code enforcement, planning and zoning, building, so there is divisions. Likewise, leisure services, parks and recreation. I believe public service is now under public works, but really there is even more than that.

MS. MORENO: I'm sorry, Mr. Elliot.

MR. BAENZIGER: Mr. Elliot, I will let Dave talk a little bit about Mr. Elliot after I get done, but I have known Don probably since 2004, 2005, probably 2005, 2006, somewhere in there.

Don was a candidate when we did Broward County a number of years ago. He was the chief administrative officer of Lancaster Pennsylvania at that point, at that point in Lancaster County. He is a sharp guy. He has private sector experience, as well as public sector experience.

Lancaster County is a little different. I believe he had three supervisors there, elected

officials and not five, but he still has the experience with the elected officials, and that's one of the things that attracted me to Don.

MR. COLLIER: I spoke to him. I was impressed. Once again, he understands government from his experience in Pennsylvania or as they refer to it The Commonwealth, and I personally have some vices with Pennsylvania managers because I had to deal with some of them earlier in my career. But I think he stepped out of that job and broadened his experience in the last few jobs because he really had worked in pretty much heavy industry and then he switched into the health field. And he told me that was based on knowledge he gained when he was working as chief administrative officer in Lancaster. And the rest of his career has all been in nonprofit healthcare.

MR. WITHERS: So he intrigued me, but I have a couple of questions about him. He went private sector, public sector, then back to the private sector.

MR. COLLIER: He started in private, yes.

MR. WITHERS: Why that -- then the other thing is, I think he had nine jobs in 20 years. I am just -- you know, whenever I see someone with a

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resume, if it's a vertical movement in an organization, I understand the job change. But when you go nine different employers over 20 years and you go public -- I mean, private, public, private and you say you know him so I am just curious to know what's that all about.

MR. COLLIER: No, I just said I talked with him.

MR. BAENZIGER: I know him.

MR. COLLIER: And I didn't see that as a problem because, from what I read, I thought he worked for Dana and Dana was ultimately a division or bought out by Eaton. I know that as an auto buff.

MR. BAENZIGER: And that's the concern I had, the number of jobs in the time period, and it's typically something we eliminate people for. But he had that knowing him feeling that he is competent capable individual and also the fact that he had the private and the public, which seemed to be something the commission was looking at, would like to see. That's why I put him in.

MR. WITHERS: I know it's hard to gather, but, you know, sometimes if you can also track salary levels, when you see someone go from a salary level

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of X to a salary level of X minus one, you probably know they left under a situation that wasn't the best. When you see someone go from X to X plus, you know it was probably a good upward move for them.

MR. COLLIER: Well I told Colin I was impressed with him because he didn't stay too long in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, which shows --

MR. WITHERS: One winter, right.

MR. COLLIER: But he did a lot while he was there. He clearly came in as a change agent and if you read some of the details of what he did there, he made the changes and then he left.

MR. BAENZIGER: Is Mr. Hein next?

Mike is someone that I've known for years and I think very highly of him as a manager. He does have a rather large hiccup in his background. That is a DUI in 2009, which is about the time he was leaving or had left Tucson, was getting divorced, so on and so forth. Mike has taken responsibility for that, acknowledges his mistake and, you know, is a stable individual at this point from what we can tell from the references and from our conversations with him.

But he is the kind of person that, to me, if I

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1	was looking at looking for candidates for Coral
2	Gables, he would stand out just because he has been
3	the manager of Tucson, Arizona, and Tucson is not
4	an easy place to manage. The large cities in
5	Arizona are rough places. Scottsdale may be an
6	exception, but Tempe, Tucson, are all if you can
7	stay four or five years, it is a tribute to your
8	abilities. It's just very difficult. Libertarians
9	running around and antigovernment and it's just
10	tough.
11	MS. MORENO: Why did he leave the city manager
12	position to become director of emergency
13	management?
14	MR. BAENZIGER: I don't think he had a choice.
15	He was terminated.
16	MS. MORENO: He was terminated?
17	MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah, I mean, it happens to
18	city managers.
19	MR. MAS: Did you get into why he was
20	terminated? I mean, he was fired by the
21	commission, if I am not mistaken.
22	MR. BAENZIGER: Yes, he was.
23	MR. WITHERS: He was challenged by three
24	commissioners on a pretty
25	MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah.

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1	MR. WITHERS: If you can read, no offense to
2	our esteemed Miami Herald report here, you can read
3	the newspaper clips. It was a very highly
4	publicized situation.
5	MR. BAENZIGER: Yes. It's true. It happens
6	in the profession.
7	MR. FERNANDEZ: You have known him for a
8	while?
9	MR. BAENZIGER: Yes.
10	MR. FERNANDEZ: What's your sense as to how
11	his direct reports and people that worked with him,
12	the general impression they have of his
13	capabilities?
14	MR. BAENZIGER: Quite positive, yeah.
15	MR. WITHERS: What does passable mean?
16	When you did your credit ratings, you have
17	excellent, but his is passable.
18	MR. BAENZIGER: It means he had some hiccups
19	in there in going through the divorce and
20	everything else that may have been a factor. I
21	mean, his salary in Tucson was 220 or something and
22	it dropped down to 120. So I imagine there was
23	some adjustments there.
24	Passable means that there aren't real serious
25	problems, but there are some hiccups in the
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We don't have access to credit scores and, you know, frankly it's a little touchy too with the Fair Credit Reporting Act on how much we can judge on — how much we cannot divulge but how much of a factor that can be in making a decision. But if I saw poor on that, in that thing, I would be concerned.

MR. FERNANDEZ: Did you have a conversation with him about this particular job in Coral Gables?

MR. BAENZIGER: Yes.

MR. FERNANDEZ: What do you feel attracts him to make the move to South Florida?

MR. BAENZIGER: It's Coral Gables. I mean, it's your reputation.

There are two or three candidates that I talked to personally in here that I thought really stood out to me because they were excited about Coral Gables because it was Coral Gables.

Talking to Mike, I don't think he has really applied certainly anywhere else. That may be because of his hiccup in his background he may be trying to put some time behind him, but he was excited about the possibility of Coral Gables and its reputation, what's going on here, the kind of

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government you have. And you know, having managed a place like Tucson, he is used to big organizations and a lot of employees. So...

MR. COLLIER: Yeah. I spoke to him, and your reputation is what he was interested in. And that is stable and trying to be on cutting edge on a lot of areas. That appealed to him.

Now, he has gone through terrible financial problems when he was in Tucson. That was a period where Arizona city government was really on a roll, so he has had that experience too. Maybe he wants to come to a place that he thinks has slightly less problems than he had. The other thing there is, they have extremely strong labor unions. The negotiations in Arizona are some of the toughest in the country.

MR. BAENZIGER: One other thing I would say about Arizona, you know, we went through a building bloom here in Florida, and when the recession hit, it was bad. I think it was even worse in Arizona. And a lot of these cities had never considered the possibility of what goes up might come down.

MR. FERNANDEZ: In terms of the candidates' motivation, which is something that I hope that we dive into when we interview the number that we

interview next week, one thing I try to screen out for because certainly at the University of Miami, you know, we have had our hits and we have had our misses. But a lot of times a candidate like this one who is clearly a candidate for city manager looks at an opportunity in South Florida as a retirement -- I am going to come down to South Florida to retire. And something that's very important to me and I believe will be very important to the commission is make sure that they recruit someone that's hungry and has that fire in the belly for the job because, you know, the city certainly deserves that.

How do you guys, head hunters, screen for that, for that fire in the belly?

MR. BAENZIGER: I think I rated low probably five city managers that I viewed as probably looking for a nice suntan in the winter.

MR. COLLIER: Talking to them you can tell if the fire is in the belly or not. A lot of times the first thing people will say to you when you ask, why Coral Gables, you know, it's sunny. I am tired of the winters, and that's kind of a nonstarter with me.

MR. FERNANDEZ: As it relates to this

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particular candidate you believe he is still passionate and hungry to make his mark.

MR. COLLIER: Oh, yeah, absolutely.

We can't get into age, but I don't think he is old enough to retire. He is excited about the profession and he has had to take some time off from it.

MR. BAENZIGER: Are you ready for Mr. Kutney? MS. MORENO: Yes.

MR. BAENZIGER: Mark is also someone I have known for several years. Mark I think has wanted to be a city manager probably since I would say the day he was born, but that's probably an exaggeration, probably since he was in college.

And if you look at his career path, he has had a number of jobs and what he has tried to do in each instance is to move to the next level to get a better job, to become a city manager and, you know, he was the development services director in Davie for eight years.

His finance director in Davie went to Belle Glade to become the city manager and asked Mark if he'd join him. Well, if you become the assistant city manager, that's kind of almost what you need to have on your credentials to go to the next job

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to become a city manager. He took advantage of that opportunity and then he had another opportunity to become the town manager in Loxahatchee. Loxahatchee Groves is tiny. There is no doubt about that.

But Mark has been in large cities. Davie has a population of 70,000. Hallandale Beach I think is around 30, so it's not like he hasn't seen the bigger cities or been in that environment.

He has never had the number of employees that you have here. In fact, I don't know -- I think we got his -- I don't know, I think we got his number of employee counts questionnaire that Committee Member Withers had suggested. I don't know that I have that with me, unfortunately, but I think it's on your iPads or computers. He is a guy who's ready for the next step. He tends not to interview as well as others. He tends to do the job right.

MR. WITHERS: He impressed me because he sees
-- I think it was the flood issue where he was
concerned about the maps on the flood zones, which
I felt was fairly -- but was he the one -- one of
these folks kind of made a public stand on
something, which upset some of his bosses. But I
don't think it was Mark. But he certainly seemed



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to understand -- he opposed that public referendum for land use change I think is what it was where they wanted a redevelopment of public lands to go to a public vote as opposed to --

MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah. Most professionals in Florida oppose that, and I think almost -- I mean, virtually all of them and not to mention most of the cities, most elected officials as well. I didn't always agree with that.

By the way, St. Pete Beach is one of our clients. They actually passed that and undid it four years later because it's a mess. But anyway, that was a side note.

MR. FERNANDEZ: I need to step out, sorry.

MR. BAENZIGER: Are you ready for Maria Lasday?

MS. MORENO: Let's wait for Rudy.

MR. BAENZIGER: You know, we could come back at 2:00 if you like?

(Brief recess.)

MR. BAENZIGER: You are ready for Maria?

Okay. Maria is someone Dave and I disagreed about. I probably had her rated more highly than he did. What I liked about Maria was the private sector experience, the public sector experience.



She speaks Spanish, which is a plus. She is a trained attorney, which I think is a plus, generally. I'm being a little facetious here, I'm sorry. She is an out-of-the-box thinker.

Now, Bannockburn is a lot smaller than Coral Gables. She probably -- I think she has like 30 permanent employees and she has 40 contract employees. They do a lot of their work through contractors, but she still has responsibility for roughly 75, 80 employees.

There is a university in Bannockburn, and it has a lot of proper presence. It's a city next door to where my parents lived many years, so I am familiar with Bannockburn. It's a very high-end community, and so when I looked at her she had everything we were looking for except managing a large number of employees.

The number of staff she had was not horribly small, though. It wasn't like, say, Weston where John probably has half a dozen or a dozen employees where he manages and the rest are contract. So she was somebody I thought was worth a look.

She has Florida connections in the sense. I think she owns a condominium somewhere on the east coast of Florida. She has a house on the west

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coast of Florida, Bonita Springs or some place and spends a lot of her time here.

I think she said she comes down about every other weekend, and her goal is to move to Florida, not to retire but because that's what where she wants to be.

She is vested in the Illinois Retirement

System I think at the end of November, so that's
her target is to move -- and I kind of followed

Maria for years because I thought she had a lot on
the ball. And she can come start roughly

December 1st, so she is somebody that I thought was
worth looking at.

MS. MORENO: And the negative?

MR. COLLIER: No. We are not doing that anymore. He is getting the ones he thinks he is best to explain and I the others.

MR. BAENZIGER: We can talk about why you don't have her rated as high as I did, if you want.

MR. COLLIER: Well, I -- I think my rating came before I spoke to her and after I spoke to her I felt that she was very, very, very professional. She had one of the best interviews I have had on the phone in a long, long time. But Colin's background there is he knows a lot more about the

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If you read about the town, you can see that it's clearly an A number one community. It's not anywhere out in the toolies somewhere.

MR. BAENZIGER: But it is a lot more rural.

MR. WITHERS: But I don't understand how they can have a 10 million dollar budget with 75 employees. That just doesn't add up, which -- I mean.

MR. BAENZIGER: I guess I have to say I have known people who have taken jobs like this coming from a background like that and have done very well, so I don't have --

MR. MAS: I think Chip's point is, though, if you divide 75 into one million, it doesn't give you a lot of money for all of those employees.

MR. WITHERS: Somewhere there were contractors and some were part-time, but it just seems like --

MR. BAENZIGER: Something we can look at in more detail.

MR. WITHERS: It jumped out at me.

MR. BAENZIGER: I mean, if you choose to interview her, that's something we will look at in more detail.

MS. MORENO: One thing that bothered me is she

seemed to bounce around a bit.

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MR. BAENZIGER: Yes, although she has had a good career as this town manager. Excuse me, while I look at the dates. In 2008 she was -- yeah, 2008, so she has been there six years, and that's a pretty good tenure. I have a theory with city managers you don't want them to stay more than ten because I think they stop seeing the spots on the walls and they get stale. Dave was the exception in Stuart, of course. He was there for 14, something like that.

Should we go on to Tom Mattis?

MS. MORENO: Tom Mattis.

MR. BAENZIGER: Now, Tom, from my point of view, has almost the picture perfect career as a city manager. He starts out at a relatively small community. He is in a large-knit community, the budget analyst in Dallas. He goes to another small community, another small community and then he gets to a decent size place and he stays there nine years.

He goes to another place and stays eight years, and the only reason he is applying to Coral Gables is, it's Coral Gables. I talked to him on the phone. I thought he was very capable, very

knowledgeable. He has 700 employees, and I think I put this in the memo, but Virginia has a category of government called an independent city.

And what that means is, in Miami-Dade County each of the cities is kind of part of the County. In Virginia, Colonial Heights is an independent city, so it is not part of a county. It is essentially a city and county put together. They have about 40 of them in the state.

But I think he is -- you know, he has managed in all kinds of different situations. He seems to have done very well, and, you know, he is attracted and thrilled by the idea of Coral Gables so he is somebody I thought very highly of.

MR. COLLIER: I did speak to him also and what I was interested in is he came out of Dallas after his initial manager position, a very small town, 2000. Dallas, at that point, was a real incubator for city managers. They prided themselves in hiring recently graduated MBAs and put them in departments that had an overview like budget finance and that sort of thing. And from that they encouraged them to get out of the incubator and go somewhere, take their experience and start with small towns and move up, not jump to a big one.

He has followed that. He clearly moved around a lot, but when you look at the communities, you probably realize that he went in as a professional manager, young professional manager, did what he needed to be done, was offered a better job and moved on. And then I think he is an example of earlier career job change that when you look at his earlier career, it shows he slowed down and once he had that experience it appears that he had a good tenure in all the larger communities he served.

MS. MORENO: Any questions?

Yvonne McKinley.

MR. BAENZIGER: I can tell you what attracted me to Yvonne was the fact that she had been the city manager twice in Miami-Dade County. South Miami, as you probably know, is a very difficult place to be a city manager. Doral, it had some turnover there and some very good people left, but you may all well know her better than I do. But that's what attracted me to her. I didn't mean to take up Dave's time here but until he finds his place in the book.

MR. COLLIER: Once again, I thought that her experiences could fit very well here, as Colin mentioned. She seemed, in our phone conversation,

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1	very comfortable with the idea of working here, and
2	I rated her higher after talking to her than I did
3	previously. But I do think her city manager
4	experience in this area is a real plus.
5	MR. BAENZIGER: Ready for the next one?
6	MR. KADRE: By the way, can I ask a question
7	about Yvonne?
8	Did you get any feedback as to the types of
9	job that she did in the two cities that she was
10	manager in?
11	MR. COLLIER: I did not.
12	MR. BAENZIGER: We really haven't gotten
13	MR. KADRE: You haven't gotten to that point
14	yet?
15	MR. COLLIER: No. South Miami, I wouldn't
16	know that I would even know who to inquire of there
17	because I had such a negative impression of the
18	city, I hate to say it, but the Doral we do know
19	some people.
20	MR. GREENBERG: Manny, Madam Chair.
21	MR. FERNANDEZ: Thank you for the ringing
22	endorsement there of our neighboring city.
23	MR. BAENZIGER: I'm sorry, you are paying me
24	for my personal professional opinion.

MR. FERNANDEZ: That's not the opinion of the

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MR. BAENZIGER: Officially.

MR. GREENBERG: I've been special council to South Miami, and I'm just going to keep my mouth shut, but you are right.

When I was at Stearns Weaver, we were the city attorney for Doral and worked with Yvonne. She did a very capable job. She hired good people, and as you mentioned, a number of those people have left.

When she left, Doral was undergoing some turmoil, but she did a capable job of hiring people and running the city as a relatively strong manager.

MR. COLLIER: It tends to be a difficult city too. The mayor tends to be very involved.

MR. GREENBERG: Yes. She left when the former mayor's term limited and the new mayor came in.

MR. KADRE: I think, you know, to the extent you can give us a little feedback on candidates who have been managers in public cities, whether they did a good job or not when they were in that city, I think would be extremely helpful.

I heard she did an outstanding job in Doral, but I don't know anything about her tenure in South Miami.

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1	MR. BAENZIGER: There are people I can call
2	and get a better read on that.
3	MR. GREENBERG: South Miami is a difficult
4	city to manage or to work in.
5	MR. BAENZIGER: I could talk to you about that
6	privately as Murray could, but I don't think I
7	should say any more than I probably have, which is
8	probably way too much.
9	MS. MORENO: We are up to Art Noriega.
LO	MR. BAENZIGER: It's on your list unless you
1	want me to do it.
12	MR. FERNANDEZ: Before we leave, Yvonne, one
13	of the things that would interest me is, obviously,
L 4	effectively working with the city commission and
5	communicating effectively with the city commission
- 6	is going to be very important. I would love to get
7	some feedback as to her dealings with the
. 8	commission in South Miami and in Doral.
9	MS. MORENO: Particularly in Doral.
20	MR. GREENBERG: I can say from the perspective
21	that I saw she had good relationships with them.
22	Now, the Doral commission even under the former
23	mayor was divided and, you know, if you do things
Δ	that one faction likes, some other commissioners

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are not going to like you but that doesn't mean

that you are not a professional manager. You can't keep counting votes all the time.

Just from looking at her and working with her as one of the attorneys for the city, and I will tell you that Jimmy Morales was the lead attorney for the city, and he worked very well with her. I think she did a good job, and the department directors that she hired were good people who were sought after and they left when there was a change of administrations there. If you want to talk to me privately, I'm available.

MR. MAS: I mean, I have had a chance to work with her on some things. I think she is an excellent candidate. We do have a lot of experience in this field. I think she would be an excellent one to interview.

MR. BAENZIGER: Ready for Art?

MS. MORENO: Art Noriega.

MR. BAENZIGER: Okay. Go ahead, Dave.

MR. COLLIER: Well, as you can see when you look at his resume, his experience has been in private business and I guess you could say public private parking authorities that are a little bit off a city government experience. But what we saw was a person who moved through a number of

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important jobs and seems to have a good track record in all of them. Plus, the fact he knows this area very well, both from living here and clearly from the jobs he has had in this area. So that was what put him high on our list.

MR. BAENZIGER: Beyond that, I liked the fact that he has been in the private sector. Well, he has been in the private sector. I don't know that I would call the Miami Parking Authority a private sector enterprise, but it's, you know, a situation where the rubber has to meet the road or you don't stay around.

But he has also been with the Carlisle Group. He's been with the Cornerstone Group, so he has been on the other side of the development equation, which I think could be valuable in Coral Gables because I understand you have a little development going on here. I thought he could do very well in that environment.

Again, fewer employees. He's got a little bit under 200 when you're public -- excuse me, when you count full time and part-time. Again, he's got the development side. He's got the management side, limited area though. I mean, he hasn't done police. He hasn't done fire or public work.

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 MR. BAENZIGER: I'm sorry? 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 specialty. 16 17 18 19 2.0 21 have to have some command of those areas. MS. MORENO: Okay. 2.2 23

He has done supervision of off duty -- you know, cops have come in on an off-duty basis for stuff that they had to do but his breadth of experience would be a learning curve for him because he doesn't have the breadth yet. A lot like Beard, you know, Beard is primarily finance. MS. MORENO: So he lacks what Beard has. MS. MORENO: He lacks what Beard has, the financial experience, is that what you are saying? MR. BAENZIGER: No, I'm sorry. What I'm saying is that Beard has the finance. Art is kind of limited to the parking end of it and also the development side. Those are his two areas of You take somebody like Beard, he has basically been the finance side. He has, I would say, an advantage because he has had to do the budget. has had to do the accounting for the other operations and by osmosis, if nothing else, you MR. BAENZIGER: The next one, if you are ready, is Guillermo Olmedillo. And we have had

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Guillermo before in other job searches, very sharp

guy. We also put a lot of stock in Merret
Stierheim's recommendation. He was one of his
references. Guillermo was -- he was a director of
the department, and they changed names over in the
county so that basically it was the planning and
zoning department. So he's got the planning zoning
development side of it. He has had, I think, 400
employees or something, if I remember correctly.

He has also been on the private sector. He has been making a living on his own back eight or ten years, which carries some weight. Just a very capable guy, I think. Any questions?

Should we move on? We are getting near the end here. Carlos Puentes.

MS. MORENO: Carlos Puentes is next.

MR. COLLIER: Carlos I found has a very interesting background because he served 20 years in the Army with a lot of service in Latin America, and clearly a lot -- once he got beyond the troop duty, he has been involved in pretty much management planning type of operations. As much financial as probably the financial set.

Then he stepped off and worked for General Electric for several years, and then moved through two names that most of us know, Dell and Tiger

Direct, two large computer-related firms, computer firms. And recently he is working for another company that specializes in procurement and sort of packaging of computer-related devices.

To me, that combination was unusual, but I thought it might be helpful as the city manager to have really two areas so much separated coming together with enough experience. He certainly would come to this job seasoned, not as a city manager but as a manager.

MR. KADRE: This to me was one of the more difficult candidates on the list putting my arms around. What in particular about this candidate prompted you to put him on the list?

MR. COLLIER: My feeling was the long period at Dell was a period where that corporation went through some major, major shifts, and he survived it. And that sounded to me like he not only knew what he was doing but must have had the political dealings to not step in the wrong direction at a hard time.

I have to say one thing. We were charged with bringing people in with backgrounds other than city managers. That's really why he is on this list.

MR. KADRE: No, no, that's not the question

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that I am asking. What -- I am sure he is not the only person that applied that had a nongovernment background. You got a hundred and something resumes. I just want to know what in particular in your communications with this particular person prompted you to put him on the list?

MR. COLLIER: I think two things. One is his military experience was not average. It was much more technical and managerial than it was troop duty or commanding a post. He really had experience in a lot of complex planning activities, including finance and procurement. The second thing is the high tech firms he worked in clearly are firms that demand and usually get good managers and that was -- it was the firms he worked for more than anything else on the private sector that caught my eye.

MR. KADRE: Did you inquire from him what attracted him to the job?

It's the first time he has ever applied for a public position?

MR. COLLIER: He told me this is the first city manager job he had seen listed. I think he got the listing or advertisement out of the Wall Street Journal is what got him started, so I didn't

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go any further than that.

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MR. KADRE: Okay.

MR. BAENZIGER: Outreach into the private sector is something we normally don't do and that could have happened.

Ready for Steve Rasmussen?

Steve has a varied background, U.S. Army officer. One of the things that is attractive about Steve is he was a garrison commander at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Garrison commander is very much like a city manager except you don't have five bosses but you have public works. You have utilities. You have housing, which city managers don't, but you have almost all -- I shouldn't say -- you have a lot of the same responsibilities a city manager does.

And then he moved over to actually being a city administrator in Iowa and Missouri, Jefferson City to Capital City and seems to have done well with that. He has had a good career. His references were strong. I talked to him. I think he is a very capable guy.

There is one thing that I should point out in his background check, his personal disclosure, there is number ten where it says is there anything

else in your background that may cause a reasonable person concern if he or she became aware of it through the press or any other mechanism. He circled yes. We don't have an explanation attached, which I think is an oversight on the part of my staff because in talking to him he did tell me that he submitted it. It's a little bit of a complicated story, but, apparently, there was a hit and run accident on the other side -- you got it?

MR. BAENZIGER: Anyway, there was a hit and run accident on the other side of town. He was having dinner with some of his appellate court judges or something, so clearly he wasn't involved. But it was a young police officer that saw some scratches on his car and kind of put two and two together and got 16. So he became a person of interest.

MR. COLLIER: Yes, 16 at 1.6.

There was an investigation. Obviously, as a city manager, he didn't want his department investigating it so the Highway Patrol did. The bottom line was they took the paint samples. There was no match, so he was cleared. But it was one of those things apparently for about two weeks it was kind of high priority in the newspaper and somebody

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Googling him might find this article and might not 1 find the results which cleared him completely. 2 3 MR. COLLIER: By the way, the scratches in his car came from backing out of his garage. 4 MR. BAENZIGER: That never happens, does it? 5 MR. COLLIER: It does to me. I don't know 6 7 about you. MR. BAENZIGER: It happened to me the other 8 day. I hate to admit it. 9 MR. KADRE: I think you're up, Dave. 10 MS. MORENO: Alex Rey. 11 MR. COLLIER: His most recent experience is a 12 town manager in the town of Miami Lakes. He served 13 in a number of areas in Dade County, including 14 Miami-Dade Transit Agency, where he was chief of 15 management and information services and assistant 16 17 director of administration. Clearly, his background has been with the City 18 19 of Miami and Miami-Dade. His position in Miami Lakes started in 2002, and he lasted six years 20 there. So he came back in 2010, I think. I think 21 that was a switch in political makeup of his 22 commission that both had him leave and with the 23 24 change brought him back. 25 He has the educational requirements, and I

don't have any other information, although I interviewed him and I thought he handled himself well in the interview.

MR. BAENZIGER: The only thing I would probably add is, I did talk to Merrett Stierheim about him briefly and he is very positive about him.

MR. FERNANDEZ: One thing that I liked about him and discussed it with Cristina's concern earlier is that he has had various experience within government. It's not just in budgeting, IT. He worked in the Transit Authority. Has been a city manager. I think he has a pretty compelling background.

MR. COLLIER: And in big organizations, too.

MR. WITHERS: I guess that what I questioned was, he made a comment that he was termed out as far as the number of years he could remain.

MR. COLLIER: No. No, I'm sorry, you misunderstood me. He served to 2008. There was a change in the political dynamics of his commission. He left and came back two years later when the commission sort of came together the way it had been.

MR. WITHERS: No. No. This was in his

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1	paperwork, wanting to leave the current job.
2	MR. BAENZIGER: The current job is that same
3	job.
4	MR. COLLIER: He says I am limited to the
5	number of years I can remain.
6	MR. WITHERS: No, no, this was in his
7	paperwork wanting to leave the current job.
8	MR. COLLIER: The current job is that same
9	job.
10	MR. BAENZIGER: He says I am limited to the
11	number of years I can remain with the Town of Miami
12	Lakes.
13	MR. WITHERS: To achieve the number of years I
14	need to achieve with the Florida Retirement System,
15	I am limited in the number of years that I can
16	remain with the Town of Miami Lakes.
17	MR. BAENZIGER: I don't know. I haven't asked
18	that question, but I imagine what he is saying he
19	is in the DROP Program.
20	MR. WITHERS: I understand, but for the city
21	manager they have a DROP Program.
22	MR. COLLIER: Oh, yeah.
23	MR. BAENZIGER: It's really common.
24	MR. WITHERS: I mean, I understand the DROP
25	Program, but for a CEO to be in a DROP Program

where he is forced out after a number of years,
don't you find that somewhat --

MR. BAENZIGER: It's the rule. I mean, it happened to Mark Antonio in Hallandale Beach. They hired him knowing that in 16 months they were going to have to let him go because by law he could not work more than 16 months.

Pat Salerno was in the DROP Program in Sunrise. They kept extending it, but that was Sunrise's own program. In the state you don't have a choice. At the end of five years, you are out in the DROP Program.

You usually do 30 years as an employee and then you do five in the DROP, and then you have to leave. It doesn't matter what position you are in.

Ready for Daniel?

MS. MORENO: Frank, he is one of the late additions.

MR. BAENZIGER: Daniel Rosemond. He has some private sector experience. He has some public sector experience. He is a deputy city manager. He's got redevelopment. He was an assistant city manager for five years in Miami Gardens and — actually, I think he was a department head there as well for a little while, but he is a sharp guy.

The manager in Miami Gardens at the time,

Danny Crew, Danny is somebody who doesn't tolerate

fools. He hires the best people, and then when -oh, shoot, I have forgotten her name now. This

escapes me. It's on the tip of my tongue. The

assistant -- an assistant city manager from Miami

Gardens went to Hallandale Beach as a city manager,

Renee. I've forgotten her last name because she
changed it when she got married but when she went

to Hallandale Beach. She thought enough of Daniel

to bring him over as her deputy city manager and

run the CRA. So he is very highly regarded and

very capable guy.

And I like the fact that he has done the planning, done the community development and oddly enough he was with the Parking Authority.

MR. FERNANDEZ: Let me ask you a question about -- this applies to Rosemond, Kutney and Bockweg, you know, the little three additions and I guess, Michael Hein as well. They all applied -- there was one deadline. They weren't part of your original 15.

MR. BAENZIGER: Right.

MR. FERNANDEZ: They only made it into the cut that we are reviewing today after some people

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dropped out. Why was that?

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MR. COLLIER: I think they weren't in the initial list we reviewed. They were late applicants, as far as I remember.

MR. BAENZIGER: No, I think they were all in on time, Dave.

I could be wrong. When you are evaluating candidates for city manager job, there is all kinds of different skills and pieces of the puzzle, and when we picked 15, we had to leave some out. And, you know, we stuck them back.

MR. FERNANDEZ: Is it enough for us to infer that they were not on you're "A" list?

MR. BAENZIGER: I mean, I'd hate to say that. We didn't think they were in the top 15. Let's put it that way. But it doesn't mean that they aren't in the top 15.

MR. COLLIER: I have to tell you, my experience of stopping at 15 was extremely difficult because there were probably another five or six, any one of them you could substitute and sleep at night. Now, after that it doesn't go very far.

MR. BAENZIGER: There was a point where it was easy.

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The last candidate, if you are ready for Jane Shang, she is somebody I have known for years. In fact, the reason she became a deputy city manager in El Paso, Texas was a conversation I had with her. She was lined up to be the transportation director in Broward County, and I said to her, you know, what's your long-term goal. And she said I'd like to be a city manager, and then I said, given the two, do you want to be the deputy city manager in El Paso, Texas.

El Paso is a big city, 700,000 population.

The city has got 6,000 employees. As a deputy, she doesn't oversee all of those, but she has experience in a big organization. Her background is primarily in transportation. I thought it was -- her education was interesting in the sense that she is a trained attorney, but what you see is a lot of project management and management skills. She is somebody we have recruited for other jobs. We tried to get her to apply at Bellevue, Washington, but the timing wasn't right.

There is a little bit of turmoil when she left, and I don't know that I fully understand it. But that didn't give me pause in recommending her. The new city manager coming in is an interesting

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1 individual and I could well see where she was a 2 candidate for the position. He was selected over 3 her, and she may not have -- the situation may not 4 have been comfortable for anybody at that point. 5 MR. KADRE: If I'm not mistaken, she is also a 6 candidate for the Des Moines job, a finalist? 7 MR. BAENZIGER: She was. They have gone back They had somebody they liked, a guy from 8 9 Illinois, and they decided that rather than hire 10 from amongst the rest of the candidates that they would do something else. Now, I don't know if they 11 12 have decided what that something else is. She was 13 one of the five people that was interviewed and she was not selected. 14 15 Chip, do you want to make any changes in your 16 ballot? 17 MR. WITHERS: I'm sorry? 18 MR. BAENZIGER: I said, do you want to make 19 any changes in your ballot. I'm teasing you, Chip, 20 I'm sorry. 21 Are we ready to tally? 22 MR. GREENBERG: Remember to sign the ballots. 23 MR. BAENZIGER: Also, check the box next to 24 your name so that if I can't read your signature, I

can at least -- do you want me to read those and

you can tally as I read them?

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Craig, why don't I read the ballots and you and David can both tally?

MR. KADRE: We are not limited to checking five; right? We can check as many as we want?

MR. BAENZIGER: Exactly.

All right. I will read these aloud.

MR. KADRE: Can I suggest something to you with the ballots?

MR. BAENZIGER: Yes.

MR. KADRE: There is not a lot of purpose in reading them out loud. It may be -- it may be -- it may be -- it may just be a more productive exercise if the city attorney can look at the ballots and if there is someone who obviously got five checks, I think we can assume that this person gets an interview. I think if someone gets four checks, I think we can assume the person gets an interview, and then if the person has less than three checks, I would tell you, you know, they probably wouldn't get an interview unless one of the commissioners had a very strong opinion as to why they wanted to see that person. But that may just add a little structure.

MR. FERNANDEZ: Manny, the only thing I would

caution you, and I agree with you and Jose, you 1 2 want to interview seven or eight so that may 3 have -- you're assuming that we are going to agree 4 on --5 No. No, I'm saying five and four MR. KADRE: are definitely interviewed. 6 7 MR. FERNANDEZ: For sure. 8 MR. KADRE: Anyone who has less than three we can have a discussion about. That's my bad 9 10 signature, yes. Thank you. I was trying to avoid checking it 11 off. 12 I think my point is, the people who have five 13 and four, we don't need to get into an elaborate 14 discussion about because 90 percent or 80 percent 15 16 of us think that they should get an interview. 17 People who have less than three checks we can get 18 into a discussion. MR. BAENZIGER: Okay. I think that's 19 20 reasonable and if somebody has no checks. 21 think we need to discuss them. 22 MR. KADRE: Yes. If someone has no check, I don't think that anyone is going to advocate for 23 them. 24

MS. MORENO: They should be about seven.

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1	MR. BAENZIGER: Seven to ten.
2	MS. MORENO: If we all agree on the same five,
3	we are in trouble.
4	(Whereupon the ballots were tallied.)
5	MR. LEEN: I will just read them. The ones
6	that received votes:
7	Art Noriega received five votes.
8	James Beard received four votes.
9	Thomas Mattis received four votes.
10	Alex Rey, four votes.
11	Pieter Bockweg, three votes.
12	Yvonne McKinley, three votes.
13	Guillermo Olmedillo, three votes.
14	Don Elliot, three votes.
15	Mark Kutney, two votes.
16	Steve Rasmussen, two votes.
17	Michael Hein, one vote.
18	Maria Lasday, one vote.
19	MR. BAENZIGER: So we have seven candidates
20	that have a majority of you that would like to see
21	them. It might be a logical place to cut it off,
22	unless the other candidates that have two votes
23	were Don Elliot, Mark Kutney and Steve Rasmussen,
24	unless there was somebody I don't know if

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anybody would suggest someone with no votes be

1 considered.

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MR. KADRE: I am fine with the seven also so I move initially that we at least interview these seven.

The one question I want to ask if there was anyone on seeing the seven, if there is anyone who does not have public experience but has great private experience who we may want to consider.

MR. BAENZIGER: Of the seven, everyone has at least some public sector experience. McKinley and Olmedillo have more of a mix. Beard has more of a mix probably. There is nobody who is pretty much all private. In fact, the two that we suggested with private experience didn't get a vote.

MR. KADRE: I don't think that's true.

MR. BAENZIGER: Don Elliot would be an exception. He's got some public experience.

MR. KADRE: Yeah, Puentes got two votes.

MR. BAENZIGER: Did he?

MR. KADRE: Yeah. He is just a private person.

MR. BAENZIGER: I'm sorry, it's not on the sheet. You are right. I apologize.

MR. KADRE: Where does Puentes currently reside? I don't remember.

MR. BAENZIGER: He has a West Coast of Florida cellphone number, but you can't really tell from his materials. It's a Fort Myers telephone number. It might mean something. It might not. I don't know, in other words.

MR. KADRE: Does he -- you don't have a full resume for him there?

MR. BAENZIGER: We do, but I guess full is kind of -- it does not list his address.

MR. KADRE: Okay. Is he currently working somewhere?

MR. BAENZIGER: Yes, I believe so. He is with Automated Control Technology Partners. It doesn't say where that is. He doesn't list locations.

Would you like to bring him in?

MR. KADRE: Well, I just -- I want to have a little discussion with my colleagues because we made -- we were trying to make an effort to not just have current government people, and there was a desire both from the commission and from the charge that you had to include people in the private sector. And I know that's at least important for a couple of commissioners, so I want to see if there is at least one or two people from the private sector who it would be important to

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include in the process.

MR. FERNANDEZ: Manny, who from the private sector stands out that you would like to bring in?

MR. KADRE: You know, Puentes is -- it's hard to tell from, obviously, the amount of information that we have now, but certainly a person who has worked for companies like he has worked is someone from the private sector who would be of interest. You know, if there is truly a desire to look at people from the private sector.

MS. MORENO: I thought Don Elliot -- if you are really going from a private sector I think Don Elliot has an extensive private background.

MR. LEEN: I have to apologize. It's Carlos
Puentes I know you pointed out with the two votes.
Steve Rasmussen has no votes, forgive me.

MR. KADRE: Yes. So I was just assuming that was -- yeah, I voted for Elliot too.

MS. MORENO: I would add my vote to Elliot making it. If you want to give me my sheet, go ahead and give me that.

MR. BAENZIGER: We could do that, although I already -- that's not really important.

MS. MORENO: That's not necessary?

MR. BAENZIGER: No, that was a straw poll just

to get an idea where you are at. Now we are having a discussion to see if there is someone else you would like to bring in.

MR. KADRE: Chip, what are your thoughts?

MR. WITHERS: About Elliot or about --

MR. KADRE: Well, just about your thoughts.

MR. WITHERS: I heard two commissioners say that over and over again.

MR. KADRE: Yeah, and you sat on this commission.

MR. WITHERS: Yeah. Yeah. I mean, at the end of the day I can't -- I think the experience as previous city manager is going to weigh out. I mean, I just have that gut feeling, but the will of the commission was to bring out a couple of public sector folks.

MR. KADRE: Private sector folks.

MR. WITHERS: I mean private sector, I'm sorry. And Elliot is a hybrid, it seems, no. He is the one that went private, public, private.

MR. BAENZIGER: Yeah. He has actually had two years as a county administrator or county manager, so he has done the job, you know, reporting to the board in his case I think at three. That's a challenge so he has a little public sector

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1	experience, but it's very limited.
2	MR. WITHERS: I mean, I have no problem adding
3	him, adding eight to the I mean, I voted for
4	him, so obviously that's the horse I have in the
5	race here.
6	MR. BAENZIGER: I've got Withers and Kadre who
7	are voting for Elliot.
8	MR. WITHERS: And I do have to admit the
9	reason I added the vote in was to flavor in the
10	private sector.
11	MR. KADRE: I am comfortable adding him.
12	MR. BAENZIGER: Okay.
13	MR. LEEN: Elliot.
14	MR. BAENZIGER: All right. So a week from
15	today we will have our interviews. What time would
16	you like to start?
17	MR. KADRE: I think we had talked about 9:00.
18	MR. BAENZIGER: I'm sorry?
19	MR. KADRE: I think we had talked about
20	9:00 a.m. previously.
21	MS. MORENO: Can we set a limit, maybe a
22	30-minute limit for interview?
23	MR. BAENZIGER: That was my next question, how
24	much time would you like with the candidates?
25	MS. MORENO: We have eight people. That means

four hours not taking into account breaks so I think half an hour a piece. And then could you give us some guidance if people from the community come in, do they speak, do they not speak, what happens?

MR. LEEN: I will defer to your counsel, but the statute says at some point in the process the residents have to speak. So you can let them speak now during your process or you can let them speak in front of the commission or they can do both. They do not have a right to question the candidates unless you decide that they do.

MR. KADRE: I would like to -- there is no point in allowing the public to speak multiple times. I mean, I think that the best way to deal with the public issue is to allow them to speak at the commission stage. That's my feeling on it.

MR. LEEN: Murray, you know the other issue is that under Florida law, if you only allow them to speak at the commission stage, then your decision could not be final. So the commission is able to reconsider any person that you consider. I think they have that power anyway.

MR. KADRE: I think that's the case anyway.

MR. LEEN: So these would just go up as

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1	recommendations but all 15 would still be
2	potentially choosable {sic} by the commission.
3	MR. MAS: What if we let them all speak at the
4	end prior to us making the cut?
5	I don't think they should be allowed to ask
6	any questions in the interview.
7	MS. MORENO: Yeah.
8	MR. MAS: It's going to be very difficult, so
9	I think once the interview is done, if they want to
10	say anything
11	MR. KADRE: I think that makes sense. You
12	want enough public input. You want the citizens to
13	feel like they had enough of the say in the
14	process.
15	MR. BAENZIGER: Okay. So we will schedule
16	starting at 9:00 a.m. We will do half an hour each
17	unless you want
18	MR. KADRE: I think half an hour. You have to
19	schedule a short break in between every interview.
20	MR. BAENZIGER: Five minutes.
21	MR. WITHERS: How are the logistics going to
22	work?
23	Are you going to bring in each candidate and
24	put them in a room for a time? You are going to
25	allow them to sit here? What's the deal?

MR. BAENZIGER: Well, it's technically a public meeting so if they want to come in and sit and watch the other candidates, they can. It usually doesn't happen because I explain to them that if somebody gives a really good answer in front of you and you would have given the same answer, then it looks like you stole it. So usually they kind of stay out. But, you know, if they want to they are welcome to, but generally speaking, yeah, they stay outside.

The other thing I would say is, these are

The other thing I would say is, these are sequential, so if it comes to a point where you decide you want another ten minutes with someone, you can add some time. It's not like --

MR. WITHERS: Is Ms. Rey out of the country until the -- didn't I see something -- didn't she have a big red thing saying she is out of town?

MR. BAENZIGER: I'm sorry, who is that?

MR. WITHERS: Rey.

MR. BAENZIGER: Alex Rey.

MR. WITHERS: Who was out of town?

MS. MORENO: Yvonne.

MR. WITHERS: Maybe it was Yvonne.

MR. BAENZIGER: It could be, yes.

MR. WITHERS: How do you accommodate those

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folks that can't be here?

Are you going to try to hook them up through teleconference or -- because some of them aren't going to be able to fly down here, I know that.

MR. BAENZIGER: We warned all of them so my guess is the ones that are -- most if not all would be here.

MR. KADRE: How many people do we have from out of town just so that we know what we are dealing with?

MR. BAENZIGER: Beard, Elliot, Mattis. That's it.

MR. KADRE: Three of the eight.

MR. GREENBERG: Craig, is there a deadline by which the commission needs to receive these names?

MR. LEEN: They need to receive the names -- there is a three-day rule.

MR. GREENBERG: What is that date?

MR. LEEN: Depends on which commission meeting they act on. It's mid September so -- you know, they can -- this could be considered an emergent matter, you know, because we don't have a present city manager so we can even do it up to the day before.

MR. GREENBERG: No. What I'm asking, it's up

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to the commission, because it is a short time people could have things scheduled for next Friday where they are. If you do that in two weeks instead of one week from now, does that upset the apple card in any way, shape or form?

MR. LEEN: And the reason for that would be?

MR. GREENBERG: Well, to give people a bit

more time to plan to travel. I mean, many of you

have commitments a week in advance.

MR. LEEN: Does that back us up into Labor Day weekend?

MS. MORENO: Yeah, I will be out of town that weekend.

MR. KADRE: The 29th is Labor Day.

MR. BAENZIGER: Just so you know, we told each of the candidates when we talked to them that the 22nd was the date, and I sent each of the candidates an e-mail confirming the 22nd. And the ones I talked to are ready to be here on the 22nd.

MR. LEEN: The only other thing is that for the commission meeting where this is considered, which my understanding is we were looking at the 12th -- we will have to do that with the commission but we would need some time in advance in case any of the individuals have to fly in for that, and we

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1 definitely would want them to be here for that 2 meeting because that would be the meeting where the 3 commission chooses the city manager after 4 interviewing them. MR. MAS: Between our interviews and that. 5 6 MR. LEEN: We probably need a week in advance 7 of knowing what it is. MR. MAS: Are they going to get a chance to 8 interview them or are they only going to interview 9 10 them in that commission meeting? MR. LEEN: What I was planning to do since we 11 12 are flying some down, I was going to make it 13 available to the commission to meet with them individually since we are bearing an expense to 14 15 bring them down so they can meet them. It's not an official interview or anything. But the official 16 17 interviews will happen after you choose someone. MR. KADRE: Craig, can I see my ballot? 18 19 MR. LEEN: Of course. 20 MR. KADRE: There was an inaccuracy on the way 21 I voted so I want to double-check it. MR. GREENBERG: It's the one with the 22 2.3 signature you couldn't read. 2.4 Craig, my question was, is there any -- the

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commission had set a date. Is it set in stone?

I mean, I know budget time and everything but whoever comes in isn't going to be working with it.

I mean, if they got it at the end of September instead of, you know, the date they have set -- you know the commission. I am just asking.

(Unintelligible speaker)

MR. KADRE: You know, I think that I had put a scratch through Yvonne McKinley's name and I meant to vote for her, but it just wasn't reflected. I just wanted to reflect that I did vote for her. She was one of the candidates I do want to see. That's okay.

MR. BAENZIGER: The only thing I would say is the candidates are all aware of the dates, so it's possible they may have scheduled a cruise if we move the dates.

MR. KADRE: The scratch meant I did want to vote for her, so I want to fix my discrepancy.

MR. BAENZIGER: We can juggle it if need be.

MR. KADRE: So she has four. I just wanted it to -- I was just looking at my votes. That's all. So I made it look better for you guys.

MR. GREENBERG: That's fine. It's a straw vote anyhow.

MS. MORENO: Are we finished? Anything else?

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1	Okay. Our meeting is adjourned.
2	MR. LEEN: Before we adjourn, you have eight
3	candidates.
4	Is there an order you want them presented in?
5	I didn't hear that.
6	MR. WITHERS: Maybe the ones from out of town
7	earlier to give them an opportunities to fly out
8	that afternoon. I don't know if there is flight
9	schedules to be concerned about.
10	MR. LEEN: So we can determine the order based
11	on
12	MR. WITHERS: Obviously, if we are here for
13	four hours, are we going to break for lunch or are
14	we going to
15	MR. LEEN: The city will have lunch brought in
16	for you and also for the candidates. What time,
17	8:30?
18	MR. BAENZIGER: We will start at 8:30, give
19	you a five-minute break between each candidate.
20	Would you like a five-minute break in between
21	MR. WITHERS: It takes me anyway an hour to
22	get dressed in the morning so you might not make
23	it.
24	MS. MORENO: I think it would be good to have
25	a 15-minute break halfway through.

MR. BAENZIGER: Okay. So we will probably 1 finish roughly about 1:00 if we start at 8:30. 2 MR. LEEN: We will order lunch for the 3 It's possible if it goes over 4 committee. 5 30 minutes that you may end up going past lunch so we will have a lunch about noon. 6 7 MR. BAENZIGER: Then we have to have the public comment, and then we have to decide who we 8 9 are going to bring in. So you are probably here until 2:00. You know, if we bring in lunch, half 10 an hour for lunch and half an hour to figure out 11 12 what you want to do next. 13 MS. MORENO: So we are starting at 8:30. MR. WITHERS: I am assuming after we interview 14 15 each of these, we are going to sit and discuss and 16 probably spend another hour or so picking them. 17 MR. MAS: Plus public comment. 18 MR. KADRE: Can I ask a question? 19 Is it possible, and I understand we are 2.0 operating with some restrictions, but is it 21 possible to advise candidates that because of the public process they are allowed to sit in but there 2.2 23 is a preference that they don't sit in? 24 MR. LEEN: Well, I think we can tell them 25 that, because we don't want to make it seem like

they will be penalized for sitting in. They shouldn't be.

You shouldn't penalize them if they choose to, but we can ask them to -- I mean, we can tell them that there is a place available for them to sit out of courtesy to the fellow people applying.

MR. KADRE: Are interviews going to be televised?

MR. LEEN: Yes.

MR. KADRE: So they can see it.

MR. LEEN: We are probably going to make the first floor conference room available to them and we will have some snacks there for them as well.

We will publish a list of the times so they don't necessarily have to get here either six hours in advance or five hours in advance of their interview. So thank you. Thank you again for your service on behalf of the city.

MR. GREENBERG: Before adjourning, I just want to thank you. I will not be here next Friday. I have pronounced I wouldn't be. I am not a necessary party, but thank you.

MR. KADRE: Will you be available by link up, Murray?

MR. GREENBERG: The answer to that, Manny, is

Citizens Advisory Committee Meeting August 15, 2014 81 no, but anything that goes on after the 26th, I 1 2 will be available, after the 27th. 3 MR. LEEN: I will be sitting with you, and I will have him available by phone. 4 5 MS. MORENO: Thank you all. 6 MR. MAS: Thank you. 7 MR. FERNANDEZ: Thank you. 8 MR. WITHERS: Thank you. 9 (Whereupon, the meeting was concluded.) 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

82 1 CERTIFICATE 2 3 STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE 4 5 6 7 I, PATRICIA DIAZ, certify that the foregoing 8 pages 1 to 82 is a correct transcript from the official sound recording of the proceedings in the above entitled 9 10 matter. 11 12 Policia Diag 13 September 3, 2014 14 15 Patricia Diaz, RPR, FPR Date 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25