

CITY OF CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA

RESOLUTION _____

**RESOLUTION ADOPTING A FUND BALANCE POLICY
IN COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL
ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT
NO. 54; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.**

WHEREAS, the Governmental Accounting Standards issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in order to clarify the meaning of fund balance on financial statements; and

WHEREAS, the City desires to establish a Fund Balance Policy consistent with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54; and

WHEREAS, such a policy is attached as Exhibit A;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF CORAL GABLES:

SECTION 1. That the foregoing "WHEREAS" clauses are hereby ratified and confirmed as being true and correct and are hereby made a specific part of this Resolution upon adoption hereof.

SECTION 2. The City Commission adopts the "City of Coral Gables Fund Balance Policy for Compliance with GASB Statement No. 54", attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

SECTION 3. All Resolutions or parts of Resolutions, insofar as they are inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this Resolution, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 4. That this Resolution is made effective as of September 30, 2011 and shall be applied for and as of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS TWENTY-FOURTH OF JANUARY, A.D. 2012.

APPROVED:

JAMES C. CASON
MAYOR

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND
LEGAL SUFFICIENCY:

WALTER J. FOEMAN
CITY CLERK

CRAIG E. LEEN
CITY ATTORNEY

EXHIBIT A

CITY OF CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA
Fund Balance Policy for Compliance with GASB Statement No. 54

Purpose

The City hereby establishes and will maintain classifications of Fund Balance, as defined herein, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement *No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

Definitions

The Fund Balance consists of five categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

- **Fund Balance** is the difference between fund assets and fund liabilities on the governmental funds' balance sheets.
- **Nonspendable Fund Balance** consists of funds that cannot be spent due to their form (e.g. inventories and prepaids) or funds that legally or contractually must be maintained intact.
- **Spendable Fund Balance**
 - **Restricted Fund Balance** consists of funds that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers (such as grantors, creditors), or enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
 - **Committed Fund Balance** consists of funds that are set-aside for a specific purpose by the City's highest level of decision-making authority (City Commission). Formal action must be taken prior to the end of the fiscal year. The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.
 - **Assigned Fund Balance** consists of funds that are set aside with the intent to be used for a specific purpose as determined by the City Manager. Assignments of funds cannot cause a deficit in unassigned fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. Fund balance used as a source to balance the budget shall be recorded as Assigned Fund Balance.
 - **Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund** that consists of excess funds in the general fund that have not been classified in the previous four categories of funds. All funds in this category are considered spendable resources. This category represents the portion of fund balance which is not obligated or specifically designated and is available for general purposes. Unassigned fund balance would also include deficit

residual balances for any governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes. Deficit amounts cannot be reported for restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances in any fund.

Order of Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Funds

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, restricted funds will be used first.

When committed, assigned and unassigned funds are available for expenditure, committed funds should be spent first, assigned funds second, and unassigned funds last.

Authority to Constrain Amounts

This section will describe the criteria or level of authority required for each classification.

Nonspendable funds are funds that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (e.g. inventories and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted funds are funds that have constraints placed on their use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations or other governments or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed funds are funds that have constraints placed on their use by formal action of the City Commission.

Assigned funds are funds that have constraints placed on their use by the City Manager.

Procedures to Constrain Amounts

The process through which amounts are committed or assigned is as follows:

Committed - The City Commission has the authority to set aside funds for a specific purpose. Any funds set aside as Committed Fund Balance requires the passage of a resolution or ordinance. The passage of a resolution or ordinance must take place prior to September 30th of the applicable fiscal year but the amount can be determined at a later date. A resolution or ordinance would also be required to modify or rescind the specific use or amount.

Assigned - The City Manager has the authority to set aside funds for the intended use of a specific purpose. This act would be as part of the annual budget process or in the form of a written notification to the Finance Director. Any modifications or rescission would be in a written notification to the Finance Director.

Stabilization Accounts

Stabilization Accounts are useful for sound financial management and fiscal accountability. The City Commission has the authority to establish Stabilization Accounts that will have Restricted or Committed Fund Balance, as applicable. Stabilization Accounts may be created in the City's general fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual amount of Fund Balance in the General Fund and deficit unassigned fund balance of other governmental funds. It represents the resources available for future spending.

Annual Review

Compliance with the provisions of this policy shall be reviewed as a part of the annual budget adoption process, and the amounts to be assigned from available fund balance may be determined during this process.

Governmental Fund Type Definitions

General Fund: Used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted or committed proceeds of specific revenue sources should be expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the fund. For this purpose the City defines substantial portion as more than 50% of the inflows. In the event that the government no longer expects that a substantial portion of the inflows will derive from the restricted or committed revenue sources, the City will discontinue reporting a special revenue fund and instead report the Fund's remaining resources in the general fund or another appropriate fund.

Capital Projects Funds: Used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Debt Service Funds: Used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Permanent Funds: Used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.