CITY OF CORAL GABLES<br>HISTORIC PRESERVATION BOARD MEETING<br>VIA VIDEO CONFERENCE<br>OCTOBER 21, 2020

## PARTICIPANTS:

Albert Menendez, Chairperson
Cesar Garcia-Pons, Vice Chairperson
John P. Fullerton, Board Member
Bruce Ehrenhaft, Board Member
Alicia Bache-Wiig, Board Member
Xavier Durana, Board Member
Raul R. Rodriguez, Board Member
Dona Spain, Board Member
Margaret A. "Peggy" Rolando, Board Member (From Page 15)

Kara N. Kautz, Historic Preservation Officer EizaBeth B. Guin, Historic Preservation Coordinator Gustavo Ceballos, Esq., Assistant City Attorney Nancy Lyons, Administrative Assistant

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MR. MENENDEZ: Good afternoon. Welcome to the regularly-scheduled meeting of the City of Coral Gables Historic Preservation Board.

We are residents of Coral Gables and are charged with the preservation and protection of historic or architecturally-worthy buildings, structures, sites, neighborhoods, artifacts which impart a distinct historical heritage of the city.

The board is comprised of nine members, seven of whom are appointed by the commission, one by the city manager, and the ninth selected by the board and confirmed by the commission. Five members of the board constitute a quorum and five affirmative votes are necessary for the adoption of any motion.

Lobbyist registration and disclosure. Any person who acts as a lobbyist pursuant to the City of Coral Gables Ordinance Number 2006-11 must register with the city clerk prior to engaging in lobbying activities or presentations before city staff, boards, committees, and/or city commission. A copy of the ordinance is available in the office of the city clerk.

Failure to register and provide proof of registration shall prohibit your ability to present to the historic preservation board on applications under consideration this afternoon.

A lobbyist is defined as an individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity employed or retained, whether paid or not, by a principal who seeks to encourage the approval, disapproval, adoption, repeal, passage, defeat, or modifications of any ordinance, resolution, action or decision of any city commissioner, any action, decision, recommendation of the city manager and any board or committee, including, but not limited to, quasi-judicial advisory board, trust, authority or council, any action, decision or recommendation of city personnel during the time period of the entire decision-making process on the action, decision or recommendation which foreseeably will be heard or reviewed by the city commission or a city board or committee, including, but not limited to, quasi-judicial advisory board, trust, authority or council.

Presentations made to this board are subject to the city's false claims ordinance, Chapter 39 of the City of Coral Gables City Code.

I now officially call the City of Coral Gables Historic Preservation Board of October 21st, 2020 to order. The time is 4:05.

Present today are Alicia Bache-Wiig, Bruce Eherenhaft, Dona Spain, John Fullerton, Raul Rodriguez, Xavier Durana, Vice Chair Cesar Pons, Cesar Garcia-Pons,

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1 and myself, Albert Menendez, the chair.

Staff, Kara Kautz, historic preservation
officer; ElizaBeth B. Guin, historic preservation coordinator; and Gus Ceballos, assistant city attorney.

The next is approval of the minutes. Has everybody reviewed the minutes?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: Yes. I'll move approval.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Do we have a second?
MR. EHRENHAFT: Second.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. We have a second.
MR. FULLERTON: I have a correction.
THE COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry. Who
seconded? I'm sorry, I didn't see that.
MR. MENENDEZ: Who seconded the motion?
Bruce Ehrenhaft.
MR. FULLERTON: I have a correction.
MR. MENENDEZ: What's the correction.
MR. FULLERTON: On Page 39, Line 12, there's
a reference to a word about the location of the driveway in that application, and it was put down as "access," and it should be "axis."

MS. KAUTZ: Okay.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MR. FULLERTON: A small detail. I'm just
showing off because $I$ read the minutes, that's all. No,
it's actually what I said, and I wanted to just make sure I wasn't misquoted.

MS. KAUTZ: So noted.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Notice regarding ex parte communications. Please be advised --

MS. KAUTZ: You need to vote.
MS. KAUTZ: Oh, we need to vote.
MS. KAUTZ: All in favor?
THE BOARD MEMBERS: Aye (collectively).
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Now, notice regarding ex parte communications. Please be advised that this board is a quasi-judicial board and the items on the agenda are quasi-judicial in nature which requires board members to disclose all ex parte communications.

An ex parte communication is defined as any contact, communication, conversation, correspondence, memorandum or other written or verbal communication that takes place outside a public hearing between a member of the public and a member of a quasi-judicial board regarding matters to be heard by the quasi-judicial board. If anyone has made any contact with a board member, when the issue comes before the board, the member must state on the record the existence of the ex parte communication, the party who originated the communication, and whether the communication will affect the board

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1 member's ability to impartially consider the evidence to be presented regarding the matter.

Next item is deferrals. Do we have any
deferrals today?
MS. KAUTZ: No, sir, none.
MR. MENENDEZ: None, okay. Swearing in, that's the next item. Can everybody be sworn in at once, or does it have to be on a case-by-case basis?

MS. KAUTZ: We've done it in the past, we've done it per item. Right, Doreen?

THE COURT REPORTER: Yes, that's right. I think it's more, in my opinion, more accurate for the record.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Let's go then to the first item, and that is the historical significance designation, 649 Palmarito Court, legally described as Lots 18 and 19, Block 139, Coral Gables, Coral Gables Country Club Section Part Six, according to the plat thereof, as recorded in Plat Book 20 at Page One of the public records of Miami-Dade County, Florida. Okay, Kara.

MS. KAUTZ: So this is a historical
significance request that we've received from the owner of this property. Their intent as stated in the letter of intent was to demolish the property, demolish the residence.

The city ordinance passed around 2003 that requires a historic significance determination for any structure in Coral Gables to be issued before a determination -- I'm sorry, before a demolition permit can be issued.

So this was an act that potentially, protected potentially historic properties that are currently undesignated.

This is the location of the property for Palmarito Court and Palmarito Street, just to give you some clue.

If, as that ordinance was written, if the historic preservation officer finds that the property is historically significant, generally further research is conducted and a designation report is prepared and that matter is brought to the board to consider designation as a local historic landmark.

In this case, staff believes the property is potentially historically significant. It was permitted in the 1940s, and this is an early photograph of the house soon after construction.

It was designed by architect William Shanklin, Junior. It is largely unaltered.

But we wanted guidance from the board, and your consideration today would not be to designate the

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1 property, but only to determine if you wanted staff to 2 bring back a designation report after doing more research 3 on the property for a subsequent meeting, not at this 4 meeting.

Again, this is only for you all to discuss the historic significance of the property and whether or not you think it warrants a full staff report.

So this is, like I said, a 1940 s photo.
This is how the house looks today via Google Images.

These are the plans, original plans for the property as Permit 6225, again, William Shanklin.

Don't adjust your screen or anything. They are warped. They have vinegar syndromes taking over on these plans, so this is the best images that we could.

But you can see the basic outline of the first and second floors.

This is the front facade which is largely unchanged.

These are remaining facades of the property. This is the tax card the city has on file, the original tax card. It just says the outline of the building and the permit number and the permit date it was issued, and I put this in here so that you could see from the survey submitted by the owner that it has not had any
additions made to it over the years.
These are photos submitted by the applicant. This is the front facade; a view from the corner, sort of walking around. This is from Google. This is the west facade; the rear submitted by the the applicant.

And that's my presentation, and again, we would like your, your initial thoughts on what you'd like us to do.

MR. CEBALLOS: And if $I$ may interject, Assistant City Attorney Gus Ceballos.

Just for some clarification, I think Kara has already explained that this is simply basically staff asking for direction from the board.

At this point public input is not relevant, so any e-mails we've received in relation to this property should not be considered. Those all, e-mails will be considered if this property went to the next step and went for historic designation, but currently where it stands, it's just a request by staff looking for direction. It is not a designation. If you have any questions, please let me know.

MR. FULLERTON: When was it built?
MS. KAUTZ: It was built in 1940.
MR. CEBALLOS: Pardon my interruption again. Kara, procedurally, did you want -- typically we wouldn't

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1 allow the public or even the resident to speak on a 2 request from staff, but in this particular case, the homeowner was instructed that he could make a quick presentation, and he's also available to answer questions.

Procedurally, Kara, would you like to do that now? Or I suggest we probably do before any actual deliberation after.

MS. KAUTZ: Sure. In the past we've allowed that, we've allowed the owners to speak as long as, and I have directed the owner of this too, as long as it's germane to the topic, not about what's going to be, you know, planned for the property, so it should be specific to the request at hand.

MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay. Thank you very much. I would like to speak for a couple minutes.

MS. KAUTZ: You need to be, actually we need to swear you in.

MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay.
MS. KAUTZ: And I believe staff needs to be sworn in as well.

MR. SAHAREWICZ: That's fine.
THE COURT REPORTER: I would like the person I'm swearing in to state their name, and I will swear staff also.
(Thereupon, the Mr. Saharewicz, Ms. Kautz and Ms. Guin
were duly remotely sworn on oath.)
MR. SAHAREWICZ: Ed Saharewicz, I do, just to get the name on the record.

MS. KAUTZ: The floor is yours.
MR. SAHAREWICZ: Oh, I'm sorry. Thank you very much.

All right. Well, my understanding is this type of meeting for direction at a public meeting is a bit unusual and I had some concerns about that which I communicated by e-mail to Kara, and so I'm happy to have that put in the record, if germane, and I don't want to go over it because I think it probably raises concerns that other residents in the past have probably raised.

I guess the one point $I$ would make in that connection is that $I$ think every average citizen of Coral Gables who wishes to improve their property, demolishing what is there, is taken by great surprise to find out that if they don't get their permit for demolition, they end up with a historical designation and all of the burdens associated with that, and I know there's pros and cons and philosophy in that regard, and I don't want to get into that.

But my basic concern is that just strikes me as fundamentally unfair. It's one thing I think to deny the permit because you deem the building to be eligible

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1 for designation. It seems entirely a diferent matter to, from that, conclude that it should be and actually do a designation.

I would only point out, I understand what your process is. I don't think it's supported by the code, and I don't want to argue it, but I just recommend for your consideration a change in your process. I think it's enough to deny, if you go there, I don't think we need to go there on this property, but if you do deny the permit, right, because that's what actually is being asked for.

When you go as far as designation, that imposes a burden on the property owner, of course, who is unwilling for that designation because they're seeking exactly the opposite, so $I$ would suggest just for consideration, not now, but put the idea in your head for future things. It's one thing to have a willing owner and the city agree on a historical designation, everybody is happy.

Where that is not the case, I would suggest that designation, even if you reject the demolition permit, should only proceed if the community as a whole wants to designate the district as historical. That way everybody shares in the burdens and benefits of that designation.

As to the particular property at hand, I
don't want to go into why I don't think the criteria are met here. I don't think any of them are. Nothing I've seen in the supporting materials presented for this meeting nor in the submissions by e-mail that I've seen so far on this changes my mind.

For example, I mean, I think William Shanklin is a notable architect but far from a significant person of the community. There's no -- you Google his name and he doesn't show up at all in any Coral Gables website that I could find, so I think that's indicative that that's not a major person, but $I$ don't want to go point by point.

Another one of my concerns here is that if a designation -- if a determination is made that this property is eligible for designation, I think at that, at that point it would be -- I think at that point $I$ should have, as the property owner, what the basis for that determination is. I should not have to wait to see the report, whatever that report is, for designation for the reasons I mentioned earlier.

This way we can argue the points on what the criteria are and make the determination at the eligibility level and go no further than that. That seems fair to me.

What seems unfair is if you lose that argument, you have to go all the way to designation, and

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1 the poor property owner is left with his dreams unfulfilled, but also with the burdens, as I said, of the historic designation. I know other people don't believe that as a burden, but $I$ think it clearly is when you look at it.

So if something like that is going to be made, it should be made either voluntarily by the owner, or as a community project as I believe was done in the Alhambra Circle Historical District resolution of this board from 2015.

Anyway, so that's it. I'm available to answer any questions you may have about the property. I think what Kara said is generally true.

It's unchanged. We haven't -- when we got the property, it was in a state of disrepair. I think part of that reason was it's not a home conducive to modern living.

I think the board should also consider that this area, as I understand it, the houses were all on very large lots at the time they were constructed and that these were all subdivided since, which I think has changed the historical character of the neighborhood in general and should play a significant factor in its consideration. I don't think you can take that away and then designate a part of it historical.

Again, I don't think any of the criteria are met here. I can offer as evidence of that that within only a few blocks of my house, three corner houses within recent times have received letters of significance which I understand means not significant. Those are 730 Escobar Avenue, 740 Escobar Avenue, 37 -- 637 Aledo Avenue, and then on top of that, there's also 731 Escobar.

I know for a fact because $I$ was familiar with the property that $I$ believe it's 730 Escobar was a very unique structure, and so if that was not historically significant, I fail to see how my property could possibly be historically significant.

In any event, anyway, so those are kind of my main points at this point. I appreciate the opportunity to speak to you, make myself available to any questions you have in regards to the property, and look forward to this process going forward.
(Thereupon, Ms. Rolando remotely joined the meeting.)
MR. MENENDEZ: Let the record show that Miss Rolando is now on line with us. Any comments from the board?

I feel, $I$ feel that if, if the department has come and said that it's potentially historic, that we should take a look at it and get more information.

MS. KAUTZ: Dona has her hand raised.

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MS. SPAIN: I'm trying to be polite and raise my hand. Yeah, I would like to see a designation report so we can have a clear view of this property.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Durana, what do you think?
MR. DURANA: I'd also like to see a
designation report before we, you know, we make any decision on this.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Bache-Wiig? MS. BACHE-WIIG: I agree. I believe that if staff feels that we should look further into it and get a full report, then we should do that, absolutely, so I would vote for yes.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Rolando? MS. ROLANDO: I too concur with that. MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Garcia-Pons? MR. GARCIA-PONS: I agree. MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Fullerton?

MR. FULLERTON: Yes, I think so. I think Mr. Saharewicz's comments about what he could expect are already in the code.

I mean, you can decide and see what we're going to look at and join in the process so you can see what is happening during the evolution of this report, so I don't see -- you're not losing anything. Anyway, yes, I'll agree.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: I'm agonostic.
MR. MENENDEZ: There's one in every bunch.
All right. Do $I$ have a motion?
MR. SAHAREWICZ: May I ask a question before you take the vote on that just so I'm clear?

As I understand what was said, the motion is to go forward in the research. Does that mean you are, or does that mean the historic preservation officer is going to or has made her determination as to eligibility?

MR. MENENDEZ: No, sir.
MR. SAHAREWICZ: Or is the decision pending the report?

MR. MENENDEZ: That means that we need more information in order to make a decision so --

MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay.
MR. MENENDEZ: -- a report will be generated.
MR. SAHAREWICZ: Just so I'm clear, so that report will be generated, and at that point, the officer, the historic preservation officer will make her determination putting me on notice that the determination has been made under, I guess it's Code Section 3-1107, Subparagraph G. Is that a fair statement?

MR. FULLERTON: It still has to come back to the board --

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MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MR. FULLERTON: -- for confirmation.
MR. MENENDEZ: For review and a vote.
MR. SAHAREWICZ: No, I understand that, but the difference between the items is that at the point of designation $I$ will have clear articulation from the staff and the officer of their criteria, for their belief for believing it meets the criteria, whereas the other process is $I$ won't have that view until near the time the meeting is held for the determination of designation, which as I mentioned before, $I$ think is a difficult and problematic process for me in my view of how the code is written.

MS. KAUTZ: We are required to bring -they're directing staff to bring a designation report to them, so we are going to do the research. We will be able to articulate to you the reasons why or why not we feel that it qualifies.

So right now as we feel it's potentially significant, we'll know once we do the research whether or not it meets the criteria or not, and like I said, when we have that report prepared for the board, it is a designation report, and it will go to the board and they have the ultimate decision. They can decide whether or not it meets the criteria based on the information that we've presented.

MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay. So at that point when the report is done, it sounds like you will issue your formal determination of your conclusion as to whether or not it is eligible, and then from there, the 60-day period for the hearing begins, correct?

MS. KAUTZ: Not usually, no, and I can ask Gus, $I$ can clarify this with him sort of after this is done, but typically it's the board, we will bring the report back to them within 60 days, and now it's up to them. They determine that it's potentially significant and they want to see more, so that 60 days window is for us to prepare that report and bring it back to them.

MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay. Well --
MS. KAUTZ: Our window, our window starts now.

MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay. I don't want to argue the point. It just seems to me the way I read the code is that from the point of the determination, which you're saying has not been made and will not be made until you have done the report, then the 60 -day period begins.

MS. KAUTZ: I see what you're saying. That 60 days is put in there as, it's to protect the homeowner so that we don't drag this out for, you know, six months. It's put in there so that you will have a finite determination within 60 days and not leave you waiting.

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MR. SAHAREWICZ: Okay, all right. Very well.
Thank you. Sorry for holding up the deliberations.
MR. EHRENHAFT: Mr. Chair, excuse me. I
tried to raise my hand before. I need to add my comment
for the record that $I$ also concur with --
MS. KAUTZ: Okay.
MR. EHRENHAFT: -- to get a staff report.
MR. MENENDEZ: So noted, Mr. Ehrenhaft.
Would you like, would you like to enter the motion then?
MR. EHRENHAFT: Certainly. So I move that
staff proceed to --
UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible) someone has their hand up.

MS. KAUTZ: Correct, but we're not taking public input on this at this point. Go ahead, Bruce.

MR. EHRENHAFT: Okay. So I move that staff be directed to proceed to prepare a historical significance report to determine whether in their view -MS. KAUTZ: It's a historic -- it's a designation report.

MS. SPAIN: It's a designation report. MS. KAUTZ: I'm sorry. MS. SPAIN: It's a designation report. It's been a long day.

MR. EHRENHAFT: Designation report to give
their recommendation to the board within 60 days of whether or not they believe that the property merits historic designation and addresses (inaudible).
(Reporter clarification.).
MR. EHRENHAFT: 649 Palmarito Court.
MR. MENENDEZ: Do we have a second?
MS. SPAIN: I'll second it. This is Dona.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay, and then we need the vote.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Ehrenhaft?

MR. EHRENHAFT: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss Spain?
MS. SPAIN: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Fullerton?
MR. FULLERTON: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss Rolando?
Hello, Miss Rolando?
MS. ROLANDO: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Rodriguez?
MR RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Menendez?
MR. MENENDEZ: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr.

Garcia-Pons?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: Yes.

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THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss
Bache-Wiig?
MS. BACHE-WIIG: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: And I did get Miss Spain, right?
MS. SPAIN: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay, okay.
That's everybody.
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Durana.
MR. MENENDEZ: Oh, Mr. Durana.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Oh, I thought
I did call you. I said Mr. Durana. I'm sorry.
Mr. Durana?
MR. DURANA: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Everybody accounted for?
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Yes, sir.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Saharewicz.
MR. SAHAREWICZ: Thank you to the board. Thank you very much.
MR. MENENDEZ: The next item on the agenda is a special certificate of appropriateness, Case File COA (SP) 2020-007, application for the issuance of a special
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certificate of appropriateness for the property at 603 Minorca Avenue, a local historic landmark legally described as Lots 14 and 15, Block 18, Coral Gables Section B, according to the plat thereof as recorded in Plat Book Five at Page 111 of the public records of Miami-Dade County, Florida.

This application requests design approval for relocation of the residence, an addition and site work. MS. KAUTZ: Thank you. Can you all see my screen, I hope?

MR. MENENDEZ: No.
MS. ROLANDO: No.
MS. KAUTZ: Really? Well, I did that wrong now, didn't I? Hang on one second. Okay, all right. Here we go.

So again, this property, 603 Minorca Avenue, Segovia and Minorca on the corner. It's coming back to you for a second time. This is the Power Point that we had before. We don't have a new one prepared, just wanted to refresh your memory on the property which I'm sure you all remember.

The circa 1923 photo, that's some -- we'll get to that. So this, at the last meeting, you guys had requested that the owner come back to you with a study prepared by an expert. They retained Douglas Wood and

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1 Associates to prepare the feasibility assessment that was
delivered to you all in your packets.

Just so you all know, the second item, the second COA item has been deferred off of this agenda. They are two separate items. They should not be considered together, so it is not on this agenda. This is one is only about the relocation of the existing structure.

So the owner is here, the architect is here, and I believe they have people with them as well.

THE COURT REPORTER: Would you like me to swear them now, Miss Kautz?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes, please. (Thereupon, Mr. Gibb was duly remotely sworn on oath.)

MR. WOOD: This is Douglas Wood. I'm not registered as a lobbyist. Does that prevent me from speaking?

MR. MENENDEZ: No, not at all.
MR. CEBALLOS: No.
(Thereupon, Mr. Wood, Ms. Bondurant, Ms. Brannigan, Mr. Berman, and Ms. Martinez Carbonell were duly remotely sworn on oath.)

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. We're going to hear now from the owner and his architects and consultants, so you can go ahead.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Hi. My name is Greg Goldstein and I am the owner of 603 Minorca Avenue. (Thereupon, Mr. Goldstein was duly remotely sworn on oath.)

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes. Hi. My name is Greg Goldstein. I'm the owner of 603 Minorca Avenue. As I mentioned in the last hearing, I live in Coral Gables in a historic 1924 home on Asturia Avenue.

My home on Asturia was designated as historic under my ownership, and my wife and I completed a second-story addition while maintaining the original elevation and footprint of the home, so I have experience working with the historical department and completing projects in Coral Gables.

I also have a vested interest in maintaining and preserving the historical homes in the city.

Regarding 603 Minorca, I purchased the property in 2018. It's a unique frame home with many architecturally significant characteristics.

The 2005 report on the historic designation of this home states that this is a Coral Gables cottage and defines a Coral Gables cottage as a smaller, more modestly-sized residence which was designed to provide the same quality of construction and detail at a more affordable level.

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I am here today seeking approval from the historical board to move the historical structure at 603 Minorca Avenue 20 feet to the east so it will sit completely on Lot 14, allowing me to build a small, historically-sensitive, one story addition to the back of the property. Moving the home would allow me to preserve the historical property as a one-story, more modestly-sized residence, and completely maintain the front elevation of the home and the east elevation of the home facing Segovia, all of which are top priorities of the historical department.

Section 3-1109 of the Coral Gables zoning code allows for the moving of existing improvements. The code states that the historic preservation board may grant a special certificate of appropriateness if it finds that, number one, no reasonable alternative is available for preserving the improvement on its original site; and number two, that the proposed relocation site is compatible with the historic and architectural integrity of the improvement.

So I would like to further detail both requirements of the code section and explain why we meet both requirements.

Number one, no reasonable alternative is available for preserving the improvement on its original
site. As I mentioned in the previous hearing, my original intent was to build a historically-sensitive addition to the existing home. My architect and I went back and forth with the historical department for about a year with various development ideas. However, ultimately the location of the home in the center of the lot made a historically-sensitive addition to the original home an impossibility.

Many properties with additions to historic homes have clear advantages, making historically-sensitive additions feasible.

For instance, 603 Minorca's sister or twin home on Alcazar was built on the side of the lot, allowing for a one-story site addition on the other side of the home, and that home has five-foot setbacks on each side, allowing more of the lot to be utilized for building space.

My house is built in the center of the lot and has a 15 -foot side setback, making the location of the home at the center of the lot even more limiting. It was pointed out in the last hearing there have been several overwhelming additions that have been approved and built in North Gables that completely obscure the original historical structure. I do not want to do that to this home.

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The reason this home was designated in the first place was its small size and unique features. Building a large two-story concrete structure to surround this small frame home on all sides will not preserve the historical significance and integrity of the home. It will erase it.

I want to emphasize that it took over a year of trying to plan a historically-sensitive addition to the home and failing over and over again to conclude that moving the structure was the best alternative. I know the way we are set up here, the board doesn't have a full year to go through the process I went through, my architect, Callum Gibb, went through, and the historical department went through.

But I encourage the board to look carefully at the size of the lot, the location of the home, the setbacks of the property, the history of the home and other homes on Minorca Avenue, and I believe you will see the best way to preserve the original structure and historical integrity of the home and neighborhood will be to approve moving the home.

The second requirement of Code Section 3-1109 is that the proposed relocation site is compatible with the historical and architectural integrity of the improvement.

Moving the structure 20 feet to the east on the same lot will not affect the historical character of the neighborhood or the historical character of the house. I would argue there isn't a more compatible site for the house relocation than on the same site 20 feet over.

Additionally, Coral Gables code follows the Secretary of Interior's language on moving a structure at 67.4 H which states when a building is moved, every effort should be made to reestablish its historical orientation, immediate settings, and general environment. This is exactly what we would be doing here.

So I believe it is clear we meet both requirements of Section $3-1109$ of Coral Gables zoning code for the historic preservation board to grant a special certificate of appropriateness to move the existing improvement, and I would appreciate your approval, I would appreciate your approval allowing me to move this structure.

Also, I would like to mention there is a petition going around collecting signatures against moving the structure, and I can appreciate an opposing view, but I want to make sure the board is aware of the petition and the way the petition is being marketed and what people are actually signing.

The petition states that approving the

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1 staff's recommendation will negate the city's historic designation as per the Secretary of Interior standards and guidelines. This is not true.

The petition states that we are moving the historical home to a far corner of the property. This is also not true.

The petition cuts and pastes together separate sentences from the 2005 historic designation, claiming the size of the lot was an important factor in its 2005 designation.

However, if you read the 2005 designation in its entirety, it's clear that the house is classified as a cottage home and is significant for its small size, style, and unique characteristics, not the size of the lot.

Additionally, the petition asks individuals to sign the petition as a statement of concern against the troubling trend of inappropriate alterations and demolitions, none of which we are doing here.

So I want to be clear to the board and all the individuals that signed the petition, I am here today seeking approval from the board to move the existing home 20 feet to the east as the best alternative to maintain a Coral Gables cottage home and the best option to preserve the historical integrity of the original structure.

That's all I have, and I just want to also
say I have Doug Wood here speaking on the existing structure, and Jamison Brownie is registered as a lobbyist. He's a structural mover, and I have him here today to answer any questions you may have regarding moving the structure. I thought that would help. Thank you.

MS. KAUTZ: Thank you.
MR. MENENDEZ: Anyone else going to speak from your team?

MS. KAUTZ: Greg, do you want them there to answer questions, or would you like --

MR. GOLDSTEIN: That's okay. They're really there to answer questions.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Do we have, do we have anyone in the audience who would like to speak in favor of this project? Anyone else would like to speak against this project?

MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: I would like to speak. This is Karelia. I would like to speak as well.

MR. MENENDEZ: You can speak. You have your hand up.

MS. BONDURANT: Okay. Interestingly enough -- can you hear me?

MR. MENENDEZ: Yes.
THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me, excuse me. I

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1 need the name, I need the name of the person speaking

MS. KAUTZ: Name and address, please, Gay.
MS. BONDURANT: I'm sorry. Can you hear me now?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes. State your name and address, please.

MS. BONDURANT: Yes. My name is Gay, G-A-Y, Bondurant, $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{T}$, and I live at 446 Alcazar in the Alcazar Historic District.

Interestingly enough, I was on that, on your board in 2005 when Mr. Perez, the former owner, came and brought that house for designation.

The owner has made, Mr. Goldstein, has made a compelling argument.

However, a couple things, and I think that one of my concerns is precedent, that if we allow one historic house to be moved, then there's the next one and the next one and the next one, and those people may not be as sensitive to the preservation issues as Mr. Goldstein is.

Also, it's ironic that the previous discussion on the previous issue, the gentleman referred to the size of the lots now surrounding his building on Palmarito Court, and he indicated and felt that the splitting of the lots had denigrated the neighborhood.

I feel for Mr. Goldstein, but let me ask this just as a point of interest: What are, what are you planning to build that is so large that the setbacks are right up against the house?

MS. KAUTZ: Gay, what -- this is not, this case is not about splitting the lot --

MS. BONDURANT: I know, yeah.
MS. KAUTZ: -- or anything else. If he moves it, he can build a pool over it.

Ms. BONDURANT: Right.
MS. KAUTZ: It's not about that, so.
MS. BONDURAN: No. I just wondered if there had been a consideration of the setbacks being suggested, but $I$ just, $I$ feel like it's a matter of precedent, and maybe there's, I shouldn't say this, but maybe there's a bigger lot somewhere else in Coral Gables, and I'm against the move and -- but he does make a compelling argument, but according to code, from my vision is our first choice is not move it.

MS. KAUTZ: Thank you.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Hello. This is Karelia.

MR. MENENDEZ: Go ahead.
MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Okay. This is

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1 Karelia Martinez Carbonell.

I would like to first speak on just the report as far as the actual motion, the actual motion, I'm going to read it. On August -- the meeting, the August meeting, right?

Said, you know, and I'm going to read it, "A motion to defer consideration of the special certificate of appropriateness for 603 Minorca Avenue pending receipt of a report from a consultant selected by city staff advising on the feasibility of moving the structure to the proposed location."

The report that was submitted was submitted and it was per the owner, so to state on record it was a general feasibility report, that was not from an objective perspective.

MS. KAUTZ: Karelia, I was staff, city staff was the one who made Mr. Goldstein hire Doug Wood, so that is an incorrect statement.

MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Well, what I heard was that the report, you know, the report shows that it was the owner who hired the report -- the -- what's his name? I forget now his name. Wood, right, Wood?

MS. KAUTZ: Douglas Wood, Douglas Wood.
MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Right. That was not clear, so, but with that said, it doesn't, it doesn't
prove anything as far as it being that the cottage would be protected if it was moved. There was nothing in the report making that statement.

It was actually saying, "We really haven't even looked." They weren't, they weren't even on the property. It was really more of, you know, the owner, I believe the way I read it, it was, you know, sort of what I just got from the owner, what he has done.

MS. KAUTZ: That's not true either. Doug Wood is on the phone, but I'll let you finish, but that's not correct.

MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Well, this is just -- again, please allow me to make my point.

You know, again, according to how, not just myself, but I have actually several people that read the report, have got -- you know, send me notes, you know, send me their feedback.

Again, the report does not 100 percent or even 50 percent give credence to that this historic landmark will, will, will, will, will be -- will keep its integrity. I mean, I didn't read that in the report.

Now, the other thing is that the report goes on to say that the coral rock foundation is going to be chopped up and somehow re-put together, which is absolutely -- you know, I mean, as a preservationist, you

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1 don't want to read anything like that in a report.

So you know, again, those are the things that, you know, the report really does not really make a compelling argument to move this cottage. It's a historical cottage. It's a landmark.

The 2005 designation report does state, yes, it does state that the lot, the size of the lot, it's on Page Two of the report, it does state that it is part of the uniqueness of the property, so if somebody wants to deny that, then that's their prerogative, but it is written, and I'm going to quote it.
"The uniqueness of this home is characterized by the size of the property, and it is one of the few homes of this type to still exist on such a large parcel of land while maintaining its integrity."

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Can I provide the actual quote, please? Because this is the second time that she's not giving the accurate quote of what's in the report.

MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: That is the accurate quote.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: No. You're not --
MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: That's a quote on Page Two of the designation report.

MR. CEBALLOS: Pardon my interruption, but I don't think that a back-and-forth between the public
commenter and anyone -- you'll be given an opportunity, Mr. Goldstein --

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay.
MR. CEBALLOS: -- as long as you want to
address any public comments after the fact.
MR. GOLDSTEIN: It's just not an accurate quote.

MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Okay. Well, you show me if it's not and $I$ will take a look at it, but $I$ am quoting exactly from Page Two of the designation report.

MR. MENENDEZ: Miss Carbonell, Miss
Carbonell, is there anything else?
MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Yes.
MR. MENENDEZ: Because there are other people who need to speak.

MS. MARTINEZ CARBONELL: Well, the other, the third point, okay, which was brought up about the Secretary of Interior's guidelines of moving a property, and, you know, it's absolutely not an acceptable solution. And there's really only two -- and these have had legal challenges, so it's not like I'm speaking, you know, you know, from the field. I mean, these have had legal challenges, and the only accepted reason for justifying the move are that the building has been moved in the past or that the only means of saving the building

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1 from certain loss is a relocation, and this does not fit what the homeowner is asking. So thank you for the time.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Brannigan?
MS. BRANNIGAN: Thank you. I appreciate a moment, I'd like to address the board.

My name is Martha Brannigan. I live at 609 Minorca Avenue. My house shares a 113-foot boundary with this property, 603 Minorca. I've owned my home for 34 years, and I intend to stay here. I believe I'll be the most heavily impacted by any development of the property. So basically the proposal to move the house is a terrible idea. I realize that they went round and round with a couple different ideas of how to redevelop the property, and perhaps maybe their expectations of just how much floor area ratio can be extracted from the lot is not realistic given that the house is sitting in the center of the lot.

That's where it is. That's where it's been for almost a hundred years, and that's where it should stay.

There is no historic preservation reason for moving the house. A historic property shouldn't be moved except in the most extraordinary of circumstances, perhaps if a property were in imminent danger such as if it's discovered that it was sitting on a sinkhole or maybe if
it was threatened by a sea level rise or some sort of compelling reason that the property was at risk of being lost, but no such reason exists here.

The only reason is to shove it over to one lot so that a big new house can be shoe-horned on the second lot next to it. That's the only, that's the only reason.

And the expert's report is kind of telling. It's full of caveats and limitations. It's hardly a ringing endorsement of the idea to move the house. It's -- and at any rate, it shouldn't be the centerpiece of any decision by this esteemed board.

It's just a feasibility report. It doesn't speak to the advisability of moving the house.

And I assure you, I'm a journalist, I've spent 40 years, I've seen courthouse cases where expert witnesses -- I'm not impugning the integrity of what this witness is saying.

I'm just simply saying it would not be hard to go out and find a witness to say precisely the opposite, and the report -- and the expert does not say that it would be, that -- it says it's feasible but it's rather difficult.

As for this double lot, it's key to the integrity of this property, and let's remember, it is

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1 just, it's only a double lot. It's not this huge expanse of green space that needs to be developed and -- it's 100 feet wide. It's just a double lot.

It looks bigger perhaps because it's on a corner and enjoys the benefit of a green swale on the two sides. It's on the corner of Minorca and Segovia, and it looks like it has a lot of green space, but it's just a 100-foot lot.

So this is a spec development. It's just, this isn't somebody who is looking to build a home that they're going to live in like the neighbors who have written to you whose messages have been minimized and disparaged perhaps because they don't have all the expert skills to articulate it. It's just a double lot.

So I believe the historic preservation board can do better than this to reach some reasonable agreement with the developer that protects the integrity of the property, which is your mission, and allows a reasonable development consistent with the city's objective.

And it shouldn't, certainly it shouldn't be more than one story.

And my understanding is that, that someone who has a historic designation that's an easement on the property and the expectation is you can have this enormous expansion on the property is simply not right.

It's historically designated. Therefore you're entitled to a reasonable beneficial use of the property, but not, you know, wall-to-wall concrete, you're just not, so to raise the idea that the alternative to this is like this horrifying structure that will destroy the appearance of the house is just not the case.

The developer made a rather compelling case for why that should not be done, and I think you keep that in mind for any future ideas.

If it is impossible to protect, to project -for the project to reach the biggest house with a maximum floor area ratio, then you just have to settle for something that's more reasonable and that protects and respects the historic nature of the site. Its character, the design, the scale and the massing should be in line with the property and the surrounding areas. This is only reasonable. This is being a good neighbor.

So I'd also like to mention that there were more letters written by residents that the staff has not bothered to make part of the record. Perhaps they dismissed them as cumulative or repetitive, or I don't know what the reason, but they didn't bother to mention in the record.

When the project is done, the developer will move on and sell it, but we'll still be here. This is our

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1 home, so please give some consideration to that. Thank you.

MR. MENENDEZ: Thank you. Is there anyone else who would hike to speak in opposition to this case?

MR. BERMAN: Yes, there is. My name is Howard Berman. I live at 501 Alcazar Avenue, and I just want to express some of the shared concerns that have been voiced regarding the structural integrity of the house in the case of a potential move.

There seems to be obviously a variety of questions that need to be clarified and answered, and many of us feel we would be more comfortable with greater assurances that the house would not be damaged.

But there is also the other question of the historical integrity of the house in its original location as envisioned by the architect, H. George Fink, one of the first generation of architects of the Merrick era when the community was founded, and I think this bears on the issue of double, the double lot that we were just talking about.

It seems to be implied that as a modest cottage, this house is not as significant as others and perhaps its move is not as seriously impacting the historical integrity of the neighborhood.

I think it's really important to remember that George Merrick's vision was that modestly-priced
smaller homes were as essential to what he envisioned Coral Gables to be as the largest, most lavish mansions, and he envisioned that every street would have a mix of smaller and larger homes of different sizes and different price points so that there would be a richly diverse community, and $I$ think this cottage is very much a symbol of that vision.

The fact that it is a smaller house on a larger lot is exactly what Merrick was getting at, that you didn't have to be a wealthy mansion owner to be able to have a house that contributed to the look and feel and integrity of the broader neighborhood, and I just feel that these are important points to be entered into the record and they're part of many of our concerns about this proposal. Thank you.

MR. MENENDEZ: Thank you.
THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me. Mr. Berman, were you sworn in, in the beginning?

MR. BERMAN: I did say --
THE COURT REPORTER: Thank you, thank you.
MR. BERMAN: -- I would swear to tell the truth.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Anyone else who would like to speak in favor or in opposition?

Okay. I'll open it up then for board

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1 discussion.

MS. KAUTZ: Albert, I would like to bring the board's attention to additional letters that were received that were all distributed to you all today to be part of the record.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MS. KAUTZ: I was waiting for the public hearing to be ended before I did that.

There are letters received, you all received from Claudia Kaufman, Joyce Nelson, Brett Gillis, Karelia Carbonell, and those are the additional ones that were received after the last meeting. Those will be part of the record. They're all in opposition.

Can I make two points regarding the public input, or would you all like to discuss it amongst yourself first?

MR. MENENDEZ: Go ahead.
MS. KAUTZ: Okay. My only -- the two comments I wanted to make is that this property, the only reason why staff felt compelled to bring this forward was that this is an incredibly unique scenario in that this is a wood frame structure. It is not a CBS structure like 99 percent of the houses that are on the historic register.

It was actually a surprise to us that this one was wood framed because its sister house, its twin
house is actually concrete block and looks the exact from the exterior.

So setting a precedent by allowing the structure to be moved is not, is not something that we think is going to be an issue. There just aren't others like it out there.

And the other point I wanted to bring up was that the designation report, there's been discussion in social media about moving the structure and negating the designation report, and that again is simply not true.

The reasons why this property was designated as historic have to do with its architectural significance. Both criteria were architectural. There are in the code aesthetic considerations that can be given, aesthetic significance that have to do with siting and sort of landscape, and none of those were cited.

The reason the discussion about the size of this lot wasn't the size, it wasn't, it wasn't designated because of that. It wasn't, it wasn't designated as the size of the lot as a criteria.

It was actually noted that it was a cottage, and those are typically on smaller lots. That's the reason why that portion of the code -- of the designation report reads as, discusses the lot, because it was an anomaly.

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So I just wanted to -- it will not negate the designation report by moving the structure, and that's what I wanted to say. Dona has her hand up, so.
MR. MENENDEZ: Who's got their hand up?
MS. KAUTZ: Dona.
MS. SPAIN: No, I was going to say basically word for word what Kara just said. It's like we're on the same wavelength.
The designation report talks about architectural significance, and that's why it's designated.
The fact that it's a tiny little cottage on the lot was noted in the report only because typically cottages, in order to actually qualify to be on a 65-foot lot, so that's the only reason. (Inaudible) concern about it --
MS. KAUTZ: We're losing you, Dona.
MS. SPAIN: -- questions, and by the way, minor -- oh, sorry. It's my WiFi. It's been going in and out all day. Can you hear me now?
MS. KAUTZ: Yes. You might want to turn off your video. It might be -- sometimes it helps if you turn off the video.
MS. SPAIN: Okay.
MS. KAUTZ: Okay. Try that.
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MS. SPAIN: Does that help?
MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MS. SPAIN: Does that help?
MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MS. SPAIN: Okay, perfect. I'd much rather do it without a video.

My concern about, about keeping it where it is, is that because the criteria for significance that it was designated on is architectural and its significant characteristics of this house that they do an addition.

So I'm less concerned about moving it. I don't think it -- as long as it stays the same location, only 20 feet over, I think that makes a lot of sense because then the facades on both streets will be visible, and I think it's important for this house to be seen that way, and $I$ know it would be difficult otherwise.

And I also just want to say that there isn't a better structural engineer than Doug Wood, so I'm really happy that he was hired.

And could someone speak to the whole idea about the coral rock and how that would work with moving it?

MR. GOLDSTEIN: I can start, I can start. There are options --

THE COURT REPORTER: State your name, please.

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MR. GOLDSTEIN: This is Greg Goldstein. I spoke previously.

So there are options, different ways to move the home, and really I'm here looking for guidance from the board on what's going to make you feel comfortable allowing this to move forward.

We learned from Darius in the building department that when the home gets moved, we are going to need to build a new foundation under the home and then reinforce and upgrade the coral stem wall.

There is different possibilities. We could utilize the existing coral boulders and rebuild with the existing, rebuild at the new location.

We could build a concrete stem wall to put the frame home on and create veneers from the existing coral to put on the new stem wall.

But it's really, there's different options, and I can't really make a decision on which way to go until the board tells me what they want to see or where they're going to be comfortable.

As far as moving the structure, I have Jamison Brownie if anyone has a question, I think he's here, to discuss the possibilities of moving the structure.

MS. SPAIN: And just one final thing -- can
you hear me?
MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
MS. SPAIN: Okay. One final thing, and I want verification from Kara. If the board were to approve moving this the 20 feet, we're not approving a lot separation or even an addition. It's just the moving of the house. We could agree to move the house and deny the lot separation and whatever addition comes before us.

MS. KAUTZ: Correct. They had applied to the moving of the structure which entailed removing a rear, a rear garage addition and another addition that's part of the -- you can see it on the photograph. It's like a step-down at the rear. It was a later addition.

So they're proposing to remove that portion, move the house over, and then construct another small addition to the rear which $I$ believe is a master suite or a master bathroom or something, and a small garage that faces the side street. So there is a small --

MS. SPAIN: So that's all part of this application?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MS. SPAIN: Okay.
MS. KAUTZ: But any other, any other proposal beyond what you've seen in the previous August meeting, if there's, if that changes, then that comes back to you all

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1 for anything.

MS. SPAIN: Okay.
MR. MENENDEZ: Miss Rolando?
MS. ROLANDO: Kara, could you also advise whether, if we approved moving the structure, would this board have any comments, an opportunity to comment on the structure that would be proposed for the adjacent lot?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes. That's, it's part of the process. It would be a separate certificate of appropriateness with a recommendation for new construction. The entire property remains designated, so it's under your purview.

MS. ROLANDO: Okay.
MS. KAUTZ: Again, and this is only to move. It's a separate process that he needs to go through, Mr. Goldstein needs to go through.

This, even if, for example, if he wanted to move it over to do a better one story addition to the existing house that keeps, you know, 90 percent of the facade intact, that again would come back to you later. This is just to move it and a small addition that was initially proposed.

MS. ROLANDO: Understood. Thank you for the clarification.

MS. KAUTZ: You're welcome.

MS. SPAIN: I have one more thing, and I apologize.

Just about the requirement for historic properties to be one story additions, that doesn't exist. The properties have the ability to do a two-story addition, and that's something the city has never told a property that they can only do a one story addition, so that's all. That's all I have.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Garcia-Pons?
MR. GARCIA-PONS: Yes. I have a follow-up to Miss Rolando's question, and I understand what we're doing today is specifically about moving the house within the existing lot.

Kara, you mentioned that if there's another -- if there's something else coming afterwards, it would be a separate review from this board. Would a lot split also come to this board, or would that happen elsewhere?

MS. KAUTZ: It's a process that happens elsewhere. It goes through the planning and zoning board and city commission, but because it's historic, you all would give a recommendation.

MR. GARCIA-PONS: So it cannot be split -oh, it's a recommendation.

MS. KAUTZ: It's a recommendation only.

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MR. GARCIA-PONS: And then it would go to -MS. KAUTZ: Correct.

MR. GARCIA-PONS: -- the commission for final approval?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes. It's a planning and zoning process. It's a building site determination eventually. MR. GARCIA-PONS: And then as a follow-up for the chair, if that does happen, and I understand what we are doing today, if that does happen and the parcel is split, would the review of a separate parcel of land come before the historic preservation board?

MS. KAUTZ: A review for a new structure?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: A new structure.

MS. KAUTZ: Absolutely. The lot is still designated.

MR. GARCIA-PONS: The entire lot, even if it's split into two parcels?

MS. KAUTZ: Both lots are still historic parcels, yes.

MR. GARCIA-PONS: Okay, and I do have a couple other questions, but I'll pause, Albert, if somebody else wants to ask.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Fullerton.

MR. FULLERTON: Well, excuse me. I'm very much against moving this building. I have great respect
for a friend, my friend, Doug Wood. We've done a lot of work together over the last 40 or 50 years. I don't know how old you are, Doug, but I've been here 50 years, and I've read the feasibility assessment. Well done, nicely put together.

However, there's so many places where you really don't know what's going to happen when it starts getting moved, and the fact that that frame structure is sitting on top of the rock wall complicates the matter even further.

If it was, if the frame structure went all the way down to a foundation and could be moved separately, then you could work out how to carefully move this, the stem wall. That might be a different story.

But I think, I think the intrinsic activity of or movement of a very, very immovable structure, a wood-framed structure with stucco on the outside, is, it's impossible. It is not going to happen with any degree of assurance that what you end up with is not a re-stuccoed building which will take away a lot of its character, and then rebuilding of that stone wall which is difficult, to say the least, because the craftsmanship that built that wall doesn't exist anymore, I don't think.

There may be some old-time stone masons that could possibly put it together, but it wouldn't have the

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1 same character, in my view.

Secondly, I think there's no reason to move it to make a feasible and viable project out of it, that is you've got a 35-foot building space behind it for a very, very reasonable addition to this building without putting another house on that lot next to Mrs. Brannigan.

I think that's one of the worst things that could happen over this whole project, of this whole process, is to move it over, take away the historic context in which it has been for so long, and then put another house behind it, potentially two stories. I think, I think that's really, really the main problem.

If we let it move and then it goes to some other board, the zoning board to determine whether it can be lot split, they could, with all respect to the owners -- and you know, I'd probably do the same thing. I would fight if the zoning board said no because I wouldn't have any reason to -- the house wouldn't be a reason why I couldn't split it because then we've allowed this to happen.

So there would definitely be a lot split asked for at some point in the future, and if not, then why not just do the, build the addition so you could have a more expensive home to sell or to make a project from?

I just, I can't see any plus for the
neighborhood in changing this house location and the potential ramifications therefrom, thereof, so that's my two cents.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. I've got a question for Mr. Gibb.

MR. GIBB: Yes.
MR. MENENDEZ: My question is what is limiting you right now in completing the project the way that the building sits today on the property?

MR. GIBB: You're asking why can't we just do the master bedroom and garage addition in its current location?

MR. MENENDEZ: Correct.
MR. GIBB: The feasibility of a return, I guess.

I mean, you certainly could build a one bedroom and a garage addition to the house, but it would, in our view, underutilize the potential of the property, so that's why we always looked at a way of creating a rear yard to the property.

We always wanted to give some additional thought to using the empty space in the rear and east of the property.

Plus also the house is designed to be a small house. You walk in one room, you go to the living room,

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1 you go to the dining room, and then the bedrooms follow 2 on, so the idea of being able to sort of develop into a house which had additional larger spaces kind of meant we had to sort of encompass the property, so we always looked at doing additions sort of to the middle and sides, and really that's where we sort of came up against this feeling that the elevation to Segovia shouldn't be reduced in any way.

But the answer to the question is obviously if the addition sits on one lot, it also sits on two, but it's a question then of, I think someone was mentioning about how it would not be beneficial to the neighborhood. I'm not 100 percent sure that's correct.

I think that if you, if you manage to move the property, develop the property, and in a certain extent it would be beneficial because it would add something to the property, to the neighborhood. I don't think moving it would be detrimental. I don't think adding a structure is detrimental. It's in keeping with.

So we're always looking for a way to use the potential of the area architecturally and in an area, so that's why we didn't choose just to do a one-room addition to the property.

MR. MENENDEZ: So the setbacks are not an impediment to you to complete this project?

MR. GIBB: The current setbacks, or the zoning setbacks?

MR. MENENDEZ: The zoning setbacks we have today.

MR. GIBB: All right. So the zoning setback is 15 feet from Segovia, so we could -- so as soon as you build two of the setbacks, then you're starting impeding on or enclosing the property or enclosing the feel of the house.

So, but certainly we could, by code, what we -- you know, there are lots of things you are limited in doing. There was also minimums that you would have to do, so developing the property would have to include a garage of some description, and we looked at various options on where that would be located.

But currently the required zoning setbacks do not stop us from doing a small addition. It's a question of whether that makes a reasonable use of the potential of the property.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Kara, as a board, can we issue a variance on setbacks? I didn't hear that.

MS. KAUTZ: Yes, yes.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. So Mr. Gibb, if you needed some space and we could give you a variance on the

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1 setback, for instance, would that help you and your client 2 in --

MR. GIBB: Well, sorry. I should say that the, currently the rear setback of the property is ten feet, so the proposal we have which locates the garage in the rear with the mechanical equipment also in the rear, that would need a rear setback adjustment.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MR. GIBB: So yes, so that --
MR. MENENDEZ: Which would come to us and we would --

MR. GIBB: Right, and that sort of goes hand -- in the past, a project I've been involved with, we proposed the addition and everybody, and the board is limited to grant the addition and the variation at the same time.

MR. MENENDEZ: Exactly, so that would help you if you had it, if you were able to get a variance.

MR. GIBB: Yes. The current addition as drawn requires a rear setback.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay, okay.
MR. GIBB: Unless, unless it's actually a cottage. If it is a cottage, then it doesn't need a variance. If it isn't a cottage, then it does.

MR. MENENDEZ: Understood. Okay. Thank you.

Mr. Rodriguez, what do you have to say?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: I was on mute. I have read this report, the feasibility study, and I'm not going to go through it line by line.

I'm just very concerned with the fact that it doesn't really conclude that this can be done, nor does it conclude that the structure would remain intact.

In fact, there is language that's all, it's all cast in passive voice: "It may be determined that," "If it is determined to be continue using," "It may be possible to," "It will likely be."

None of that gives me a lot of comfort that when this is -- that the project will be moved and that the house will be intact, it will be, it will be historically accurate by the time it is moved.

But putting aside this issue of the feasibility of moving it, I would echo everything that John Fullerton has said. He's very articulate and he's an architect, and I'm not going to try to speak any further to the issues that he addressed. I endorse him completely.

I would like, however, to read into the record, for the record, if this goes before the commission, $I$ want this to be on the record. This is a letter that was dated August the 18th, 2020, from the

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1 Florida Trust for Historic Preservation of Housing.

And it reads in the second paragraph that, "The lot itself is a significant characteristic of the historic resource. Any relocation (inaudible) with the city's 2005 historic designation of the property, negatively impact the historic integrity, and create a precedent that will be detrimental to preserving historic resources in the future."

I agree with that statement and I would like to make sure it is in the record.

And one final point, there's been a lot of talk about preserving the historical integrity of the structure, and I believe that the best way to preserve the historical integrity is not to move it, and I will not support a move, a motion to endorse the moving of the house.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Ehrenhaft?
MR. GIBB: Albert, can $I$ ask a question?
MR. MENENDEZ: Yes. Go Ahead.
MR. GIBB: Kara, the report that's been cited, the 2005 designation, was that done in conjunction with a previous design addition?

MS. KAUTZ: It was taken with an accelerated certificate of appropriateness, yes.

MR. GIBB: So the report was done because
they came forward with the addition?
MS. KAUTZ: It was done at the same time. I don't know if it was, if they were designating it because they were doing an addition and needed something. They were taken at the same time. I can't answer the reason why, sorry.

MR. GIBB: Well, it wasn't designated prior to that?

MS. KAUTZ: No, it was not. The designation report and the certificate of appropriateness came at the same time, in 2005 .

MR. GIBB: Right, and then the addition that was proposed in 2005, that was done the same time, round about same time?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes. It was approved at the same meeting, yes.

MR. GIBB: Okay. So I think it should be noted that that addition obscured almost everything about the house except for the front section, the gable section.

MS. KAUTZ: Yes. We showed the board at the last, at the August meeting this drawing. If they would like to see them again, I'm happy to show them.

MR. GIBB: It was agreed in our meeting that a similar-type addition would not be approved.

MS. KAUTZ: Correct.

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MR. GIBB: That's one of the reasons why, in answer to Albert's question, we were, you know, we had seen what was done before and we were trying to do something different.

MS. KAUTZ: Right.
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Chairman?
MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Rodriguez.
MR. RODRIGUEZ: If I may respond to that, we're here looking at the request to move the historic property, the house. We're not here to review what was done in the past or what will be done in the future should the lot be split, so I'm not sure that what was just said is really relevant to our consideration.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay, so noted.
Mr. Ehrenhaft?

MR. EHRENHAFT: I too have reservations about, having read the feasibility report, and I believe the expert's comments on behalf of on the owner and even Mr. Goldstein also, have indicated that the coral rock wall itself may have to be dismantled.

It might -- and I don't know whether that means that it's going to be block by block of coral rock that happened to be in the original construction and it becomes a pile of coral rock, or whether large sections of the wall, the coral rock wall that sit below the floor,
the floor joists could be somehow cut out and left in large sections and moved undisturbed.

But I have severe concerns that the base wall which is a major part of the aesthetic of the building will be destroyed and have to be reassembled and not have the same, the same character.

And I am also concerned, as Mr. Fullerton said, that if the plaster is damaged in moving, that there may be difficulties in making a properly aesthetically correct repair to it, because we never want the entire facades of buildings re-stuccoed. Kara, if I may, may I ask a question of you?

MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MR. EHRENHAFT: Okay. My understanding was that there had been a proposal under a prior owner and they were looking to do what was essentially a massive two-story addition that was going it totally envelop and essentially consume the cottage and that that did not go forward, and that Mr. Goldstein with Mr. Gibb's assistance were looking at doing a more sensitive one, one-story addition behind the cottage. No?

MS. KAUTZ: No.
MR. EHRENHAFT: They were doing, they were proposing --

MS. KAUTZ: It went through, it went through

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1 several iterations. Portions of it, and Greg or Callum, please correct me if I'm wrong, portions of it were one and a half to two stories, if I'm not mistaken, but it was substantial, and the addition that was proposed would have compromised about 60 percent of the wood frame structure by nature of sort of, by nature of sort of wrapping the structure in order to utilize the property because of the way it sits, which was a concern for us.

MR. EHRENHAFT: So it was going to make it basically a U-shape and come forward on the side facades and eat the back of the house?

MS. KAUTZ: Well, we were working with them to avoid that because we wanted, what was really important to staff also was that that corner view is important. We felt that it was very important, that that Segovia facade and the front facade were almost equally important because of where it sits, how it sits.

And so part of the reason why we were suggesting that if it were -- or not suggesting; we were comfortable with it being moved towards Segovia is that is maintained and it gives you the remainder of the lot to work with. That was, there were numerous iterations, but the way, the way you would have to attach to the framed house was problematic for us.

MR. EHRENHAFT: But they were, they're not
interested in or not willing, from your understanding, to
do the very same addition that we saw that was the more
modest one story addition --
MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MR. EHRENHAFT: -- that we saw in the
drawings from August that would be attached to this
cottage?
MS. KAUTZ: Right. I can't speak -- I can't
answer that question for you. That's Mr. Goldstein.
MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yeah. I understand what
you're saying. It's just hard for me to move forward with
a scenario that I could build on a 5,200-square-foot lot,
and then build that same exact house on an
11,250-square-foot lot.
It just doesn't make sense as far as
utilizing the property, and that's why we came up with
this solution.

But as far as just a little back story, when I purchased the home, I did research and I pulled the records of that plan that was approved by the previous owner, so when Callum and I began, we moved in that direction because I had seen that this plan was already approved that really was just leaving that front gable exposed but was wrapping the entire house, you know, everywhere else.

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And Kara and Dona, you know, going through the process, they were the ones that kind of educated me on, you know, what they wanted to see and what was historically appropriate, and we tried several times.

But you know, I also wanted to get a certain amount of bedrooms, I think it was four bedrooms on this lot, and it was just very, very difficult to do that, and that's how we ultimately moved in this direction.

And just one other thing about the setback. It's not just the side setback that was an issue. It was that we -- the historical department did not want us to build anywhere on Segovia Street. We would have to start building behind the existing structure, so it's not just the zoning issue. It's also because of that actual property that made it difficult for us to figure out where this addition was even going to be situated.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Chairman, I have to object again.

We were told at the very beginning of this discussion that we could not discuss what would be done with the other half of the parcel if it were split. We had plans from the last meeting. We know what they were going to suggest.

We were told that should be an irrelevant
discussion at this meeting. This is only whether the cottage will be moved or not moved.

All this discussion of what could be done or has not been done or could have been done is irrelevant to this discussion of whether or not --

MR. GOLDSTEIN: I would like, I would like to just state if the city attorney, if the city attorney could just confirm that the Coral Gables code does require you to consider the alternatives when making this decision on whether to move the home. That's part of the code section.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Ceballos?
MR. CEBALLOS: I would have to defer to Kara. I'm not aware of any code section that specifically speaks to moving a home, but I will confirm with the board member that what is is up for discussion right now is not what can or cannot be built in the future, but specifically the COA is for the relocation of the home, and let me read it directly, for the residence, the addition and all pending site work.

Nothing else is supposed to be considered with this particular item or this particular COA.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MS. KAUTZ: Right. The code section, just so you all know, is 3-1109, Moving of Existing Improvements,

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1 and I'll read it into the record so you all can hear it.
"The moving of significant improvements from their original location shall be discouraged. However, the historic preservation board may grant a special certificate of appropriateness if it finds that no reasonable alternative is available for preserving the improvement on its original site and the proposed relocation site is compatible with the historic and architectural integrity of the improvement."

So in terms of talking about alternatives to the move, I think that's what Mr. Goldstein was addressing.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Bache-Wiig?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Wait. What we're discussing here, there's been no discussion of whether or not this is a reasonable or unreasonable relocation of this property or the need for it. All that's been thrown out is if we're going to allow the cottage to be moved 20 feet to the east.

We have no discussion here about what are the reasonable alternatives. The reasonable alternative is to leave it where it is.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Bache-Wiig? MS. BACHE-WIIG: Hi. Sorry. I just want to go back a little bit and just say, you know, I think I
appreciate, you know, staff's outside-of-the box thinking, you know, towards this item and having the structure moved, you know, as being an alternative.

I really do understand that the concerns are, you know, that corner view from Segovia and maintaining that existing siting, you know, if you will, that you get from that perspective or maintaining that perspective you get from the siting that's there right now.

And I do appreciate that we, you know, decided to go to the feasibility report and that that report came to us and we were able to look at it. You know, it's very thorough, but $I$ do have concerns about the actual moving of the structure and the repercussions that would come from physically moving that structure.

I believe that, you know, our board and staff can come up with a reasonable solution to the site. I have faith in the board like many -- we have an echo.

Okay. I just have faith that we can come up with something that's reasonable like we have many times before, and so in principle I would not be supporting the item to move the structure.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Durana?
MR. DURANA: I agree pretty much along with what Alicia just said.

You know, while I do appreciate and I

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1 understand the homeowner's, you know, dilemma, and I
appreciate that, you know, they thought a little bit
outside the box trying to think of a better way to salvage
the house than moving it. I just don't feel comfortable
moving that house without it potentially being damaged.
And I just don't know -- I also don't see a
real hardship for moving the house or any sort of imminent
danger to the house, you know, if the house -- in those
situations, I think I would lean towards moving the house
if there was some sort of potential damage that could
happen to the house. I think one of the previous people
mentioned like a sinkhole or something like that or water,
you know, you know, sea level rise or something.
But you know, to move it because we don't
love the way an addition is going to look, I don't think
that's the right precedent to set, you know, going
forward.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Rolando, do you have anything to add? No. Mr. Garcia-Pons?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: Thank you. So Kara, I just want one point of clarification, and then a couple of, a couple of comments.

This application, as Mr. Ceballos mentioned, is for the relocation of the residence, the addition and the site work, so this includes the garage additions that
would be moving over that includes that setback in the rear, that eight and a half feet, so just to be -- it's just not moving the house. It's the moving and the new addition, right?

MS. KAUTZ: Correct, as proposed.
MR. GARCIA-PONS: Thank you. So I appreciate city's staff's recommendation. I appreciate the intent by which the applicant and city staff are proffering moving of the residence in order to protect the structure, I think as Miss Bache-Wiig had mentioned, protecting the view from both of the streets which protects the building and that corner, right, the entire both streets of the corner.

I'm having a little bit of trouble with the no reasonable alternative is available portion of that section that you mentioned, Kara, and I know that I had the same issue at the last meeting, and Miss Spain had mentioned the idea that it also includes historic preservation as a consideration, right, so that actually helped me think about this in a slightly new way.

My concern of this is the impact on, what the impact of the move and the addition would do if we approved this certificate of appropriateness. It would then preclude any other future certificates of appropriateness that would be I think amenable to the

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1 existing or the moved project, specifically access to the site.

So right now I can see the site just off one street. If somehow this project is moved over, there would not be any access to the site other than through the other street. I think that is a major issue with the lot and the structure.

And unless this is seen more as a certificate of appropriateness for the entire lot, I would probably be against this move because if $I$ don't see the imminent reasonable alternative that may not be available, but I am 100 percent amenable to the idea, and I appreciate what city staff is doing. I'm concerned that it has a negative impact on the structure and the site going forward.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Spain?
MS. SPAIN: Hi. I just wanted to clarify
that although I was in the department when this first came forward with an addition, a large addition, I was not part of conversations having to do with this application to move it or to split a lot. I just need to have that on the record because $I$ was not part of this, these applications at all.

And having said that, I was looking at these plans, and I agree with Cesar. I wish it had come forward to us with just the move and so then, then I would be
comfortable, more comfortable, although the coral rock really bothers me. That whole situation with the wood structure on top of it is concerning.

But the fact that they've done these additions to make this actually a contained property, having everything they want on a small little house and then this empty lot next to it, it's a concern, because then if, in fact, we were to recommend against the lot separation, then they would have this empty lot. I guess they could put a pool, but it's almost like they're anticipating that being approved, and I have a problem with it. Anyhow, that's all, that's all $I$ have.

MR. MENENDEZ: Any more comments from any of the board members or any of the audience?

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Can I just say, Mr. Brownie of Brownie Structural Movers --

MR. MENENDEZ: Miss Bondurant, please.
MS. BONDURANT: It concerns me a little bit that the gentleman, Mr. Goldstein, clearly knew this was a historic property when he bought it, did he not?

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Of course I did, yes.
MS. BONDURANT: Okay. That's just my point. It's easier to ask forgiveness than it is to ask for permission, and I just feel like going in, you knew it was an "iffy" situation, I assume.

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You're a very smart man, You've done your homework, but it was a designated property when you bought it, so.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Anybody else have any comments?

MR. GOLDSTEIN: I just want to say, I think my, the lobbyist I have here, Jamison Brownie from Brownie Structural is trying to speak but has been muted.

MR. MENENDEZ: He can go ahead and speak. He needs to unmute himself.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay.
MR. BROWNIE: Yes. This is Jamison Brownie with Brownie Structural Movers. Can you hear me?

MR. MENENDEZ: Yes, we can. Go ahead.
MR. BROWNIE: Yes. I keep hearing everybody saying that the structure is, won't make the anticipated move structurally. That is a completely false statement.

We have moved several structures. I am actually a fourth-generation building mover. My family has been moving structures since 1922, and relocating a stucco wood frame home is completely feasible.

We've actually relocated a 950-ton hollow clay tile structure on Star Island in Miami Beach with no issues to it whatsoever.

And as far as the coral rock stem wall, that
can be, we can shore the entire structure, shore the house up, and remove that coral rock piece by piece. It's laid up in a pattern that is very easy to replicate with the same stone.

So I know a lot of people had some reservations about the structural integrity, so just to put everybody's mind at ease, that structure is a very easy and simple structure to relocate without any structural issues arising from the relocation.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Thank You. Anyone else?

MR. FULLERTON: I think it would be, have been a good thing if Mr. Wood had talked to you. In his report, unfortunately he never said anything like it would be easy to do, I mean, and I understand why. He's a smart man. He's been around.

And moving something like that $I$ think is just basically -- $I$ don't want to say anything against your business, Mr. Jamison, but I don't see, I don't see how it can't be an issue at some point, and for that reason I would like to make the motion to deny the application for moving this building.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Do we have a second? Miss Bche-Wiig seconds it. Unmute.

MS. BACHE-WIIG: I second the motion.

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24 to, this is to not approve the move. The motion was not
25 to approve the move.
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MR. CEBALLO: Pardon my interruption. Kara, is it possible for the addition and the site work to be done without the move?

MR. FULLERTON: Sure.
MS. KAUTZ: Yes, and they can also do the move without the addition and site work.

MR. CEBALLOS: So do we know if the applicant --

MS. SPAIN: I'm back to my question then. Is this, is your motion, John, just about the move, or is it about the whole application?

MR. FULLERTON: It's about the move. The application -- I mean the addition, I have no problem with.

MS. SPAIN: Okay. So I'm going to stick with the "no."

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay. So if you vote no, you agree to the move.

MS. SPAIN: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: If you vote yes, you do not agree to the move.

MS. SPAIN: No. I am agreeing to the move, I am agreeing to the move because $I$ am voting no.

MR. FULLERTON: Okay. That's confusing me.
MS. BACHE-WIIG: No. That's not what I --

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MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. The motion is not to move the property. If you say yes, you agree that you do not want to move the property. If you say no, you want to move the property. Is everybody clear on that? Okay, let's continue.
MR. EHRENHAFT: But it's not just the move.
It's also the entire --
MR. MENENDEZ: No. We're just talking about the move here.
MR. EHRENHAFT: I thought it was --
MS. ROLANDO: It's just the move.
MR. MENENDEZ: We're just talking about the move here.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: It's just the move. It's just --
MR. EHRENHAFT: Okay. I misunderstood because I thought we were told that it included the addition that had been provided.
MS. SPAIN: That's not what the motion is. The motion is to not move.
MR. FULLERTON: The motion is to, my motion is to deny the move of the house.
MR. EHRENHAFT: Okay.
MS. BACHE-WIIG: I second Mr. Fullerton's motion.
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THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Who is that,
Miss Bache-Wiig?

MS. BACHE-WIIG: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay, all
right. Mr. Rodriguez voted yes --
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Correct.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: -- that he did not want to move.

Miss Rolando voted no, that she agrees to the move.

Miss Spain voted no, that she approved, agrees to the move. Mr. Fullerton?

MR. FULLERTON: No -- I mean yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Yes, you do not approve the move. Okay? Miss Bache-Wiig?

MS. BACHE-WIIG: Yes, I do not approve the move.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay.
Mr. Durana?

MR. DURANA: Yes, I do not approve the move.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Garcia-Pons?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: Yes, I do not approve the move.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Ehrenhaft?

MR. EHRENHAFT: Yes, do not approve the move.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Menendez?
MR. MENENDEZ: Yes. I do not approve the move.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay. So we have seven yes's and two no's. The motion has passed. MR. GARCIA-PONS: Mr. Chairperson? MR. MENENDEZ: Yes. MR. GARCIA-PONS: Does anybody wish to make another motion? Because all we did was move to not move the building, which it seems like a really odd motion to have made.

So I don't know if anybody has another thought as to a motion that we can pass, or perhaps through the chair if the applicant wants to proffer another option.

MR. MENENDEZ: Well, right now, it's, we have denied the move, and now we've got to vote on the addition, correct?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: That's, I think the question is we have a certificate of appropriateness that we've cut into pieces, so I'm not sure --

MS. KAUTZ: We now leave the house exactly as it is.

MR. GIBB: We have the option to come back
with an addition to the house in its existing location then.

MS. KAUTZ: Yes.
MR. CEBALLOS: The way that it currently stands, the board has only decided in part about the relocation. They've denied the relocation.

I would suggest that we ask the applicant if the applicant would like for the board to consider the addition and site work in its current location.

If he chooses yes, then the board can take the item and basically vote on the COA in two separate parts.

If the applicant wishes to withdraw, does not want those items to be considered because it was all conditional on the residence, that's his choice.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Goldstein, what would you like to do?

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, the proposed addition, the additional bedroom and garage in its current, in the location we proposed, it would not make sense at this point without moving the home, so we can withdraw that part of the application.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. So you would like to regroup and come back?

MR. GOLDSTEIN: I guess. That's all I can

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1 do. Yes.

MR. MENENDEZ: All right.

MR. FULLERTON: I think, if I can make a quick statement, I think you have a lot of opportunity to do an addition to that home to the east -- to the west and to the north, so I wouldn't -- I really think something significant could be done with that house.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: That's what $I$ thought, that's what I thought when I bought the property, but I'm going to regroup and figure out how to proceed. I appreciate everyone's attention.

MR. FULLERTON: You've got 35 feet behind you to the east-west. That's a pretty good size space.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: But it's a like a "T." I didn't want to build a "T."

MR. FULLERTON: No, not a "T," not a "T.".

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay.
MR. FULLERTON: But anyway, that's for you and Mr. Gibb. Mr. Gibb is a very talented architect. I know he can help you do this.

MR. MENENDEZ: All right, Mr. Goldstein, thank you. We'll see you back soon.

MR. GOLDSTEIN: Great. Thank you.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay, okay. The next item up is Case File COA (SP) 2020-013, an application for the
issuance of a special certificate of appropriateness in accordance with Section 3-1104 (D) (2) of the City of Coral Gables zoning code for the public right of way adjacent to 244, 250, 272 and 290 Valencia Avenue, and 247 and 297

Almeria Avenue legally described as the west 265 feet of alley, Block Ten, Coral Gables Craft Section, according to the plat thereof as recorded in Plat Book Ten, Page 40, of the public records of Miami-Dade County, Florida.

The applicant is requesting recommendation of approval for an amendment to the city plan for the vacation of the alley. Kara?

MS. KAUTZ: Thank you. This is the location map of the alleyway in question. It is, like he said, the west 265 feet of the public right of way bisecting Block Ten between Salzedo and Ponce.

So this is the first amendment that we have to the city plan that's being requested. I don't have anything. Laura, Miss Russo, did not present a Power Point. I'm going to take this down. I believe she'll be walking you through your, what was provided to you in the packets.

We did want to note that this, each application for the amendment to the city plan will be on a case-by-case basis, so I wanted you to know that any approval that is given or consideration given to this item

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1 does not set a precedent for future applications, just to put that out there.

Laura, would you like to begin your presentation?

MS. RUSSO: Yes, thank you.
MS. KAUTZ: And we'll discuss it after.
MS. RUSSO: Thank you very much, Kara. Good evening, Mr. Chair, members of the board. For the record, Laura Russo with offices at 2334 Ponce de Leon Boulevard. I am here --

MS. KAUTZ: You need to be sworn in. I'm sorry.
(Thereupon, Ms. Russo was duly remotely sworn on oath.)
MS. RUSSO: I am here this evening
representing Brockway, Limited, and Brockway Valencia, Limited, who are the owners of Lots One through 12 and 35 through 46 that abut the alley in question. Block Ten is bounded on the north by Valencia Avenue, on the west by Salzedo, and on the south by Almeria Avenue.

For those of you very familiar with downtown Coral Gables, the area in question is the site of the Mercedes Benz parking lot. It currently holds some inventory and two small buildings.

The owners of the property are requesting that the alley from Salzedo eastward, 265 feet, be
vacated, and are offering a substitute access and utility easement of 35 feet in width that will run south to Almeria.

To give you a little background, we've been working with Hermes Diaz at public works and Paul Rodas and his department in submitting the substitute access easement which will be perpetual. We are doing this because we are in a contract with the City of Coral Gables and with a Hudena (phonetic) entity that is looking to substitute their acquisition of the old police station and take over this site and Mercedes would move to the old police station.

So this is in preparation for any development that might occur at that time. There is no current development that is being sought at this time, and the proposed amendment that was worked on by Miriam Ramos, city attorney, had conditions that would make the alley vacation be effective upon the presentation and approval of plans, site plan approval for development of the property.

And so I am happy to answer any question that I am able to answer, and you know, obviously this is done as a precursor for development of this west end of the block that is in the heart of the central business district, and so I, you know, respectfully request your

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    1 approval of this, of the alley vacation.
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    MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Are there anyone in the
    audience who would like to speak in favor of this case?
    Mr. Jimenez?
    MR. JIMENEZ: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Thank you
    very much. Joe Jimenez with Gulino Partners, offices at
    2 0 2 0 \text { Salzedo Street. As Miss Russo mentioned --}
    THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me. Have you
    been sworn, sir?
    MR. JIMENEZ: No.
    (Thereupon, Mr. Jimenez was duly remotely sworn on oath.
    MR. JIMENEZ: So I was just here. I know
    that there have been some questions about the fact that
    there is no site plan. As a future developer of this
    site, I'm here just to answer any questions. I just
    wanted to introduce myself to the board, but obviously we
    are in favor of the item.
    MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Anybody else who wants
    to speak in favor? Anyone who would, who would like to
    speak in opposition?
Okay. I'll open this up for discussion among the board members. Mr. Garcia-Pons, what do you think?
MR. GARCIA-PONS: Are you calling me? I don't have my hand raised, but when I do, you'll know.
MR. MENENDEZ: I wear glasses so I don't see
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very well.
MR. GARCIA-PONS: I do have a comment, and I think I understand, you know, the assemblage of the property probably makes it a little bit easier to develop.

My concern on this is, you know, there is a fabric inherent to the downtown area which includes the alleys. Services exist on those alleys which take the services away from the main streets.

By closing off this particular alley, we are perhaps not moving services that would be taken care of in the alleys to the main streets because it does say in the document that those services would be moved to the new property that they're going to give a perpetual easement to.

I would prefer to see that any of the services that would have happened in the alley actually be internalized to the building versus to be relocated onto the new perpetual easement.

But even larger than that, I have -- I'm probably fundamentally opposed to closing alleys in business districts. I think that changes, changes the character of those districts by allowing for an assembled property which thus allows for a larger building, but again, that is a personal opinion. I'm just sharing it with you.

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MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: No, I'm trying to find the mute button. I actually sat through the entire hour-and-a-half presentation at the planning and zoning board, and having heard what that discussion was, I have no objections to the recommendations of the staff.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Dona, what do you think
MS. SPAIN: I have no objections.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MS. SPAIN: And I also am fundametally against closing alleys, just so you know, but I think that in this case it makes sense.

MR. MENENDEZ: Miss Rolando?
MS. ROLANDO: Yes. I have a question for Laura. Are there any uses in Lots 15 through 19 of Block Ten that utilize that lobby -- excuse me, that alleyway?

MS. RUSSO: Miss Rolando, it's my -- well, it's not my understanding. We have confirmation that there is a sewer line that runs through the alley, a Coral Gables sewer line. There are utilities, so there is AT \& T, there is FPL, there is other utilities, all of which have agreed to the relocation to the easement.

So the properties that you are talking about would not be impacted because the utilities would be moved. In fact, some of the utilities would, in fact, be
upgraded,
But instead of the utilities continuing west throughout the alley, they would stop at the end of the east ten feet of Lot 11, all right. Where the substitute easement begins, the utilities would be cut off there and proceed south through the proposed perpetual access and utility easement.

MS. ROLANDO: Now, are there any of those buildings that will remain that use that alley for access to parking or loading at the rear of any of these buildings?

MS. RUSSO: Well, the lots in question which my client owns will not be impacted, and the balance of the lots will not be impacted either because we are not -we are leaving the alley.

So just to give you a little perspective, that block, Block Ten, has an alley on the lot immediately facing Ponce. At the end of the lots that face Ponce, there is a north-south alley, so that bisects the block from Valencia south to Almeria. Then there is an east-west block.

So by providing the substitute easement -- so we could not vacate and leave a dead end. We had to provide a way for the utilities to continue south and to provide both access and ingress and egress.

And so we had originally proposed 20 feet, and in working with public works, they then went to 30 feet, or I think 28 feet, and then they went to 35 feet. They wanted to be sure that any type of vehicle would have the maneuverability, which is why we are providing, unusual, but a much larger easement than the width of the alley that's being vacated.

MS. ROLANDO: So you have a turning radius then?

MS. RUSSO: Oh, more than, more than adequate turning radius, absolutely. We worked very closely, our engineers and public works, to come up with this, to come up with this width of the proposed easement, yes.

MS. ROLANDO: And the alley is one way?
MS. RUSSO: The alley right now I think is two ways --

MS. ROLANDO: Okay.
MS. RUSSO: -- both of them. I don't know that they necessarily function that way because when you try to go north-south, sometimes there are cars in the north-south behind some of the restaurants, but alleys are usually two ways unless labeled otherwise.

MS. ROLANDO: Okay. Thank you.
MS. RUSSO: You're welcome.
MS. KAUTZ: I don't think any of the city --

I could be wrong. I don't think any of the city alleys are labeled one direction or another.

MR. FULLERTON: I have a couple. I noticed on the planning and zoning board agenda or minutes -maybe it's not minutes -- the planning board recommended denial. Was that just because they didn't have a site plan to see how it was going to impact the building?

MS. RUSSO: Yes, that is correct. The number one consensus objection from the board members was that they didn't have a site plan.

Although the proposed ordinance requires a site plan before the alley vacation goes into effect and still allows the planning and zoning board to review the proposed project and go, and you know, provide input at that time, it just didn't seem to register.

MR. FULLERTON: Is there a building on Lot 34 now which is where the turning radius would most likely strike a building if a large truck was in there?

MS. RUSSO: There is currently a small one story building on Lot 34 , which is why the public works department insisted that we not just give them 20 feet or 25 feet, but went to the full 35, because they wanted any truck to be able to circumvent that building.

MR. FULLERTON: Okay.
MS. RUSSO: So that was taken into

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1 consideration by the city public works staff and director.

MR. FULLERTON: Thanks, Laura.

MS. RUSSO: You're welcome.

MR. MENENDEZ: Any other discussion? Okay. Would somebody like to make a motion?

MS. KAUTZ: I just want to clarify for the board before you do that, that you are not, you are not approving a certificate of appropriateness. You are recommending to the city commission that they issue the certificate of appropriateness. All amendments to the city plan through a certificate of appropriateness will be issued by the commission.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.

MS. SPAIN: I'll move it.

MR. FULLERTON: I'll second.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Fullerton seconds it.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Just for clarification, we're approving the recommendation of the staff?

MS. SPAIN: Yes.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay.

MS. SPAIN: Sorry, good call.
(Reporter clarification.)

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr.

Garcia-Pons? Hello?

MR. GARCIA-PONS: No.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: My connection

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went. Mr. Ehrenhaft?
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MR. EHRENHAFT: Yes.
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Bruce, you're muted.
MR. EHRENHAFT: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss Spain?
MS. KAUTZ: Dona, that was you.
MS. SPAIN: Sorry. Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss Rolando?
MS. ROLANDO: Yes.
MS. KAUTZ: You're muted, Nancy. Nancy, you're muted. Let me finish. Hold on.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: I lost everybody again.

MS. KAUTZ: You're back.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes. Did you call my name?
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes. I support the motion.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay.
Mr. Fullerton?
MR. FULLERTON: Yes, yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Is that a yes?
MR. FULLERTON: Yes, yes.

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THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Fullerton? MR. FULLERTON: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay.
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Mr. Durana?
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Mr. Durana?
MR. DURANA: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Durana?
MR. DURANA: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Menendez?
MR. MENENDEZ: Yes.
MS. KAUTZ: Motion passes. Thank you.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay.
MS. BACHE-WIIG: I'm sorry. I didn't hear my name called, but I vote yes.
MS. KAUTZ: I wrote you down as yes. I think it was called.
MS. BACHE-WIIG: Okay.
MS. RUSSO: Thank you all very much, much appreciated.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay, okay. We have a
standard certificate of appropriateness, Case File COA (SP) 2018-154, revised, an application for revision to a previously issued standard of, standard certificate of appropriateness for the building located within the University of Miami main campus, Frost School of Music, referred to as the Arnold Volpe Music Building located at

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5489 San Amaro Drive, legally described as all of the Arnold Volpe Music Building as now existing, laid out and in use, the same being a portion of Tract One of the amended plat portion of main campus, University of Miami, according to the plat thereof as recorded in Plat Book 46 at Page 81 of the public records of Dade County, now Miami-Dade County, Florida.

The application requested design approval for window and door replacement. The revision requests design approval for the as-built windows and doors.

MS. KAUTZ: Thank you.
MS. SPAIN: Okay. Before we get started, I think I need to recuse myself because I did the final inspection on these windows and rejected it, so.

MS. KAUTZ: Okay.
MS. SPAIN: I don't know what to do about that. I'm going to mute myself and --

MS. KAUTZ: I think as long as your camera is off and you're muted, you're fine. Gus, is that all right?

MR. CEBALLOS: That's fine.
MS. KAUTZ: Okay, perfect. So this is the location map of the Volpe building on the university campus, and these were photos, these were images that we had from when this came to you in 2018. It was permitted

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1 in 1954, architect is Robert M. Little. The University of 2 Miami owns it.

The top photo is shortly after construction. The bottom photo was how it was previous to the window replacement in 2018. Original permit drawings on the top and the elevation below.

So this is what was approved. It was a storefront, storefront system that was intended to mimic the original which was wood frame. You can see that the louvers installed here were being returned and either restored or replicated, and then this is what's installed.

And so the reason why we're bringing this to you and the reason why the inspection was rejected is because the installation was intended to be an entire assemblage. That's how it was presented to the board, and what, in fact, exists now is a storefront unit of windows and then a door assemblage which changes the bulk of the assembly, so this is the reason why we're bringing it back to you.

These are additional photos. I'm going to stop my screen share and allow the architect -- the university is on the line as is the architect.

Nancy, you need to make Chisholm Architects a co-host so they can share their screen, and I'll turn it over to the university.

MR. VALE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, esteemed members of the board. Good afternoon, Robert Vale is my name.

THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me, excuse me. Have you been sworn in, sir?

MR. MENENDEZ: I have not.
(Thereupon, Mr. Vale was duly remotely sworn on oath.)
MS. KAUTZ: There should be a few people probably that are from --

MR. VALE: We also have Mr. Matthew Pollack and Ricardo Herran present. They should be sworn in as well.

Thereupon, Mr. Herran and Mr. Pollack were duly remotely sworn on oath.)

MR. MENENDEZ: Go ahead, Mr. Vale.
MR. VALE: Thank you. Again, Robert Vale, assistant general counsel for the university. 1320 South Dixie Highway is my address. I'll make a brief introduction and then turn this over to Mr. Matthew Pollack, the engineer with Chisholm for the project will make a presentation. As I mentioned, Ricardo Herran of the university's planning department is also present.

As Mrs. Kautz mentioned, we're here today as a continuation of our conversation with the board regarding Arnold Volpe Music Building that we started with

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1 the board back in 2018.

At that time we came before the board voluntarily and as stewards of the university historically significant resources on its campus to designate the building as historic, and then since the historic designation, we've been working with city staff to finish out our ability to harden and fortify the window openings of this building.

And in 2019, we received design approval and a certificate of appropriateness was issued for the replacement of the windows and doors along the southwestern-facing storefront of the building, and this project consists of two main components, the first being the replacement of the hurricane-resistant windows and doors, and the second part consisting of the exterior louvers that are an important characteristic of the original design.

At this time we've completed the first phase of the installation of the windows and doors, and the as-builts reflect a slight deviation from the approved plans in the area of the window area above the doors because of NOA specifications.

So therefore, we're here requesting approval of the as-built windows and doors before we move to intall the louvers in accordance with the originally-issued
certificate of appropriateness.
I'm an attorney, not an architect. I'm going to turn this over to Mr. Pollack who can make a more detailed presentation on the technical details of the project.

Thank you for your time, and we look forward to your favorable vote.

MS. KAUTZ: You should have the ability to share your screen.

MR. POLLACK: I will. Good evening. I'm Matt Pollack. I'm the architect. I'm president of Chisholm Architects. I just wanted to go through a brief description of the project, just to kind of refresh your memories of the board members that were present back in 2018 and for any new board members that weren't here.

Let me turn my screen on now, so if everyone can see that. Let me just reduce my screen here. Okay.

As everyone remembers, we came back -- we came in front of the board in 2018 to work with the board, and as counsel had mentioned, we had done two, several improvements to the exterior of the building.

The first, the first phase was on the northeast side where we replaced the casement windows with fixed windows and then mimicked the casement windows, and then we came back later and did the northwest quadrant

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1 which is what you see in the rendering now, and that was
    in working with, working with that.

This again is just a site plan. I think
we're all aware of where the building is located. This was the rendering that we had done as part of the original, the original submission that basically showed the original storefront system was actually made out of wood with aluminum -- it had wood with aluminum, with aluminum window, with aluminum window -- wood frames, I'm sorry, and then it had wood jalousies and aluminum frames with solid core wood doors.

Over the course of 40 or 50 years, the jalousie louvers were eventually covered over with exterior boards and the building lost all of its, all of its character.

So as we prepared our drawings for permit, the original intent was, as you see on the top of the building, which pretty much we're sticking with the intent that we had. As you recall when we were here in front of the board two years ago, we changed the material from wood to aluminum, and the reason we did that was, one, the NOA for the aluminum window was available.

We were -- it was also, it provided a more slender profile for the window frames, and it also allowed us an opportunity to inset the louver system which we
presented to the board at that time as well.
So what -- here are some renderings that we did to sort of show the intent of what, of what we were, what we had in the beginning as far as the orignial louver elevation, and then what we presented to the board at that time, and as you can see, the slenderness of the vertical and horizontal elements was maintained. We maintained the curve.

We made a change in the storefront door. We went with a French-style door in lieu of the solid panel door, but it all kept the essence of the system.

Eventually this is what was built. At the top is still what was approved.

And on the bottom what occurred is that during the shop drawing process by the delegated engineer, the NOA for the door and the window above the door did not have an NOA approval in the configuration that we had presented, that we had presented to the board, and because of that, what occurred is that the frame of the window which is not visible to the exterior of the building was flipped, and it creates not only a slightly different appearance in the window frame itself, but it's also pushed forward an inch or two from the windows in the back.

Again, this is an indication of that

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1 condition there showing the wider window, the wider window above the door.

We went ahead and just added in the detail, and I don't know if you guys can see the little hand or not on the screen, but what's occurring is that in this section here above the window and door, we have the frame and the thicker part of the frame is facing the exterior of the building, whereas the typical details for the balance of the storefront system, the thicker frame is actually on the interior of the building.

By doing this detail, we were able to keep the slenderness of the system, and be able to keep the slenderness of the system, and also fit the louver system in, in between the frame, the frame of the storefront system, so it was very consistent with the original, the original design intent.

These are just the overall floor plans. Most of the spaces here are being used.

These are instructional space. It's a music building so there's -- and some of the spaces, they're using it as classrooms. Other spaces, it's used for rehearsal and a combination of the two.

Again, these were photographs that Kara had actually shared and some that Ricardo had shared with us to get an idea of what the building looked like back in

1954, again, the pictures of prior to the renovation, and then these are the updated photographs of the storefront system.

And as you can see in this area here, because of the flipping, the flipping of the system, we had an \(I\) think somewhat noticeable change in thickness and scale and in the framing of the storefront system. Part of this is just a result of the engineering required in order to meet the window requirements as well as the NOA requirements or a combination of both of those items. So with that, we're open to questions.

MR. MENENDEZ: Kara, has this been approved, or not? This is not what we approved two years ago.

MS. KAUTZ: Sorry. What is installed is not what you approved.

MR. MENENDEZ: Why wasn't it caught? I mean, there's a shop, there's a shop drawing process and approval process. It wasn't caught there?

MS. KAUTZ: From what I remember, the shop drawings showed what was approved by you all. There was no modification in the shop drawings that would have led us to believe they were different than what you all approved.

MR. MENENDEZ: So why are we here then? You know, we approve something and now we're here to approve

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1 something that we didn't, that we didn't approve.

MS. KAUTZ: Because we did the final
inspection and we didn't sign off on it because it didn't match, so they are pending a final inspection from us.

MR. MENENDEZ: You know, I just don't get it because if we approve something, it's got to be done the way that, you know, we approved it. It was submitted that way and it was approved that way, so why, why wasn't it built that way?

MS. KAUTZ: That's not a question for me.
MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Pollack?
MR. POLLACK: What \(I\) wanted to say is that during, during the, during the process here, and I believe the university can also step in on this, is that it went through the shop drawing process, and I believe the shop drawings were submitted to, to the city to go through the routing through the city.

Simultaneous to that, the contractor was in the process of construction. Because of the, you know, window of opportunity that there's, they basically started the first week of May and they had to be out by the second week of August, so there was a fast track on that system.

I believe the shop drawings that were submitted -- I don't know if those shop drawings were ever approved -- did indicate the change in the storefront
system due to the NOA issue.
MS. KAUTZ: I can ask ElizaBeth to see if she can \(\log\) on to it. I'm on a different computer right now. I can see if they were approved if you want to wait, you want to hang on.

MR. POLLACK: Kara, I think -- I don't think -- they may or may not have been approved, but \(I\) do know that it got to you late in the process, if it got to you at all, that's for sure.

MR. MENENDEZ: If they weren't approved, why was it built that way? I mean, that's why we have an approval process.

MR. POLLACK: Again, again, that sort of not -- it puts me in a difficult situation, but the reality of it is, is that because of the university time frames for construction and the need to hurricane-harden the building, they fast tracked, they fast tracked, they fast tracked the construction and the fabrication and the fabrication of that information, you know, of the shop drawing information. They were working simultaneously at the same time they were in the process of construction.

MR. MENENDEZ: No, I understand that. It's really not an excuse though, and the way that, the way that it was submitted and the way that we approved it is much cleaner, as far as I'm concerned.

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MR. POLLACK: We don't disagree, we don't disagree with that assertion, and I don't -- it was not, I don't think, the intent of anybody, certainly of our office or the university or the contractor to not, to not do that.

I think what it became an issue of is simply being able to get an NOA that will meet the requirement. One of the primary missions of the process was, moving forward, was that the key element to this whole renovation was to hurricane-harden the building, so that's I think why we have this situation with the window and the door frame, the reality, the reality of it being what it is.

MR. GARCIA-PONS: Albert, I believe Mr. Herran has his hand raised.

MR. MENENDEZ: Go ahead, Mr. Herran.
MR. HERRAN: I was just going to say that the shop drawings were indeed submitted with the change to the window and the door. I think there was a slight issue in terms of the routing and then there was delay in terms of the approval, but the shop drawings did make it to the city with the revision.

They were rejected based on the comment they didn't match what was originally approved at the board level.

As Matt was mentioning, the university did
have a very small window for installation. We only have the opportunity to install when the students are out in the summer, and that's why there was some, a bit of miscommunication in terms of the installation and the change.

We are -- we do want to ensure the city that the university is making changes internally to make sure that this does not happen again and that we are instituting a process much like we have with the university's architect's office where they have to stamp any historic building before it goes to the board of architects, so we're instituting a similar process to ensure that that doesn't happen on our end again.

We want to make sure that there was, that you understand there was no ill will on our part. It was just a lack of timing and a bit of miscommunication.

MR. MENENDEZ: Well, there are ways of hardening a building temporarily while this thing is getting straightened out. You know, I just feel that the solution that you had, the original solution, the ones that we approved was the correct one. It was much cleaner.

And \(I\) just get frustrated in that this isn't the first time, not with the university, but with other projects, that a project will come back to us after we

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1 have approved it to approve it after the fact because it 2 was built incorrectly.

So it's frustrating on our end when we take all this time to review things, to study things, to comment on things and vote on things, and then things aren't done as we had accorded.

So does anybody else have any any comments on

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MS. KAUTZ: I wanted to say Ricardo was correct. My memory, my memory was wrong. It wasn't the final inspection that we rejected it. It was the shop drawings that we rejected which caused us to go visit the site to go see what was installed. He was absolutely right. That was my bad, so.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Miss Rolando?
MR. FULLERTON: Just a question: The fact that you changed it from what was proposed was because of the NOA, a problem with the NOA on the transom, or something else?

MR. POLLACK: What occurred is during the shop, during the -- when the delegate engineer was preparing the shop drawings for the subcontractor, he came back and said that, that the system -- you know, the reason we selected this system is because it allowed us to flip the storefront system 180 degrees and still have the

NOA and still, and be able to put the louver into the window.

And when they did the engineering on that, they came back and said, "Well, we have a problem because the door, the door doesn't have an NOA with that configuration."

Now, I don't know, I don't know if they tested it and they didn't pass it, they didn't do it, or they never tested it.

My guess is that probably where they probably have the issue is probably on the water intrusion side of that at the threshold, and probably with, in the way we had configured it, the door had to swing out for life safety reasons, and the window had to be flipped the other way, so I think that was one issue.

And I think probably the other issue is that the vertical support between the storefront system and the door itself is probably going to have to be beefed up no matter what simply because of what you need in order to meet the wind load on that, on that system.

So I think there was a combination of items there. I think there's a question of, you know, of time, and then a question of engineering, and then a question of testing probably, all contributed to this, to the situation we're in right now.

MR. FULLERTON: Well, when you turn the whole glazing system around like that, obviously the door cannot be turned around because it has to swing out because of wind requirements and water intrusion, so you couldn't change the door configuration or the framing of it, so that's where you ran into problems and had to make a change.

I think switching the light glazing configuration around is not a problem because, well, visually not a problem because you can recess the louvers into the frame nicer in a better way. I agree with that, I agree with that. I just, I don't understand how you could have dropped the ball on the NOA part of it and not come up with a solution that worked out.

MR. POLLACK: Because we weren't aware that the window above, the manufacturer didn't make us aware that the window above the door couldn't be flipped. That had to be in the same, that had to be in flush with, with the door, that the door swinging out because it hadn't been tested in that configure -- everything else had been tested in the configuration that we have except the window over the door.

MR. FULLERTON: So the window and the door are a single element?

MR. POLLACK: I suppose that that's probably
how that, how that was tested, but remember, that storefront system doesn't necessarily always have to have a door. The glazing system could be tested either way and always passed, but the door with the transom above it, it was either, it was either not tested in the configuration that we thought it could be put in, which was door swinging out, window flipped the other way, or it didn't pass. That, I don't know.

MR. FULLERTON: Is the transom fixed glass
like the rest of it?
MR. POLLACK: Yes, yes.
MR. FULLERTON: I don't understand why the transom --

MR. POLLACK: If you look at the picture, there's a little lip on there.

MR. FULLERTON: Yeah. I don't understand why the transom configuration would vary from the other transom glass that's on the rest of the storefront, but that's not for me to say. I just thought it's an odd, odd situation, and I've put doors in storefront windows and glazing before and never had a problem with the transom glass.

MR. POLLACK: And I think it's just a question of the test, of what was tested by NOA and what didn't. That's, you know, my thoughts on that.

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MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Garcia-Pons?
MR. GARCIA-PONS: Thank you. I actually had the same questions that Mr. Fuller had, so I'm probably going to defer to the 2018 ruling, but is there a possibility, maybe Mr. Pollack can think about a retrofit of the existing structure, is there a possibility maybe, Mr. Herran, of that transom window is the one that also is the one that bothers me the most, if there could be a retrofit of just that panel to make it more like the other windows above, I think that the positioning of the door with the positioning of the louvers will make it fine because they're all going to be pressed up against the front line, but that top window is the one that's going to be out of place.

So you know, again, I'm going to vote in deference to the 2018, but I would, I'd be very amenable if the transom of that door panel could be moved, I'd be happy to vote for that as well.

MR. MENENDEZ: Miss Rolando?
MS. ROLANDO: Yes. Can you tell me what's going on with the louvers? Are you holding off on installing them pending a decision here? I couldn't -I'm not clear what you're doing with the louvers.

And by the way, to me what's installed looks so clunky, I think it should have popped out pretty
quickly that there was an issue, especially when what was designed was pretty elegant.

MR. POLLACK: I want to defer to Ricardo on the status of the louver system. Where we had left it off before the pandemic was that they were in the process of working with someone that manufactured the louvers in the material which would come from I believe --

MR. HERRAN: Germany.
MR. POLLACK: -- Germany, and I believe that then with COVID-19 and everything, everything has sort of been put on hold so we haven't really been too involved in the louver situation.

I would say this, and you know, I think once the louvers are put in, that will change the overall appearance of the system and perhaps not be -- well, it certainly won't have that heavy look, which \(I\) agree you have that at the door and over the window. A part of that is just a function of the engineering that is needed, and then part of that is the function of the fact that we couldn't flip that window.

So I don't know if it would make more sense, and Ricardo, I defer to you, if we were to come back, you know, defer and come back once we have a louver designed that is acceptable to staff so we can take a look at that to make the system look, to get the system to look as
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1 close as it can to what was originally approved back in

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I don't know if I'm frozen or if everyone else is frozen.
MS. ROLANDO: Are the louvers being applied to the exterior?
MR. POLLACK: What's happening is that the louver system, what we're manufacturing is a, is, it's going to be -- the louvers that were originally there were operable jalousies.
MS. ROLANDO: Right.
MR. POLLACK: But instead of having them glass, they had wood, and there was no glass behind those jalousies. There was just a screen.
And so when we were at the board two years ago, we designed a fixed louver with a wood -- actually it's not a wood. It's like a, it's wood, but it's a processed wood so that it is very durable, and they were in the process of building mock-ups in order to --
MS. ROLANDO: Okay.
MR. POLLACK: -- insert that go inside glass so it will really, it will mimic the original intent of the building but have a hurricane, a piece of hurricane glass, excuse me, behind it.
So that's what, that's what we were -- you
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know, that's the next phase which would be like Phase Two A of this or Two B of this project, is to get those, you know, mock-ups made, hopefully get it approved, and then get it fabricated and, fabricated and installed. The installation of those is not something that is necessarily has to wait until the summer simply because it's not very --

MS. ROLANDO: It's not disruptive.
MR. POLLACK: It will be just decorative at this point.

MR. HERRAN: Right, and this is Ricardo again, everybody, and if I may, when we received the approval for the certificate of appropriateness last year in 2019, in January, the directive from the board was to move forward but to work with city staff on the detailing of the louvers, so that's currently where we are now, and that's kind of been put on hold because we wanted to make sure that we came back to you to review this change before we move forward.

MR. MENENDEZ: Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: I have no comment.
MR. DURANA: Mr. Durana?
MR. DURANA: I'm kind of the opinion that I'd like to see the louvers before we make a decision.

I mean, you know, being a contractor, I

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1 understand that, you know, these impact windows, there's
limited NOAs, you know, with the design.

I mean, you can't -- it's not like you can get a craftsman to design this and build it and custom make it the way you want. I mean, they have to have a certain NOA to be approved.

So I understand kind of, you know, what happened there above the door. It's unfortunate, but I kind of understand, but $I$ would like to see it with the louvers, you know, to kind of see the overall, you know, aesthetic and see how it compares, you know, to what the proposed elevation was, you know, before we make a decision.

MR. MENENDEZ: Miss Bache-Wiig?
MS. BACH-WIIG: I agree with Mr. Durana. I would like to see a sample. I think it would be helpful to inform, you know, the board.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Ehrenhaft? You need. You need to unmute yourself.

MR. EHRENHAFT: The discussion about the louvers making the odd window somehow more acceptable esthetically makes no sense to me. The louvers are all below that and the transom windows all remain exposed, irregardless.

I'd like to know, since they're not sure, how
the window configuration with the door was tested, I'd like to know whether they can do a retrofit where the window is either redesigned so that it has the same profile as the remaining windows that are already installed, or whether the one that was flipped can somehow be put in the position that was originally contemplated.

So that's, that's all I've got to say, you know, with respect to observations of the city.

MR. MENENDEZ. Okay. Any other comments?
MR. FULLERTON: I'd like to just say one more comment real quickly.

The louvers to me are just an embellishment.
I think they're going to be, I think they'll be better than the original submittal in that they will be sunken back into the storefront between the, between the outstanding aluminum verticals.

The only problem I have is that window above the door, and like Bruce said, I think that's the only thing I wouldn't -- I'd approve it if they can do something with that transom.

And other than that, $I$ think we might be swatting at, you know, mosquitoes. I think it's not that terrible. Anyway, I would say, if we could do it with -they could do something about that transom window and just look for an option to move it to the back side in line and
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1 flush with the, with the transom window glass in that same assembly.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Does someone want to put a motion out?
MR. VALE: May I make a comment?
MR. MENENDEZ: Go ahead, Mr. Vale.
MR. VALE: I think in light of the comments, in light of the comments that we've been receiving, I think that unfortunately $I$ don't have the ability to concur with my colleague, Ricardo, but I see -- okay.
I think what we'd like do at this point is to defer this item and to come back. We appreciate your comments very much, and we will look into alternatives that will be acceptable.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Kara?
MS. KAUTZ: That's fine with me. You all need to make a motion to defer the item.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.
MR. FULLERTON: So moved.
MS. KAUTZ: Who was that?
MR. FULLERTON: Fullerton.
MR. MENENDEZ: Do we have a second?
MR. GARCIA-PONS: I'll second it.
MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Mr. Garcia-Pons
seconded it. Can we have a vote? And the vote is to, the
vote is to defer?
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Durana?
MR. DURANA: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Ehrenhaft?
MR. EHRENHAFT: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Ehrenhaft?
MR. EHRENHAFT: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Menendez?
MR. MENENDEZ: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Did somebody
answer? Mr. Rodriguez?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss Rolando?
MS. ROLANDO: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr. Fullerton?
MR. FULLERTON: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Miss
Bache-Wiig?
MS. BACHE-WIIG: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Mr.
Garcia-Pons?
MR. GARCIA-PONS: Yes.
THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Did you say
yes?
MR. GARCIA-PONS: Yes.

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THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT: Okay, all
right, and Miss Spain was had recused herself.
MR. FULLERTON: Yes.

MS. KAUTZ: Not sure. Let me text her and tell her to come. Thank you. The motion is deferred -the item is deferred.

MR. MENENDEZ: Thank you, Mr. Vale, Mr. Pollack, Mr. Herran.

MR. VALE: Thank you.
MS. KAUTZ: Thank you. She should be joining

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay. Kara, any board items, city commission, city project update?

MS. KAUTZ: Now that -- Cesar had requested an update about the $S$ tile versus the true barrel tile discussion that you all had at the last meeting, and I don't know if Gus has anything to update. He wasn't there, but Christina has been --

MR. CEBALLOS: It was scheduled for November 4th, so we can provide an update on the next meeting.

MS. KAUTZ: Right. We're having a meeting with the city attorney's office then.

MR. MENENDEZ: Okay.

MS. KAUTZ: Other than that, I don't have anything for you all except for to let you know that the
week, next week, on the 28th, $29 t h$ and 30 , the National Historic Preservation conference that was intended to be held here in Miami has been, has gone all on a virtual platform, so you can sign up for specific days if you want to join in and listen to any of the conference dates that are there.

Their calendar or schedule of events is on line. Just look up National Trust Conference 2020. They have some really great speaker if you want to, if any of you have a couple of hours you want to, you know, drop in.

MR. GARCIA-PONS: If you don't mind, can you send us a link to that please?

MS. KAUTZ: Sure, I absolutely will, appreciate it.

And then the other thing I think just occurred to me, the Fink studio, the bid for the contractor for the renovation and restoration of the Fink studio was approved by the city commission at the last meeting, so hopefully that would be that will be underway by the end of this year, so that's exciting.

MS. SPAIN: Nice, really nice. I keep driving by and looking at it.

MS. SPAIN: Yes. It will be great, really excited. That's all I have.

MR. MENENDEZ: All right. Motion to adjourn?

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MR. FULLERTON: Yes.
MR. MENENDEZ: Second?
MR. RODRIGUEZ: Second.
MR. MENENDEZ: All right. We're adjourned.
(Thereupon, the meeting was concluded at 6:55 p.m.)
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                CERTIFICATE
    STATE OF FLORIDA)
    COUNTY OF DADE)
    I, DOREEN M. STRAUSS, do here by certify that the foregoing pages, numbered from 1 to including 123, represent a true and accurate transcription of the record of the remote proceedings in the above-mentioned case.

WITNESS my hand in the City of Miami this 16th day of November, 2020.

## Breenetraus

Doreen M. Strauss



